

BST-MG01 Single Gas Detecting Alarm Manual Instruction



Test Equipment Depot - 800.517.8431 - 99 Washington Street Melrose, MA 02176

TestEquipmentDepot.com

Notice:

BST-MG01 single gas detecting alarm is applied to operation of portable gas detectors like Oxygen(O₂), Hydrogen Sulphid(H₂S), Carbon Monoxide(CO), Nitrogen Monoxide(NO), Nitrogen Dioxide(NO₂), Hydrogen(H₂), Sulphur Dioxide(SO₂), Chlorine(CL₂), Ammonia(NH₃), thylene Oxide(ETO), Carbon Dioxide (CO₂), etc.

This manual will take Oxygen(O₂) gas detector for example to demonstrate, gas detector for other gases have similar specification, please refer to appendix for detailed parameters.

1.Application

BST-MG01O2 portable O₂ gas detecting alarm is applied to the underground coal mine, petrochemical industry, municipal, environmental protection and other spaces where it need to detect the O₂ gas concentration in the environment and provide a alarm function. When the O₂ gas concentration in the environment is higher or lower than that of preset alarm point, this device will send out sound and light alarm to warn the user who wears it to take protective actions. This device is portable and can be also used as a fixed device. This device is intrinsically safe and explosion-proof under mine, the explosion-proof sign is Exib I.

2.Working principle

