

# INSTRUCTION MANUAL

# Weighing Indicator

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1WMPD4002801A



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## 1. Compliance

### 1.1.1. Compliance with FCC Rules

Please note that this equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy. This equipment has been tested and has been found to comply with the limits of a Class A computing device pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC rules. These rules are designed to provide reasonable protection against interference when this equipment is operated in a commercial environment. If this unit is operated in a residential area it may cause some interference and under these circumstances the user would be required to take, at his own expense, whatever measures are necessary to eliminate the interference.

(FCC = Federal Communications Commission in the U.S.A.)

### 1.1.2. Compliance with European Directive

- **CE** This appliance complies with the statutory EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility) directive 2004/108/EC and the Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC for safety of electrical equipment designed for certain voltages.
- Note: The displayed value may be adversely affected under extreme electromagnetic influences.

## 2. Introduction

- The AD-4329A is a compact weighing indicator that amplifies the signal from a load cell, converts it to digital data and displays it as a mass value.
- This indicator has the following performance:
- □ There are the following standard functions:
  - □ The upper/lower limit comparison to check a mass value.
  - □ The setpoint comparison for batching applications.
  - The accumulation function to totalize these mass values and to count the number of accumulations.
- □ There are the following standard interfaces:
  - The standard serial output for a printer.
  - The RS-232C serial interface to communicate with a computer.
     This interface can request weighing data, enter parameters and control the state of the indicator.
- □ The calibration function includes the following functions:
  - □ Setting of the minimum division (weighing interval) and the maximum capacity.
  - □ Zero and span calibration.
  - □ The weighing range function of the multi-interval weighing instrument (scale).
  - Digital linearization function.
  - Gravity compensation function.
- □ There are seven external input terminals controlled by the F function.
- The option OP-02 has three output relays used for the upper/lower limit comparison and setpoint comparison.

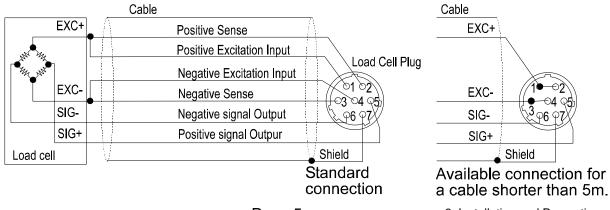
## 3. Installation and Precautions

### 3.1.1. Installation and Precautions

- □ The AD-4329A weighing indicator is a precision electronic instrument. Handle the indicator carefully.
- □ The operating temperature is  $-10^{\circ}$  to  $+40^{\circ}$  (14°F to  $104^{\circ}$ F).
- Do not install the scale in direct sunlight.
- Misoperation or other problems may be caused by an unstable power source including momentary power failrue or instantaneous noise. Use a stable power source.
- $\triangle$  Do not connect the power cord before the installation is finished.
- ▲ □ Please confirm that the local voltage and receptacle type are correct for your scale. The Operate/Standby key ( key) can not cut the power. The load cell and the internal circuit are supplied with power in the standby state.
  - Use shielded cable for all connections. Connect the cable shields to the shield terminal or case as an earth terminal.
  - Earth ground the indicator. Do not join the earth ground line with other electric power equipment. There is an earth ground terminal at the power cord receptacle.
  - Do not install the scale in a place where it is apt to be charged with static electricity, or where the relative humidity is lower than 45%RH. Plastic and isolators are apt to be charged with static electricity.

## 3.1.2. The Load Cell Connections

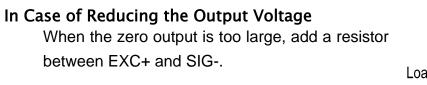
- Connect the load cell wires to the connector (receptacle), at the rear panel, using the accessory load cell plug.
- It is possible to connect a 4 wire cable that 1pin-2pin and 3pin-4pin are shorted, if the distance between the indicator and a load cell is shorter than 5m.
- The output voltage of a load cell is a very sensitive signal. Space the load cell cable away from any noise source.
- It is possible to connect eight 350Ω load cells.
   The load cell drive is 5VDC ± 5% between EXC+ and EXC-, the maximum current 120mA.



3. Installation and Precaution

## 3.1.3. Adjustment of the Load Cell Output

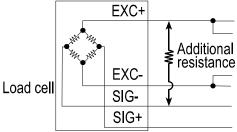
Caution Use a metal film resistor in the range of 50kΩ to 500kΩ with a good temperature coefficient, when adding a resistor to adjust a load cell output. Use as a large resistance value as possible in the range in which zero adjustment is possible. Solder this resistor at a point near the load cell or the indicator.

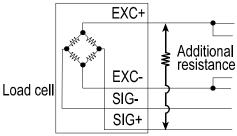


In Case of Adding an Offset Voltage to the Output

between EXC+ and SIG+.

When the zero output is too small, add a resistor





## 3.1.4. Verifying Load Cell Output and Input Sensitivity

The input sensitivity of the indicator is  $0.15 \mu V$ /division or more. Adapt to the following inequality, when you design a weighing instrument using the indicator and load cell(s).

- Caution D A change in input voltage sensitivity is equivalent to a one division change of the display. Select as large an input voltage sensitivity voltage as possible so that the weighing interval becomes stable.
  - Consider the leverage if a lever is used.

Weighing instrument using one load cell.	$0.15 \le \frac{E * B * D}{A}$	A: Rated capacity of load cell [kg] B: Rated output [mV/V] D: Weighing interval [kg]
Weighing instrument using multi-load cell	$0.15 \le \frac{E * B * D}{A * N}$	E: Excitation voltage [mV] N:Number of load cells

#### Verification Example

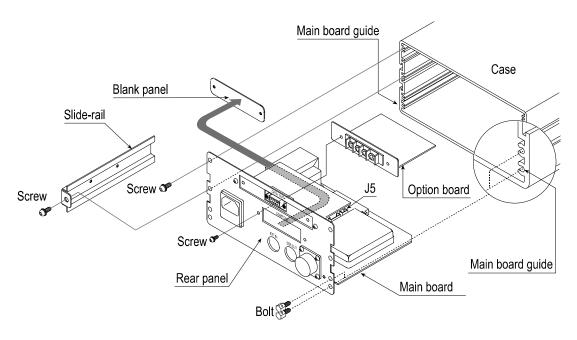
Design: Load cell Rated capacity Rated output Excitation voltage Weighing interval Weighing capacity	N=1 A=750 [kg] B=3 [mV/V] E=5000 [mV] D=0.05 [kg] 300 [kg]	$\frac{5000*3*0.05}{750} = 1 \ge 0.15$ . Therefore, regard the instrument as a good design.
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## 3.1.5. Installing the Option Board

#### Caution **D** not remove screws without the following steps.

This is a procedure for the relay output board (OP-02).

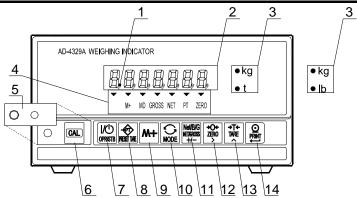
- Step 1 Remove the power cord and other cables from the indicator.
- Step 2 Remove four screws and four bolts from the rear panel.
- Step 3 Remove two slide-rails, one on each sides.
- Step 4 Pull the rear panel and main board from the case. Then the connector between the main board and the display board may be disconnected smoothly.
- Step 5 Remove two screws and the small blank panel from the rear panel.
- Step 6 Attach the option board using two screws.
- Step 7 Connect the option cable connector to J5 on the main board.
- Step 8 Insert the main board into the both main board guides and insert it as before. Then the connector between the main board and the display board is re-connected. If the rear panel will not close completely, retry step 8 to insert the main board correctly.
- Step 9 Attach both slide-rails. Fix the rear panel using four screws and four bolts as before.



★ 4.

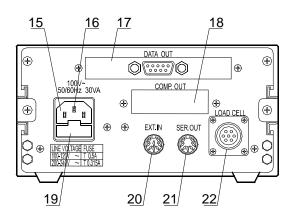
# Description of Panels and symbols

## 4.1.1. Front Panel Description



No.	Name	Description		
1	Standby indicator	The indicator lights at the standby state. This state means		
1	Standby indicator	connecting the power cord and turning the display off.		
2	Data display	Weighing data is displayed.		
3	Weighing unit	A unit selected in the CF functions.		
		The 🔻 marks indicate kind of data and weighing state.		
		M+ It lights when there is accumulation data.		
		It is blinking when displaying accumulation data.		
		MD The motion detection mark.		
4	State indicator	It lights when motion is detected.		
4	State mulcator	It turns off while data is stabilized.		
		GROSS It lights when displaying gross data.		
		NET It lights when displaying net data.		
		PT It lights while entering a preset tare parameter.		
		ZERO It lights when displaying zero.		
5	CAL cover	Calibration protection cover.		
6	CAL kov	Calibration key. The key to adjust the scale so that mass		
		value is displayed correctly and to enter the CF functions.		
7	Operate/Standby key	The key to turn the display on or off.		
8	Preset tare key	The key to enter preset tare setting mode.		
9	M+ (Accumulation) key	The key for the accumulation function.		
3		Refer to "8. Accumulation", CF11, F4 and F5.		
10	Mode key	The key for the accumulation function and calibration.		
10		The key to select a unit of lb or kg.		
11	Net/Gross key	The key to select net or gross.		
+/- key		The key to set the polarity of data while in the setting mode.		
12	Zero key	The key to zero a current display.		
12	> key	The key to select a figure while in the setting mode.		
13	Tare key	The key to perform tare.		
	∧ key	The key to select a value while in the setting mode.		
14	Print key	The key to output data.		
	Enter key, ← key The key to store current data while in the setting mode.			

## 4.1.2. Rear Panel Description



No.	Name	Description
15 Power connector		Use accessory power cord. Please Confirm that the local voltage and receptacle type are correct for your scale.
16	Grounding terminal	
17	RS-232C interface	Refer to "12. RS-232C Interface" for the detail.
18	Blank panel	Option space ( for relay output).
19	Fuse holder	Use 0.5A time lag fuse for AC100V to AC120V. Use 0.315A time lag fuse for AC200V to AC240V.
20	External input	Seven control inputs selected function by the F functions. Refer to F10 to 16.
21	Serial output	Printer port. Refer to "11. Standard Serial Data Output" for the details.
22	Load cell connector	Connect accessory load cell plug.

## 4.1.3. Other Displays and Symbols

•	Standby display.
	Zero error when turning display on. If the MODE key is pressed, a current weighing value may be displayed.
Blank Decimal point	Over load display. Remove any load from the load cell immediately. It may cause damage to the indicator.
Err 12	Example of an error display.

## 4.1.4. Accessories and Option OP-02

	Instruction manual	1	
	Load cell plug	1	JM-NJC-207-PF
	Power cord	(1)	
Accessories	7pin Din connector	1	JA-TCP0576
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	8pin Din connector	1	JA-TCP0586
	0.5A or 0.315A time lag fuse	1	FS-EAWK-500MA
			FS-EAWK-315MA
	Rubber foot	4	10-SJ-5023

# Caution Please Confirm that the receptacle type and local voltage is correct for your indicator (scale).

Comparator relay output	OP-02	AD4329A-02
Accessory	Cable	1

## 5. Calibration

This weighing indicator, converts an input voltage from a load cell to the "mass" value, and displays it. Calibration is the adjustment function so that the scale (indicator) can weigh correctly.

## 5.1.1. Items of Calibration Mode

There are seven items in the calibration function.

#### **Basic Items**

The minimum division	Setting the weighing interval.
The maximum capacity	Setting the maximum display.
Zero calibration	When unloading any weight on the weighing unit ( there is nothing on the weighing pan), this function performs adjustment so as to display the zero point mark . Select an adjustment method from the "weighing input" or "digital input". This function is the fundamental starting point to weigh anything, and influences the performance of scale (indicator).
Span calibration	The function to measure an input voltage variation by loading to the weighing unit correctly. Select an adjustment method from the "weighing arbitrary mass", "weighing capacity mass" or "digital input".
Optional Items (Sub-functions)	
-	The function for a multi-interval scale. Select "dual range scale" or "triple range scale". Each range has parameters of "weighing range" and "division"
Digital linearization function	The function to revise a linearity deviation using weighing points. (up to three weighing points)
Gravity compensation function	The function to revise weighing error between the calibration location and another weighing location using gravity acceleration.

# Caution Dependence The maximum display is less than or equal to 10000 divisions. This number is calculated from the maximum capacity divided by the minimum division.

- Check the accuracy of weighing instrument periodically.
- **Recommended mass, use a mass heavier than 2/3 maximum capacity.**

- Calibrate the scale, if it is moved to another location or the environment has changed.
- It is not necessary to set the gravity acceleration correction, when calibrating the scale with a calibration mass at the place where the scale is used.
- Enter the stable weighing data while the MD mark is turned off. If unstable data is used, it may cause a weighing error. Arrange the condition using the F00 filter function.
- The span calibration needs the zero calibration data. We recommend that you perform the span calibration immediately after the zero calibration.
- Perform the digital linearization function immediately after the zero calibration. And perform the span calibration continuously.
- □ Select a decimal point and weighing unit at the CF function CF00, CF 01.
- If you use the dual or triple range function of the multi-interval scale, perform the "Range Function", "Zero Calibration" and "Span Calibration".

## 5.2. Calibration Procedure

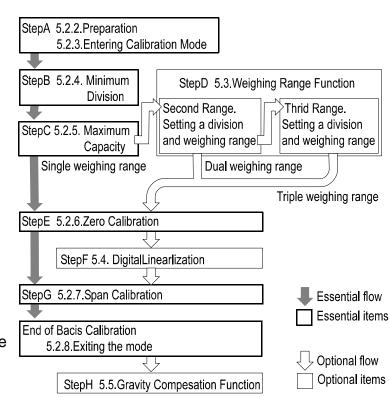
#### 5.2.1. The Whole Procedure

#### **Essential Items**

- Step A Preparation for calibration.
- Step B Minimum division.
- Step C Maximum capacity.
- Step E Zero calibration.
- Step G Span calibration

#### **Optional Items**

- Step D Weighing range function. Perform this function just before zero calibration and span calibration.
- Step F Digital linearization function.
   Perform this function after the zero calibration immediately.
   And perform the span calibration continuously.



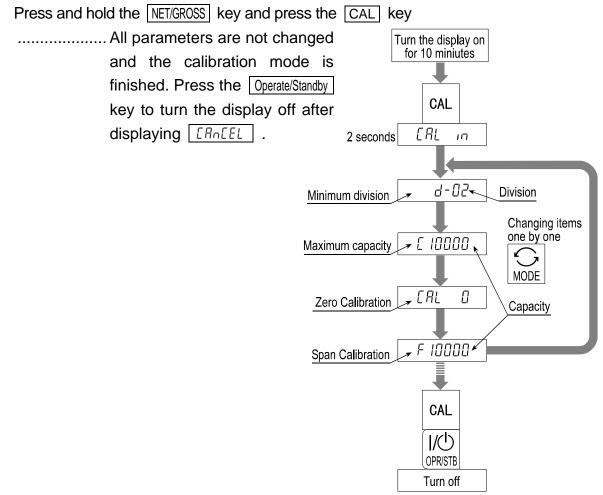
Step H Gravity compensation function. Perform this function after span calibration.

### 5.2.2. Preparation

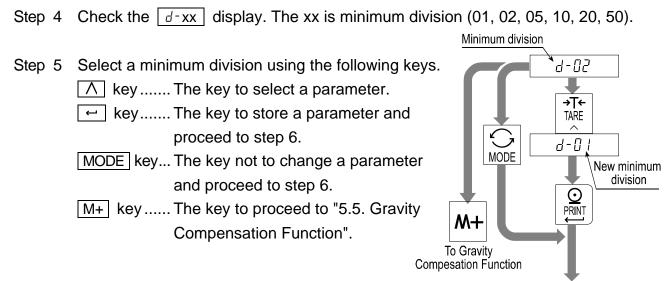
- Step 1 Keep the following conditions to calibrate the scale (indicator) correctly.
  - Maintain a constant temperature, stable power and stable input voltage from the load cell.
  - □ Avoid direct sunshine and in the neighborhood of an air conditioner.
  - Do not install the scale (indicator) where there is a strong magnetic field.
- Step 2 Turn the display on during 10 minutes.

## 5.2.3. Entering the Calibration Mode

Step 3 Press the CAL key in the normal weighing mode. The ERL in is displayed for two seconds when entering the calibration mode.
MODE key.. Parameters are not revised and the next item is displayed.
CAL key ..... Parameters are stored in the indicator and End is displayed.
Press the Operate/Standby key to turn the display off.



## 5.2.4. Minimum Division (Weighing Interval)



To Maximum Capacity

## 5.2.5. Maximum Capacity

Step 6	Check the [[xxxx] display. The xxxx is current	Maximum capacity
	capacity. Select a new maximum capacity	
	using the following keys.	
	keyThe key to select a figure.	→O← ZERO TARE
	∧ keyThe key to select a number.	
	and proceed to step 7 (of the	
	zero calibration).	New maximum
	MODE key The key not to change a	To Weighing Range
	parameter and proceed to step	Function
	7 (of the zero calibration).	To Zero Calibration
	PRESET TARE key The key to porceed to "5.3.	
	Weighing Range Function".	

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## 5.2.6. Zero Calibration

Step 7 Check the [RL ] display.

Select a zero calibration method to adjust the zero point

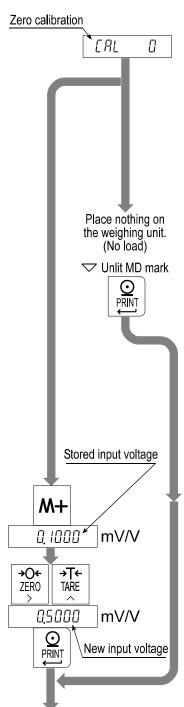
Weighing input (Normal way)	The adjustment method with nothing on the weighing unit.	To step 8
Digital input	The numerical input to enter a load cell output voltage.	To step 9

#### Weighing Input

- Step 8 Place nothing on the weighing unit. Press the ← key after the MD mark has turned off. Proceed to step10.
   MODE key..... The key not to change the zero point data and proceed to step 10.
- Caution Do not press the ← key while the MD mark is lit (detecting motion). Arrange the condition using the F00 filter function.

#### **Digital Input**

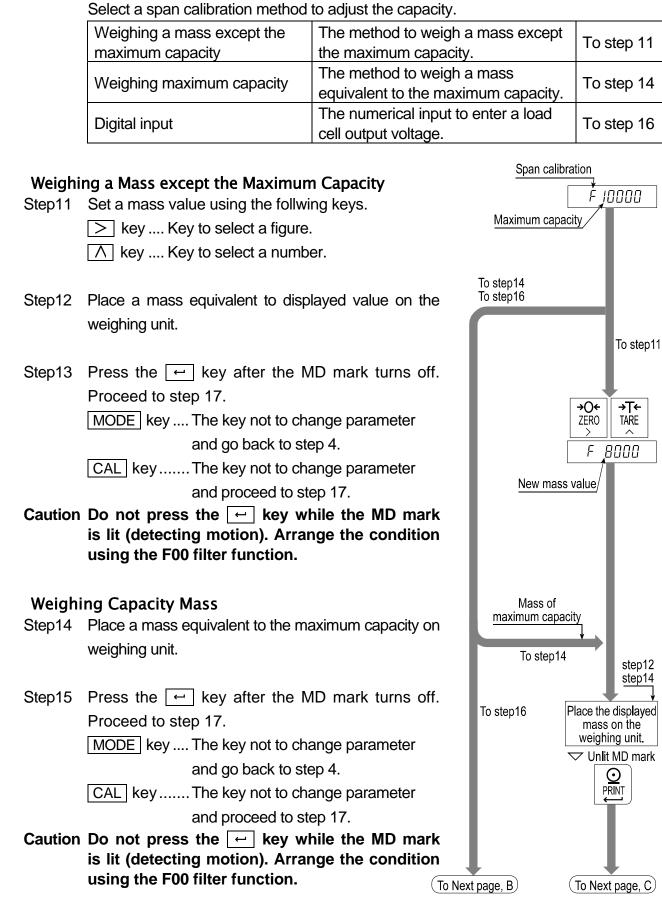
- Step 9 Pressing the M+ key, a stored input voltage parameter of the zero point is displayed in the unit of mV/V. Adjust the input voltage using the following keys.
  - > key ...... The key to select a figure.
  - $\land$  key ...... The key to select a number.
  - ← key ...... The key to store the zero point parameter and proceed to step 10.
  - MODE key... The key not to change parameter and proceed to step 10.



To Span Calibration

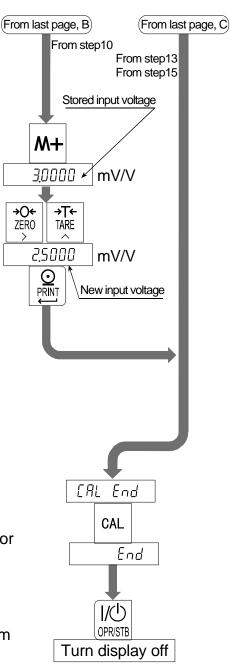
## 5.2.7. Span Calibration

Step10 Check the Fxxxx display. The xxxx is a capacity.

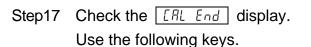


#### Digital Input

- Step16 Pressing the <u>M+</u> key, a stored input voltage parameter of the span is displayed in the unit of mV/V. Adjust the input voltage using the following keys.
  - $\geq$  key ...... The key to select a figure.
  - $\land$  key ...... The key to select a number.
  - ← key ...... The key to store the span parameter and proceed to step 17.
  - MODE key .. The key not to change parameter and go back to step 4.
  - CAL key ..... The key not to change parameter and proceed to step 17.



## 5.2.8. Exiting the Calibration Mode



- CAL key ..... Parameters are stored in the indicator and *End* is displayed. Proceed to step 18.
- MODE key .. The key to memorize parameters temporarily. Proceed to the "Minimum Division Selection".
- Press and hold the <u>NET/GROSS</u> key and press the <u>CAL</u> key All parameters are not changed, <u>[Rn[EL]</u> is displayed and the calibration mode is finished.

Step18 Press the Operate/Standby key to turn the display off.

## 5.3. Weighing Range Function

The weighing range function can select "single range", "dual range" and "triple range". Specify each weighing interval (division) for the multi-interval instrument. Each weighing interval is displayed according to a net value or gross value.

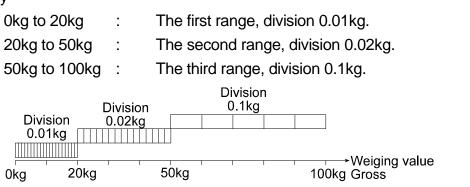
# Caution Using a single range, it is not necessary to perform this function. Perform the zero and span calibration after this function.

**Example 1** The gross display.

Specified parameters:

First range	Range = 20.00kg, division 0.01kg
Second range	Range = 50.00kg, division 0.02kg
Third range	Range = 100.00kg (maximum capacity), division 0.1kg

#### Display



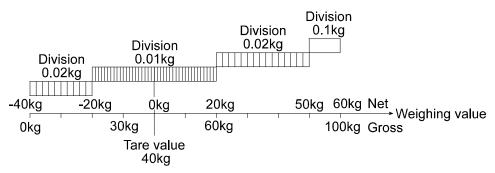
**Example 2** The net display using a 40kg tare value.

Specified parameters:

The same parameters as example 1.

#### Display

-40kg to -20kg	:	The second range, division 0.02kg.
-20kg to 20kg	:	The first range, division 0.01kg.
20kg to 50kg	:	The second range, division 0.02kg.
50kg to 60kg	:	The third range, division 0.1kg.



## 5.3.1. Setting Division and Range

Consider the following rules to design the weighing range.

Rule 1Select the division and range of each weighing range so as to fit the following inequality.The first range < the second range < the third range</td>

The division of next weighing range is automatically set bigger than division of lower weighing range. And the division can change.

Rule 2 When setting the dual range, the upper limit value of the second range becomes the maximum capacity.

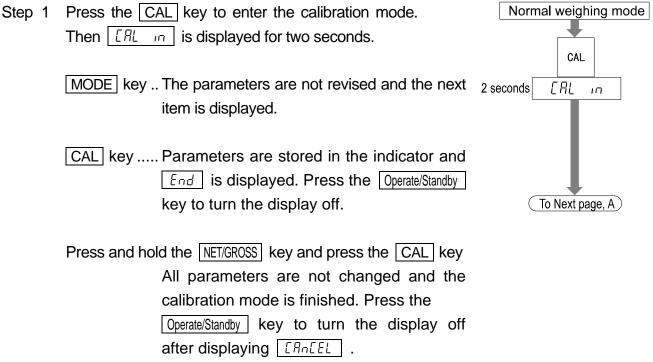
When setting the triple weighing range, the upper limit value of the third range becomes the maximum capacity.

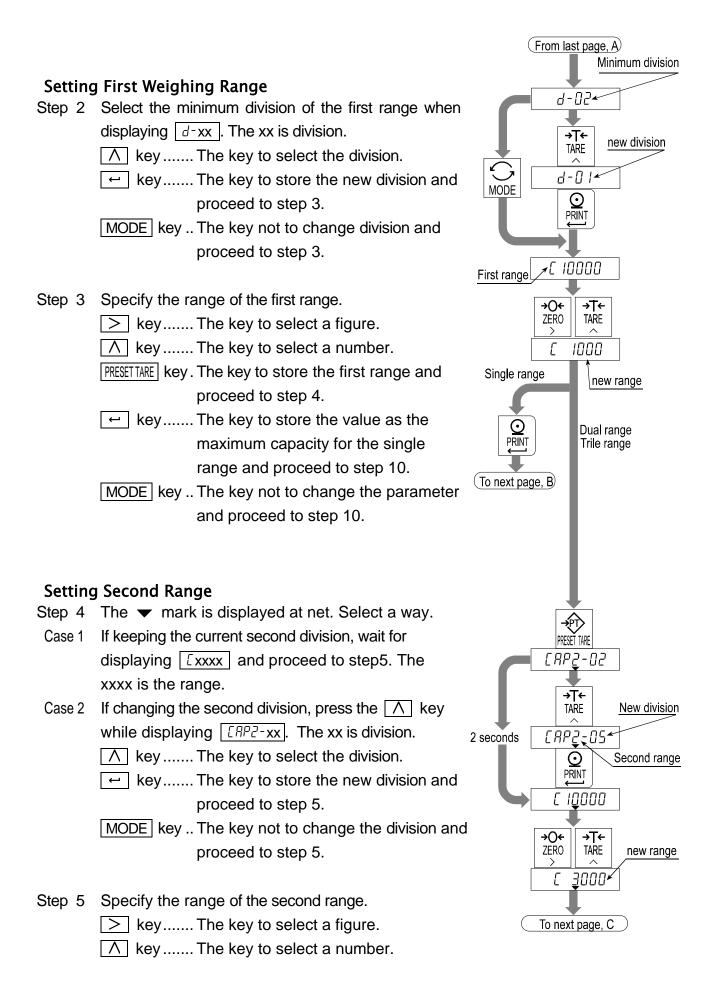
Rule 3 Select a resolution smaller than 10000. The resolution is a value divided the maximum capacity by the minimum division of the first range.

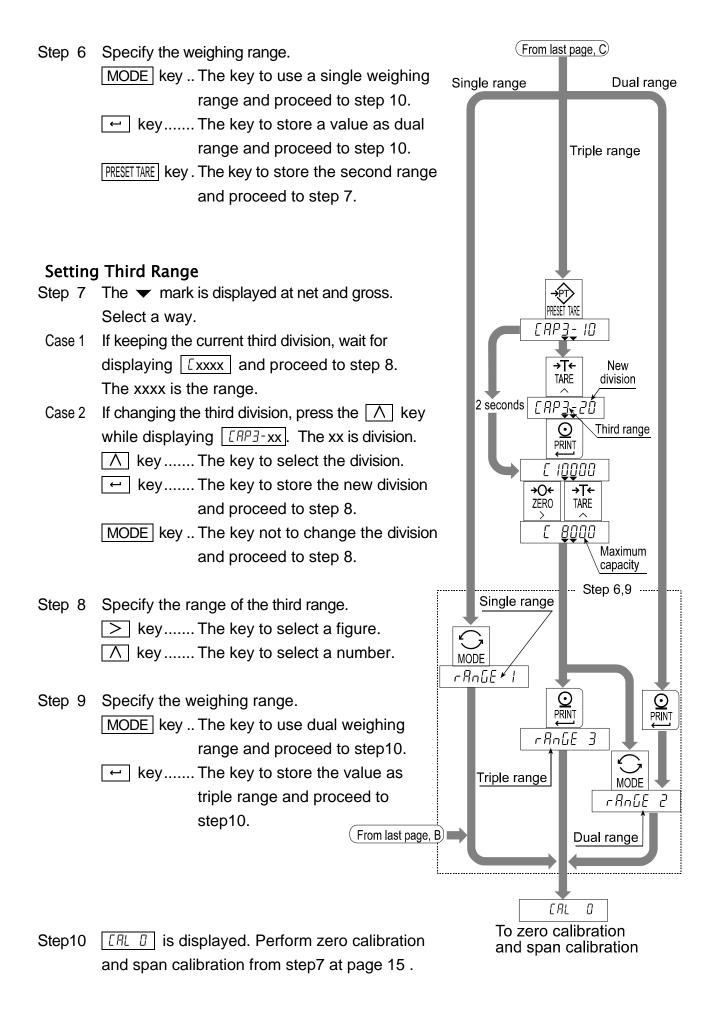
#### Mark to indicate the weighing range while this setting

<ul> <li>mark</li> </ul>	First range	Second range	Third range
Net			ON
Gross	OFF		

#### Procedure







## 5.4. Digital Linearization Function

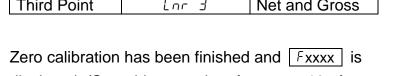
Even if the zero and span calibration have been completed, there may still remain some linearity deviation by the performance of the weighing unit. The digital linearization function can rectify and reduce the linearity deviation using weighing points during the zero and capacity setting. Up to three weighing points can be specified.

#### Caution D This function does not improve repeatability and hysteresis.

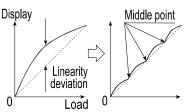
□ Use the mass on the condition that Lnr l < Lnr 2 < Lnr 3.

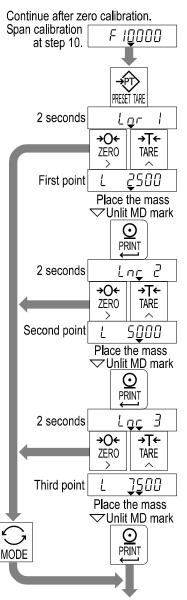
#### □ Do not press the ← key while the MD mark is lit.

Middle point	Flash indication	
First Point	Lnr I	Net
Second Point	Lor 2	Gross
Third Point	Lnr 3	Net and Gross



- Step 1 Zero calibration has been finished and Fxxxx is displayed. (Start this procedure from step 10 of "5.2.7.Span Calibration")
- Step 2 Press the PRESETTARE key to enter this digital linearization function.
- Step 3 The value of the middle point is displayed after indicating  $\boxed{lnr x}$ . x is 1, 2 or 3.
- Step 4 Select a way.
  - Press the MODE key to finish this function. Proceed to step 7 and other points are cleared (canceled).
  - Select a middle point value using the following keys.
     Proceed to step 5.
    - > key.....The key to select a figure.
    - $\land$  key.....The key to select a number.
- Step 5 Place a mass equivalent to the displaying value on the weighing unit. Press the ← key after the MD mark has turned off. Proceed to step 6.
- Step 6 If you add new middle point, proceed step 3, 4, 5. If you finish this function, proceed to step 7.
- Step 7 Perform step 10 of "5.2.7.Span Calibration" on page 16 immediately.





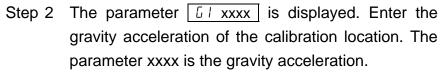
Return to span calibraion

## 5.5. Gravity Compensation Function

- □ If the scale is used at the calibration location, it is not necessary to perform this function.
- It may cause a weighing error, if there is a difference of gravity acceleration between the installed location and calibration location. This function specifies these gravity accelerations and corrects span error.

#### Caution $\Box$ The decimal point is not displayed in the function. Ex. $\boxed{3738} = 9.798 \text{ m/s}^2$

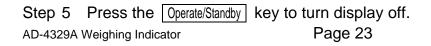
Step 1 Press the CAL key in normal weighing mode. The [IRL in] is displayed for two seconds. Press the
M+ key to enter the gravity compensation function.
If you want to cancel the current procedure, press and hold the NET/GROSS key and press the CAL key.
Then, all parameters are not changed and the calibration mode is finished. Press the Operate/Standby key to turn the display off after displaying IRnEEL.

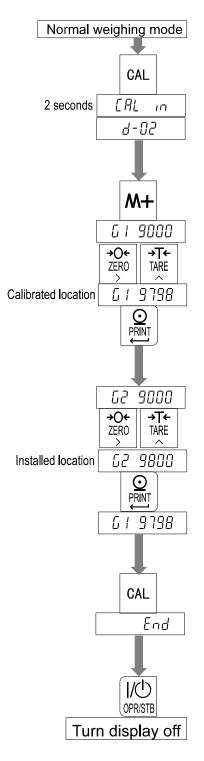


- > key.....The key to select a figure.
- $\land$  key ......The key to select a number.
- ← key......The key to store the new gravity acceleration and proceed to step 3.
- MODE key ......The key not to change the value and proceed to step 3.
- Step 3 The parameter 22 xxxx is displayed. Enter the gravity acceleration of the installed location. The parameter xxxx is the gravity acceleration.
  - > key.....The key to select a figure.
  - $\land$  key ......The key to select a number.
  - ← key.....The key to store the new gravity acceleration and proceed to step 4.

MODE key ......The key not to change the value and proceed to step 4.

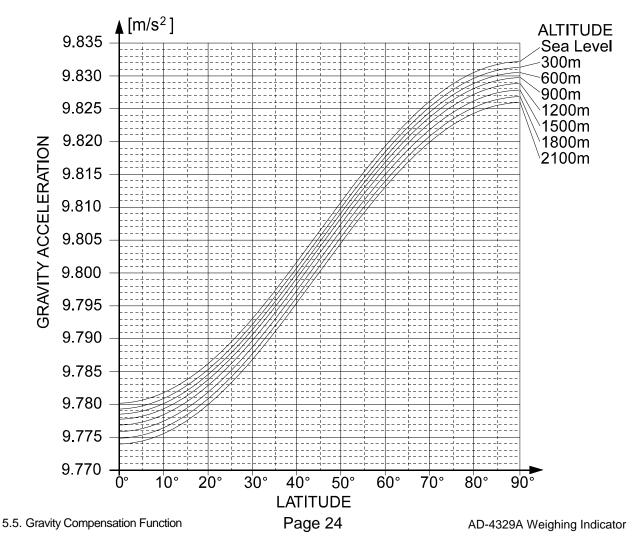
Step 4 Now *Li xxxx* is displayed. Press the CAL key to store the parameters. The *End* is displayed. Proceed to step5.





## 5.5.1. The Gravity Acceleration Table

		-	
Amsterdam	9.813 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Manila	9.784 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Athens	9.800 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Melbourne	9.800 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Auckland NZ	9.799 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Mexico City	9.779 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Bangkok	9.783 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Milan	9.806 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Birmingham	9.813 m/s <sup>2</sup>	New York	9.802 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Brussels	9.811 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Oslo	9.819 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Buenos Aires	9.797 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Ottawa	9.806 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Calcutta	9.788 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Paris	9.809 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Chicago	9.803 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Rio de Janeiro	9.788 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Copenhagen	9.815 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Rome	9.803 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Cyprus	9.797 m/s <sup>2</sup>	San Francisco	9.800 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Djakarta	9.781 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Singapore	9.781 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Frankfurt	9.810 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Stockholm	9.818 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Glasgow	9.816 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Sydney	9.797 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Havana	9.788 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Tainan	9.788 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Helsinki	9.819 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Taipei	9.790 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Kuwait	9.793 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Tokyo	9.798 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Lisbon	9.801 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Vancouver, BC	9.809 m/s <sup>2</sup>
London (Greenwich)	9.812 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Washington DC	9.801 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Los Angeles	9.796 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Wellington NZ	9.803 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Madrid	9.800 m/s <sup>2</sup>	Zurich	9.807 m/s <sup>2</sup>



## 5.6. Calibration Error Code List

#### Exiting from the calibration error

MODE key .. The key to return the point occurred an error. Retry the operation.

Press and hold the NET/GROSS key and press the CAL key

All parameters are not changed, the *ERREEL* is displayed and the calibration mode is finished.

#### Error Code List

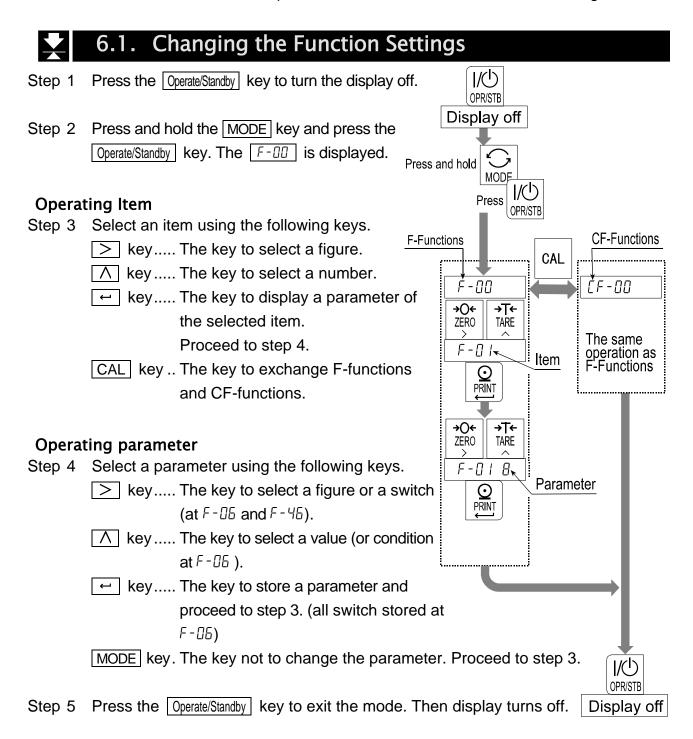
If an error has occurred during calibration mode, the following code is displayed.

Error code	Description
Err O	In multi-interval scale. The last division is set to maximum ( $d-5D$ ). Therefore the next division can not be entered.
Err I	Resolution exceeds 10000. (Resolution = maximum capacity/ minimum division) Reduce maximum capacity or increase minimum division.
Err 2 Err 3	Load cell output is too large or too small at zero calibration. Check the weighing unit and load cell. Refer to "3.1.4. Verifying Load Cell Output and Input Sensitivity".
Err 4	Measuring calibration mass (or entering digital input), the value exceeded maximum capacity. Reduce calibration mass (or digital input).
Err S	Selected calibration mass is smaller than minimum division.
Err 6	New input sensitivity is less than 0.15 $\mu$ V/division. Increase input sensitivity. Refer to "3.1.4.Verifying Load Cell Output and Input Sensitivity".
Err 7	Placing mass on the weighing unit, the load cell output becomes a negative value. Check the load cell cable connections and the direction of load cell mounting.
Err 8	Load cell output exceeds the input range before maximum capacity. Adjust zero balance referring to "3.1.4.Verifying Load Cell Output and Input Sensitivity". Replace with a load cell designed smaller output. Reduce maximum capacity.
Err 9	The weighed value is out of the input range at zero calibration or span calibration. Check the weighing unit and cables.
Err 12	The last weighing range is larger than next weighing range.
Err 13	Incorrect mass is selected at the digital linearization function. Select mass of the following relation. Loc I < Loc 2 < Loc 3.
G Err	An unacceptable value was selected in the gravity acceleration function. Exit this error using the Operate/Standby key.

# 6. Functions

There are two parameters list for the F-functions and CF-functions. These functions control the indicator. The parameters of each function are stored in the EEPROM, and are not lost even if the AC power supply is disconnected.

- F-functions: These parameters can always be changed and are used for internal settings.
- CF-functions: If you accept a certificated approval of the weighing instruments, the CAL cover must be sealed. Therfore, accepting this approval, these parameters of the CF-function can not be changed.



## 6.2. F–Functions

### **Digital Filter**

ltem	Parameter	Description		
	0	2 d/ 1.6s		
		4 d/ 1.6s		
	2	8 d/ 1.6s	]	
	3	16 d/ 1.6s		
	Ч	32 d/ 1.6s		
F-00	5	64 d/ 1.6s	If weak filter is set, the response will be fast, but will be more sensitive to external	
Filter	6	128 d/ 1.6s		
Motion / Averaging	7	2 d/ 3.2s		
time	* 8	4 d/ 3.2s	influences such as vibration.	
	9	8 d/ 3.2s		
	10	16 d/ 3.2s		
		32 d/ 3.2s		
	12	64 d/ 3.2s		
	13	128 d/ 3.2s		
	0	OFF		
		0.5 d/ 1s	This function traces the	
	2	1.0 d/ 1s	weighing value drifting around	
	3	1.5 d/ 1s	zero point slowly, displayed as	
F-01	Ч	2.0 d/ 1s	zero. If a strong parameter is	
Zero tracking	5	2.5 d/ 1s	set, a very small zero drift may be not detected.	
Zelo liacking	6	0.5 d/ 2s	If $[F - 0]$ is 1, the 0, 1, 5 or 7	
	7	1.0 d/ 2s	- can be selected only.	
	* 8	1.5 d/ 2s	If $[F - D]$ is $I$ , the initial setting	
	9	2.0 d/ 2s	- sets 7.	
	10	2.5 d/ 2s		
	0	No motion detection	The function to set the	
		0.5 d/ 0.5s	condition of judgment whether	
	2	1.0 d/ 0.5s	a weighing value is unstable or	
F-02	3	2.0 d/ 0.5s	stable. The ZERO key and	
MD mark	Ч	3.0 d/ 0.5s	TARE key has effective in the	
Motion detection	5	4.0 d/ 0.5s	stable state. If these keys need	
condition	6	0.5 d/ 1s	in the unstable state, set to	
	7	1.0 d/ 1s	F-02 0. In case of [F-03 1,	
	* 8	2.0 d/ 1s	F-02 6 or F-02 7 can be	
	9	3.0 d/ 1s	selected only. (Internal setting	
	10	4.0 d/ 1s	is 6.)	

- d: division (weighing interval) of first range.
- s: second.
- \*: factory settings (Initial settings).

#### Display

Item	Parameter	Description		
F-03	* []	10 times/s	The selection in the unstable	
Display update rate		5 times/s	condition.	
	* []	Manual + only		
F-04		Manual + / -	The selection for the way of	
Accumulation Mode	2	Automatic + only	adding data and kind of data.	
	З	Automatic + / -		
	0	Add data anytime		
F-05	*	Above ±5 d	The selection of the inhibit	
Inhibit region for	2	Above ±10 d	region for accumulation	
accumulation	3	Above ±20 d	region for accumulation	
	Ч	Above ±50 d		
F - ⊞5 Disabling keys	ION2Pre3M+4Mod5Net6Zer7Tar	* ☐ enable / disable	A key is selected by the left parameter A key condition is selected by the right parameter: When specifying 1 at the right parameter, this key does not work. Use the function to avoid mis-operation of 8 keys on the front panel without CAL key.	

#### External Input

Item	Parameter	Description	
	* []	Not used (No function)	
	1	Zero key	
	2	Tare key	
	З	Print key, ← key	
F-10	Ч	Operate/Standby key	
EXT1	5	M+ key	
Function selection of	5	Net/Gross key	
external input	٦	Mode key	
	8	Gross display when shorting terminal.	
	9	Accumulation data display when shorting terminal.	
	10	Over signal. Gross over and display data are output.	
	11	All keys are enable when shorting terminal.	
F-	The same as $F - ID$		
EXT2			
F-12	The same as F - ID		
EXT3			

F - 13 EXT4	The same as F - 10
F - 14 EXT5	The same as F - 10
F - 15 EXT6	The same as F - 10
F - 16 EXT7	The same as F - 10

d: division (weighing interval) of first range.

- \*: factory settings (Initial settings).
- s: second.

#### Comparator

Item	Parameter	Description	
F-20	* []	Not used	
Comparator function		Upper/lower limit comparison. Set F - a	₽ /, too.
	2	Setpoint comparison	
	* []	All data, always	
F-21	1	Stable data	
Comparator mode.	2	Data exceeding +5d	When $F - 20$ is 1,
Condition to compare	3	Stable data exceeding +5d	F-2 / is effective.
data.	Ч	Data exceeding -5d to +5d	
	5	Stable data exceeding -5d to +5d	

#### Standard Serial Output

Item	Parameter	Description		
	* []	Displayed data		
F - 30		Gross data		
	2	Net data		
Output Data	3	Tare value		
	Ч	Gross data / Net data / Tare value		
F-31	* []	Stream mode		
	1	Auto print mode		
Output mode	2	Manual print mode		
F-32	* []	Positive data only		
Auto-print condition	1	Positive and negative data		
F-33	* []	Not used	In case of F-3 / 0, the	
Delay for continual data		Approximately 2 seconds $F - \exists \exists$ is ineffective.		
F-34	0	600 bps		
		1200 bps		
Baud rate	*2	2400 bps		

bps: bit per second.

- d: division (weighing interval) of first range.
- \*: factory settings (Initial settings).

### RS-232C Interface

Item	Parameter	Description			
F - ዛ미 Output Data	* []	Displayed data			
	1	Gross data			
	2	Net data			
	Ę	Tare value			
	Ч	Gross data / Net data / Tare value			
	* []	Stream mode			
F-4   Output mode	1	Auto print mode			
	2	Manual print mode			
	3	Command mode (no address)			
	Ч	Command mode with address			
F-42	* []	Positive data only			
Auto-print condition	1	Positive and negative data			
F-43	* []			In case of F-410, the	
Delay for continual data	1	Approximately 2 seconds $F - 43$ is ineffective.		F-43 is ineffective.	
	0	600 bps			
F - 44	1	1200 bps			
Baud rate	*2	2400 bps			
	3	4800 bps			
	Ч	9600 bps			
F-45	* []	Format 1	Refer to "12.1.2.Data Format"		
Data format	1	Format 2			
F-46	00 to	Factory setting is 00.			
Address	99	When $F - 4 + 4$ is not selected, $F - 46$ is ineffective.			

bps: bit per second.

\*: factory settings (Initial settings).

#### Description of "Stream Mode"

Object F-310, F-410

Operation Data is output in every sampling (when refreshing the display). Use this mode to output data to an external display (Data may not be output due to timing of the baud rate and internal sampling rate). If data is printed with pressing the PRINT key on the printer, use the stream mode.

#### Description of "Auto Print Mode"

- Operation When weighing data varies from the "inhibition region of output" to the "permission region of output", the stable data is just output once. If you use this mode, set  $F \square 2$  except  $\square$ .
  - □ When weighing (and removing) each object and printing the data, use this mode.
  - □ In case of  $\boxed{F-32}$  □ or,  $\boxed{F-42}$  □. "Inhibition region of output" ≤ +5d. +5d < "permission region of output".
  - In case of F-32 | or, F-42 |
     -5d ≤ "inhibition region of output" ≤ +5d.
     "Permission region of output" < -5d, +5d < "permission region of output".</li>

d: division (weighing interval) of first range.

#### Description of "Manual Print"

ObjectF-312F-412OperationWhen pressing the PRINT key, the stable weighing data is just output once

#### Description of "Delay for continual data"

Object F-33, F-43

Operation This function can be used in the "Auto print mode" and "Manual print mode" When using a non-buffered printer like the AD-8121, set to  $\boxed{F-33}$  and  $\boxed{F-43}$ .

## 6.3. CF–Functions

Item	Parameter	Description				
	۵	None Example: 12345				
CF-00	*	First figure Example: 1234.5				
Decimal point position	2	Second figure Example: 123.45				
	3	Third figure Example: 12.345				
	* []	kg				
CF-01		t				
Weighing unit	2	lb				
	3	lb/kg alternately				
CF-02	* []	±2% of CAP, Tare limit is 100 % CAP				
Zero range		±10% of CAP, Tare limit is 100 % CAP				
Turning display on, the	2	±3% of CAP, Tare limit is 50 % CAP				
range to zero display.	3	±4% of CAP, Tare limit is 50 % CAP				
CF-03	* []	No limitation				
Zero track width, motion detection condition	1	Use limitation at F-0 / 0, /, 6, 7 and F-02 6, 7 only.				
	۵	Gross when displaying gross.				
[F-04 Zana tracking		Gross				
Zero tracking	* 2	Gross or Net when displaying net.				
CF-05	* []	Not to zero when turning display on.				
Power-on zero		To zero when turning display on.				
CF-06	* []	To permit preset tare.				
To inhibit preset tare		To inhibit preset tare. (Ineffective preset tare key)				
	* []	According to $F - \exists \Box, F - 4\Box$ .				
[F-[]] Data output of tare	1	Using preset tare value and output net, a tare value is output on manual mode or auto print mode (In [F-09 2, a tare value is output at all mode except command).				
[F-[]] Output on over load and	* []	Not to output data at unstable value or over load. It is effective in key mode.				
unstable state.		To output data always.				
	* []	Gross Net Tare Preset tare				
[F-09 Header 2	1	GS NT TR PT				
	2	G_ N_ T_ PT				
[F- 10	* []	Two figures . (dot) Format 1 on standard				
Figure number of unit		Three figures . (dot) serial data output and				
for format 1 and	2	Two figures , (comma) RS-232C interface.				
decimal point	3	Three figures , (comma) Decimal point is effective at format 1 and 2.				
[F-	* []	Not used (Ineffective)				
Accumulation function		Use (Effective)				

CAP : maximum capacity

## 7. Tare

- The function is used to display a net value with the container weight subtracted from the total weight, if you put an object into a container to weigh it.
- There are two methods for the "weighing tare weight" and "digital input of tare weight".
- □ Using the RS-232C interface, you can perform digital input from external equipment.
- Caution During the display off with [F-05], the tare value is cleared.

#### 7.1.1. Weighing Tare

Operation Put the tare on the weighing unit. Press the TARE key to store the tare weight after the MD mark turns off. The dispaly changes to net.

Caution D When displaying a negative gross value, tare can not be used.

### 7.1.2. Digital Input

Caution **D** The input value is rounded off to the unit of division (weighing interval).

- In case of [F-05 /(power-on zero), the display value will be zeroed when turning the display on.
- When using a multi-interval scale, usable input range is the first range.
- □ In case of [F-06 /(To inhibit preset tare), preset tare can not be used.
- Step 1 Press the PRESET TARE key to display the stored tare value. When tare is cleared or is not used, the value is zero.
- Step 2 Enter a new tare value using the following keys.
  - > key.....The key to select a figure.
  - $\land$  key.....The key to select a number.

The net is displayed.

## 7.1.3. Clearing Tare

- When pressing the TARE key while gross is zero, tare is cleared and gross is displayed.
- When zeroing with the ZERO key, tare is cleared.

# 8. Accumulation

The function accumulates weighing data and stores sum of weight and count of weighing. Data is stored in the EEPROM, and is not lost even if the AC power supply is disconnected.

### 8.1.1. Preparation and Specification

Set the following parameters to use the accumulation function.

- □ Select [F-11] for the CF-function so that the accumulation function becomes effective.
- **D** Specify the method of accumulation and data at  $F \Box H$  of the F-function.
- **D** Specify the inhibit range for accumulation at F DS of the F-function.

#### Selection of Accumulation Mode, *F*-*D*4 of the F-function

- There are two methods of manual accumulation, with the M+ key operation and automatic accumulation.
- □ The accumulation data can select "positive data only" or "both polarity data".

Accumulation Mode	F-04	Data to accumulate
Manual accumulation mode	F-04 0	Positive data only
	F-04	Both polarity data
Automatic accumulation made	F-04 2	Positive data only
Automatic accumulation mode	F-04 3	Both polarity data

#### Accumulation Condition, F-05 of the F-function

- In case of manual accumulation mode, press the M+ key to accumulate weighing data when the MD mark turned off.
- Data can be accumulated after weighing value becomes to the "inhibition region of output". When connecting power cord and truning display on, the accumulation mode makes the same action.

Inhibition region for accumulation	F-05	Description
Add data anytime	F-05 O	Stable data can be used anytime
Above ±5 d	F-05 I	Factory setting
Above ±10 d	F-05 2	
Above ±20 d	F-05 3	
Above ±50 d	F-05 4	

Caution Do not set to F-05 0 for the automatic accumulation mode If setting to F-05 0, it may add the same data two times or more.

#### Limitation of Accumulation Count and Total

□ The limitation of accumulation count is 999999.

The limitation of total is  $\pm$ 999999 ignoring the decimal point.

If exceeding these limitations, data is not accumulated.
 Example: Setting the decimal point to second a figure like "0.0", the limitation is "99999.9".

# 8.1.2. Display and Operation

#### Action of Accumulating Data

When accumulating data, the display blinks once.
 If storing accumulation data, the M+ mark is displayed.

#### Caution D This function can not accumulate different unit data. Specify a unit before use.

#### Display of Accumulation Data

- When setting to [F-II I (Effective accumulation function) and pressing the MODE key, the Lotal is displayed and the total data is displayed with the M+ mark blinking. If the MODE key is pressed again, the weighing data is displayed.
- □ The total data can be output. Refer to "Output of Accumulation Data"
- □ If "lb/kg" of [F-0 | 3 is selected, the display of "lb", "kg" and "total" is exchanged with the MODE key in order.

#### Undoing the Accumulation Data

- The last weighing data can be deduced from the accumulation data unless new data is accumulated.
- Step 1 Press the MODE key to display Lot RL and accumulation data.
- Step 2 Press and hold the M+ key more than 3 seconds. The display blinks once and the last accumulation data before accumilating last weighing data is displayed.
- Caution D External input can not be used.

#### **Clearing the Accumulation Data**

- Step 1 Press the MODE key to display Lak RL and accumulation data.
- Step 2 Press and hold the ZERO key more than 3 seconds. The display blinks once and the accumulation data is cleared.
- Caution De External input can not be used.

#### Output of Accumulation Data

- Accumulation data can be output to the standard serial output and RS-232C interface using the manual print mode.
- Step 1 Press the MODE key to display *LotRL* and accumulation data.
- Step 2 Pressing the PRINT key, the count and total of accumulation data are output in order. Example: Count  $\Box \Box \Box N$ , +0000001 $\Box c_R L_F$   $\Box$  Space(20h)



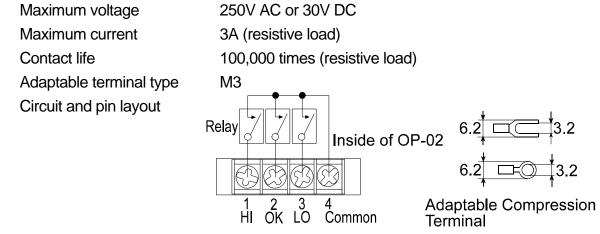
# 9. Comparison

- This function has the "upper / lower comparison" and the "setpoint comparison". They compare the weighing data with preset parameters and can output the result of the comparison to the relay-outputs of OP-02.
- **D** Set the F-function the F 20 and F 21 to use these comparisons.
- Caution D The result can only be output using relay-outputs, and is not displayed.
  - The setpoint comparison can be used for normal batching, but can not be used for loss-in-weight.

# 9.1. Comparator Output Relay (OP-02)

This relay option outputs the result of comparison controled by the F-function F - 2G (comparator function) and F - 2I (comparator mode).

#### Specifications



# 9.2. Upper/Lower Limit Comparison

- This function compares the weighing data with the upper limit value and lower limit value, and outputs the result to the three relays of HI, OK and LO. Use this comparison when judging whether a weight is proper.
- **a** Set to the F-function F 2G / to use this upper/lower limit comparison.
- **\square** Select a parameter of the F-function  $F 2^{-1}$  for the comprison condition.
- □ Specify the upper and lower limit values.
- When inputting the upper value and lower limit value, it is not necessary to input the F-function F 20 and F 21 again unless changing the F-function.

#### Selecting Upper/Lower Limit Comparison 9.2.1.

- Press the Operate/Standby key to turn the display off. Step 1 Press and hold the MODE key and press the Operate/Standby key to enter the F-function mode.
- Step 2 Select |F-20| | (upper/lower limit comparison).
- Step 3 Select comparison mode at  $\boxed{F-2I}$  using the following keys.  $\land$  key ..... The key to select a parameter. ← key..... The key to store the parameter.
- Step 4 Turn the display off using the Operate/Standby key.

#### Reference

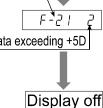
F-20 Comparator function

F-20 0	Not used
F-20 I	Upper/lower limit comparison.
F-20 2	Setpoint comparison

#### F-2 | Comparator mode

F-210	All data, Always			
F-21 1	Stable data			
F-212	Data exceeding +5d			
F-213	Stable data exceeding +5d			
F-214	Data exceeding -5d to +5d			
F-215	Stable data exceeding -5d to +5d			

# Comparator function F**-**20 Upper/lower limit comparison Comparator mode Data exceeding +5D



F-Function mode

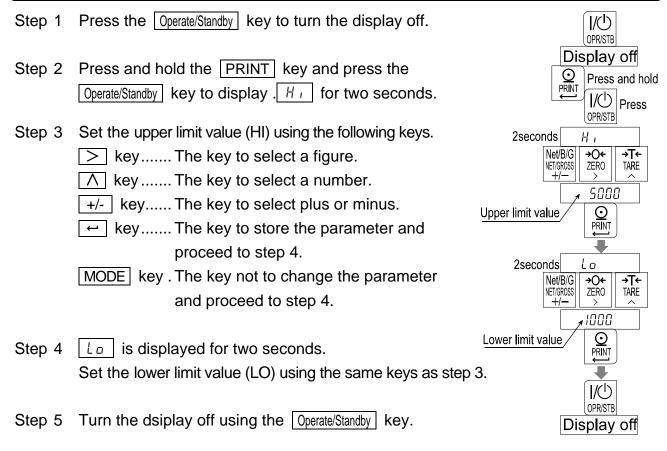
### 9.2.2. Condition formula for Comparison

Comparison is performed based on the following formula.

	-
State Name	Condition Formula
HI (Over)	Upper limit value < Display value
OK (GO)	Lower limit value $\leq$ Display value $\leq$ Upper limit value
LO (Under)	Display value < Lower limit value

- The decimal point is not considered. Example: If the upper limit value is 10.0, input 100.
- These parameters are stored in the EEPROM, and are not lost even if the AC power is disconnected.
- □ When the display value becomes an over load (positive over), HI (over) is outout. When the display value becomes an under load (negative over), LO (under) is output.
- □ The upper limit value and lower limit value can be set to a negative value.
- This function compares the upper limit value first.
- This function does not check the relation of upper limit value and lower limit value.

### 9.2.3. Setting Upper/Lower Limit Values



#### 9.2.4. Example

F-function:	F-20 / (Upper/lower limit comparison),
Upper linit value:	、 <b>、 、</b>
	1000

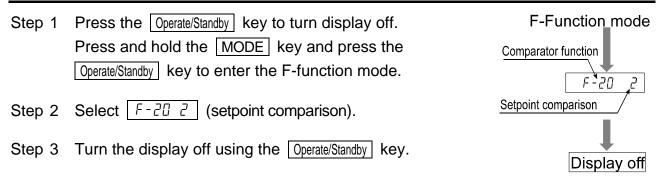
Result	Condition Formula	Range	HI (Over)	OK (GO)	LO (Under)
	5000 < Display value	~ 5001	ON		OFF
	1000 ≦ Display value ≦ 5000	5000 ~ 1000		ON	
	5 < Display value < 1000	999 ~ 6			ON
	Display value $\leq 5$	5 ~	OFF		

9.2. Upper/Lower Limit Comparison

# 9.3. Setpoint Comparison

- This function includes the weighing sequence and uses for getting preset target weight.
- There are four parameters of "Final", "Preliminary", "Free fall" and "Zero band" to use the setpoint comparison.
- □ The result of the sequence is output to three relays.
- When inputting these parameters, it is not necessary to input the F-function *F* 20 again unless changing the F-function.
- Caution Description This function is normal batching only and can not perform loss-in-weight.

### 9.3.1. Selecting Setpoint Comparison



# 9.3.2. Description of Input parameters and Outputs

Weighing value SET0, Final SET2, Preliminary Tared Zero Caribrated Zero	SET1, Free fall		Zero band	Weighing trace
Output and Condition		     •	, ,	Time
Relay HI, Net≧ (Final - Free fall)	OFF (I	Break)	ON (Make)	OFF (Break)
Relay OK, Net≧ (Final - Preliminary)	OFF (Break)		ON (Make)	OFF (Break)
Relay LO, Gross < Zero band	ON (Make)		OFF (Break)	ON (Make)

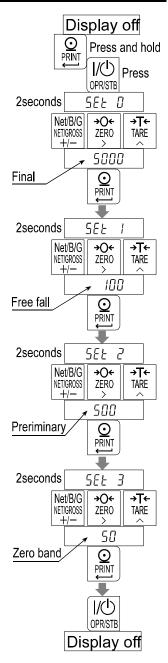
#### Parameters List

SET0	Final	Set a preset target weight.
SET1	Free fall	Set a corrective value related to closing the dribble flow gate.
SET2	Preliminary	Set a begining point to use the dribble flow gate only.
SET3	Zero band	Set a value to regard as nearly zero.

# 9.3.3. Setting the Parameters of Setpoint Comparison

Step 1	Press the Operate/Standby key to turn the display off.
Step 2	Press and hold the PRINT key and press the Operate/Standby key to display . 522 0 for two seconds.
Step 3	<ul> <li>Set the "Final" using the following keys.</li> <li>key The key to select a figure.</li> <li>key The key to select a number.</li> <li>+/- key The key to select plus or minus.</li> <li>key The key to store the parameter and proceed to next step.</li> <li>MODE key The key not to change the parameter and proceed to next step.</li> </ul>
Step 4	5EL 1 is displayed for two seconds. Set the "Free fall" using the same keys as step3.
Step 5	5E 2 is displayed for two seconds. Set the "Preliminary" using the same keys as step3.
Step 6	5EL 3is displayed for two seconds.Set the "Zero band" using the same keys as step3.

Step 7 Turn the display off using the Operate/Standby key.

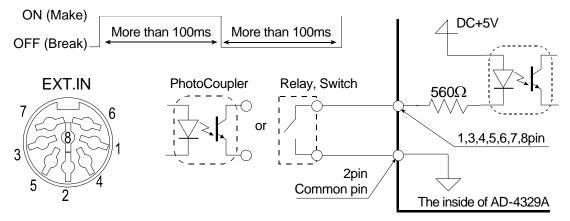




# 10. External Control Input

- The connector "EXT.IN" can be used to control the indicator from an external terminal like a front panel key operation.
- **a** Set the external control function at  $F IO \sim F IO$  of the F-Function.
- When shorting each function pin and common pin, the indicator makes the action.

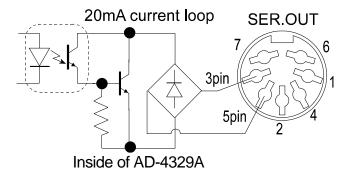
#### Caution **D** Keep a signal width more than 100 ms for the On-time and Off-time.



Pin No.	F-Function	Parameter Description				
		0	Not used (No function)			
			Zero key			
		2	Tare key			
		3	∃ Print key,  vdot key			
		Ч				
1 pin	F-10	5	M+ key			
i pin	EXT1	6	Net/Gross key			
		7	Mode key			
		8	Gross display when shorting terminal.			
		9	Accumulation data display when shorting terminal.			
		10	Over signal. Gross over and display data are output.			
		11	All keys are enable when shorting terminal.			
2 pin		Common pin for EXT1 ~ EXT7.				
3 pin	F -     EXT2	The same as F - 10				
4 pin	F - 12 EXT3	The same as F - 10				
	F - 13	<b>T</b> I				
5 pin	EXT4	I ne san	ne as F - 10			
6 nin	F-  4	The same as F - 10				
6 pin	EXT5	The san	le as r = iu			
7 nin	F-15	Tho son	ро 26 F - IП			
7 pin	EXT6	The same as $F - I \square$				
8 pin	F - 16 EXT7	The same as F - 10				
Case		Shield.				

# 11. Standard Serial Data Output (SER.OUT)

- The standard serial data output can be used to output the data to an A&D printer and a display unit.
- Set the  $F 30 \sim F 34$  of the F-Functions to use this output.
- □ When using a non-buffered printer like the AD-8117, AD-8117A and AD-8121 etc, the printer can not receive data while printing. Therfore, set to F 33 / for the manual print mode or auto print mode.



Pin No.	Signal	
3 pin	Currentleon	
5 pin	Current loop	
Other pins	Not used	
Case	Shield	

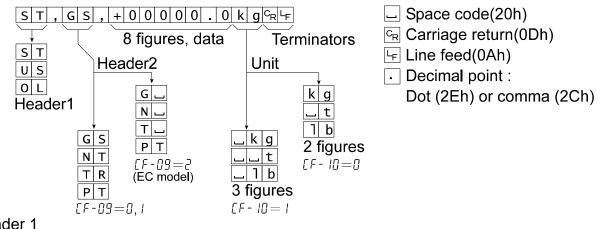
#### **Related Functions**

Related Function						
	F-Function		Description			
	F-30 0	Displayed data				
	F-30 I	Gross data				
Output Data	F-30 2	Net data				
	F-30 3	Tare value	are value			
	F-30 4	Gross data / Net	data / Tare value			
Output mode	F-Function		Description			
Stream mode	F-310	Description of "St	tream Mode" at page 31			
Auto print mode	F-30	Description of "A	uto Print Mode" at page 31			
Manual print mode	F-30 2	When pressing the	PRINT key each time, the data is output once.			
Auto-print condition	F-Function	Description				
Desitive data anhy		"Inhibition region of output" $\leq$ +5d.				
Positive data only	F-32 0	+5d < "permission region of output".				
Positive and	F-32 I	-5d $\leq$ "inhibition	region of output" $\leq$ +5d.			
negative data		"Permission region of	output" < -5d, +5d < "permission region of output".			
	F-Function		Description			
Delay for continual	F-33 ()	Not used				
data	F-33	Approximately 2 seconds				
Baud rate	F-34	600 bps, 1200 bp	os, 2400 bps			
CF-Function			Description			
[F-07 Data output						
		nd unstable state.	Use or not used			
[F-09 Format of H			Selection of TR, PT, GS, NT, T, G and N			
	ber of unit,	decimal point	Two figures or three figures, dot or comma			

# 11.1.1. Data Format

□ The data format of this SER.OUT is the same as the format 1 of the RS-232C interface.

Refer to "12.1.2. Data Fromat" of RS-232C interface at page 45, if you need details.



Header 1

- ST <u>Stable weighing data.</u>
- US <u>Uns</u>table weighing data.

0L Overload (Out of range).

#### Header 2

GS	or	G	<u>G</u> ro <u>s</u> s data.
NT	or	N∟	<u>N</u> e <u>t</u> data
TR	or	T	<u>T</u> a <u>r</u> e data.
ΡT			<u>P</u> reset <u>t</u> are data.

#### Data

The first of the data bits is the polarity whether "+" or "-".

When data is zero, the polarity is "+".

Format is 8 figures (bits) including polarity and decimal point (dot or comma).

In case of "out of range", the data bits of format 1 are replaced by spaces except the decimal point.

In case of "out of range", the data bits of the format 2 are replaced by all 9's

#### Unit

Function [F - I] is used in common with RS-232C and standard serial data output. In case of [F - I] or 2, the unit length is 2 figures.

In case of  $[F - I_0^m]$ , or  $\exists$ , the unit length is 3 figures. Depending on circumstances, an A&D printer may not work correctly.

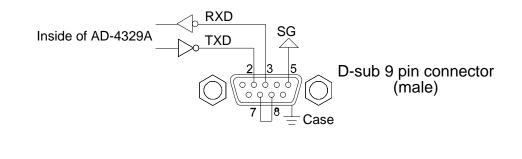
# 12. RS-232C Interface

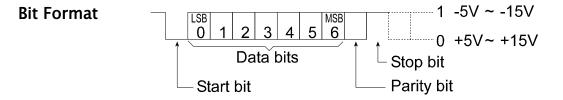
# 12.1.1. Specification

Transmission	Asynchronous, bi-directional, half-duplex
Baud rate	600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 bps
Data bits	7 bits
Parity bits	1 bit, Even
Start bit	1 bit
Stop bit	1 bit
Code	ASCII
Terminator	CR LF (CR: 0Dh, LF: 0Ah)
Connector	D-sub 9 pin connector

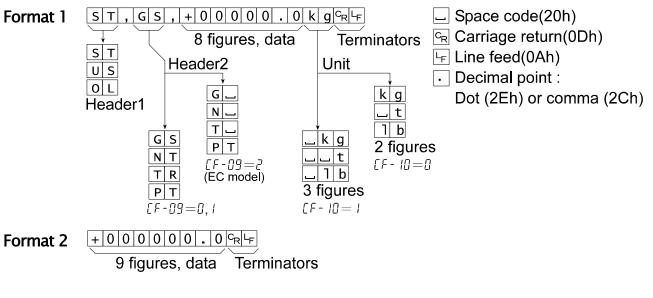
#### Circuit and Pin Connection

Pin No.	Signal name	Direction	Description
2	TXD	Output	Transmission data
3	RXD	Input	Received data
5	SG	-	Signal ground
7	RTS		7 pin and 8 pin are connected
8	CTS	] -	internally.
1,4,6,9			Not used (No connection)
Shell			Shield





- There are two type of data format selected at F-Function F-45.
- The standard serial data output (SER.OUT) uses format 1.



#### Header 1

- ST <u>Stable weighing data.</u>
- US <u>Uns</u>table weighing data.
- 0L Overload (Out of range).

#### Header 2

- GS or G\_ <u>G</u>ro<u>s</u>s data.
- NT or N\_ <u>Net</u> data
- TR or  $T_{-}$  <u>Tare data</u>.
- PT <u>Preset tare data.</u>

#### Data

The first of the data bits is the polarity whether "+" or "-".

When data is zero, the polarity is "+".

Format 1 is 8 figures (bits) including polarity and decimal point(dot or comma).

Format 2 is 9 figures (bits) including polarity and decimal point(dot or comma).

In case of "out of range", the data bits of format 1 are replaced by spaces except the decimal point.

In case of "out of range", the data bits of the format 2 are replaced by all 9's

#### Unit

Function [F - I] is used in common with RS-232C and standard serial data output. In case of [F - I] [] or 2, the unit length is 2 figures.

In case of [F - I] | or  $\exists$ , the unit length is 3 figures. Depending on circumstances,

an A&D printer may not work correctly.

### 12.1.3. Command Format

#### Explanation of Command

- When performing a command, the received command or replay data is sent back.
- When the received command can not be performed such as the "busy" state, the code " I " is sent back. In this case, insert a delay time. Electrical noise may be the cause of this error.
- When receiving an undefined command (unknown command), the code "?" is sent back.
- Optional addresses can be appened to a command. The form of address is "@address" and this address is two figures specified at F-Function F 46.

#### Example: Command is "Display net value". Address is 23.

Sending a command M N CR LF Terminators Command	Sending a command with address
Unperformed command reply I <sup>C<sub>R</sub> <sub>F</sub> Terminators Unperformed command</sup>	Unknown command reply ? <sup>C<sub>R</sub>L<sub>F</sub> Terminators Unknown command</sup>
	<ul> <li>_ Space code(20H)</li> <li>⊆ Carriage return(0Dh)</li> <li>□ Line feed(0Ah)</li> </ul>

### 12.1.4. Command to Request Data

#### **Request Data**

When receiving this command, Display data is sent back immediately.

Templete RW

Command	R	W	c <sub>R</sub>	LF
			-	

Reply  $[S T], [G S], [+] 0 0 1 2 3 . 0 k g C_R L_F$ 

#### Zero Display

The current display is set to the zero point.

Templete	MZ
Command	MZ <sup>C</sup> R <sup>L</sup> F

Reply M Z C<sub>R</sub> L<sub>F</sub>

#### Tare

The current display is set to zero of the net value.

Templete	MT
Command	MTCRLF
Reply	MTCRLF

#### **Clear Tare Value**

The tare value is cleared and the gross value is displayed.

Templete CT

Command	C T C <sub>R</sub> L <sub>F</sub>
Reply	C T C <sub>R</sub> L <sub>F</sub>

#### **Display Gross Value**

The gross value is displayed.

Templete	MG
Command	MGCRLF
Reply	MGCRLF

#### **Display Net Value**

The net value is displayed.

Templete MN

Command	M N C <sub>R</sub> L <sub>F</sub>
Reply	M N C <sub>R</sub> L <sub>F</sub>

# 12.1.6. Commands to Set Parameters

#### Set Preset Tare

The preset tare value is set. The decimal point is not necessary because of according to display.

Templete	PT, [ value ]
Command	$P$ T , + 2 1 3 $C_R$ L <sub>F</sub>
Reply	$P T + 2 1 3 C_R L_F$

#### Set Upper Limit Value

Set the upper limit value of the upper/lower limit comparison. The decimal point is not necessary because of according to display.

Templete	HI , [ value ]
Command	H I , + 5 0 0 0 C <sub>R</sub> L <sub>F</sub>
Reply	H I , + 5 0 0 $0^{C_{R}L_{F}}$

#### Set Lower Limit Value

Set the lower limit value of the upper/lower limit comparison. The decimal point is not necessary because of according to display.

Templete	L0, [ value ]
Command	$L 0$ , – 5 6 0 $C_R L_F$
Reply	$L 0$ , – 5 6 0 $C_R L_F$

#### Set Final Value

Set the final value of the setpoint comparison. The decimal point is not necessary because of according to display.

Templete	S0, [ value ]				
Command	$S 0 , + 7 0 0 0 C_{R}$				
Reply	$S 0 , + 7 0 0 0 C_R L_F$				

#### Set Free Fall Value

Set the free fall value of the setpoint comparison. The decimal point is not necessary because of according to display.

Templete	S1, [ value ]		
Command	$S   1 $ , + $1   6   0   C_R   L_F$		

Communa		-	,	•	-		-	1	
Reply	S	1	,	+	1	6	0	C <sub>R</sub>	۲F
1.5									

#### Set Preliminary Value

Set the preliminary value of the setpoint comparison. The decimal point is not necessary because of according to display.

Templete S2, [value]

Command	S	2	,	+	8	5	0	с <sub>R</sub>	LF
Reply	S	2	,	+	8	5	0	c <sub>R</sub>	LF

#### Set Zero band

Set the zero band value of the setpoint comparison. The decimal point is not necessary because of according to display.

Templete	S3, [ value ]
Command	S 3 , + 7 4 8 $C_R L_F$
Reply	$S 3$ , + 7 4 8 $C_R$ LF

# 12.1.7. Related Functions

	F-Function		Description		
	F-40 0	Displayed data	·		
	F-40	Gross data			
Output Data	F-40 2	Net data			
	F-40 3	Tare value			
	F-40 4	Gross data / Net	data / Tare value		
Output mode	F-Function		Description		
Stream mode	F-4 0	Description of "St	tream Mode" at page 31		
Auto print mode	F-40	Description of "A	uto Print Mode" at page 31		
Manual print mode	F-402	When pressing the	PRINT key each time, the data is output once.		
Command mode (no address)	F-40 3	Defende 1404.0			
Command mode with address	F-40 4	Refer to 12.1.3.0	Command Format" of RS-232C interface.		
Auto-print condition	F-Function		Description		
· · ·	ר וו ח	"Inhibition region	of output" $\leq$ +5d.		
Positive data only	F-42 0	+5d < "permissio	n region of output".		
Positive and	F-42	-5d $\leq$ "inhibition region of output" $\leq$ +5d.			
negative data		"Permission region of	output" < -5d, +5d < "permission region of output".		
	F-Function		Description		
Delay for continual	F-43 0	Not used			
data	F-43	Approximately 2	seconds		
Baud rate	F-44	600 bps, 1200 bp	os, 2400 bps, 4800 bps, 9600 bps		
Data format	F-45	Refer to "12.1.2.[	Data Format" of RS-232C interface.		
F - 46	00 to	Factory setting is 00.			
Address	99	When $F - 4 + 4$ is not selected, $F - 46$ is ineffective.			
(	<b>CF-Function</b>		Description		
[F-07 Data output of tare					
[F-08 Output on o	over load ar	nd unstable state.	Use or not used		
[F-09 Format of H			Selection of TR, PT, GS, NT, T, G and N		
[F - II] Figure num	ber of unit,	decimal point	Two figures or three figures, dot or comma		
[F-   Accumulati	on function		Effective or ineffective		

# 13. Specifications

#### Analog Input and A/D Conversion

Input sensitivity		0.15 μV/division			
Input signal rai	nge	-35 mV to +35 mV			
Load cell excit	ation voltage	5VDC ±5%, 120 mA with sense voltage input			
Load cell drive	capacity	Maximum 8 x 350 $\Omega$ load cells			
Temperature	Zero	±0.02 μV/°C (typ.) ±0.1 μV/°C (max.)			
coefficient	Span	±3ppm/°C (typ.) ±15ppm/°C (max.)			
Non-Linearity		0.005 % of full scale			
Maximum input noise		0.15 μVp-p (typ.)			
Input impedance		10 M $\Omega$ or more			
A/D conversion method		Delta-sigma method			
A/D resolution count		16,000,000 counts			
A/D conversion rate		Approximately 10 times/s			
Maximum display resolution		10000 (permissible 20000)			

#### **Digital Section**

Measu	rement display	7 segment, vacuum fluorescent display tube
	Character color	Cobalt-blue
	Character height	13 mm
State i	ndicator	
	Symbol color	Cobalt-blue
	Symbol	Minus sign, Zero point, Motion detect, Gross, Net,
	Symbol	Preset tare, Storing accumulation data
Unit		
	Character color	Green
	Unit	kg, t, lb

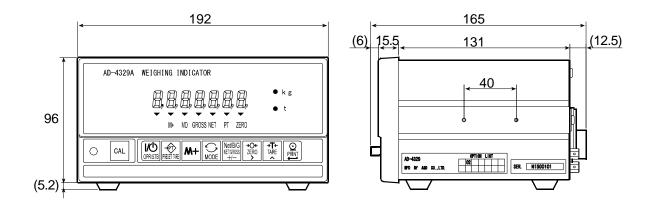
#### Interface

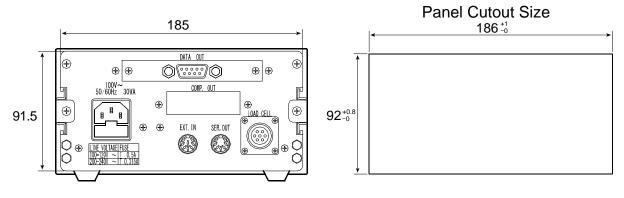
External Control Input	7 contact input terminals selected functions
Standard serial data output	Exclusive output for A&D peripherals
RS-232C interface	Serial interface for communication
Relay output	3 point
	Capacity: 250V AC, 30V DC, maximum current 3A (resistive load)
	Comparison mode selection
	HI, GO, LO output for upper/lower limit comparison
	Zero band, preliminary, free fall, final for setpoint comparison

#### General

Power supply	Selection by internal connector from 100V AC, 120V AC, 200V AC and 220V AC to 240V AC, +10% to -15%, 45Hz to 65Hz
Power consumption	Approximately 30VA
Operation temperature	-10℃ to +40℃ (14℃ to 104℃)
Operation humidity	85% R.H. (no condensation)
Mass	1.8 kg approximately
Dimensions	192(W) x 96(H) x 165(D) mm
Accessories	Refer to "4.1.4.Accessories and Option OP-02"

# 13.1. Dimensions





Unit : mm

Test Equipment Depot - 800.517.8431 - 5 Commonwealth Ave, Woburn, MA 01801 TestEquipmentDepot.com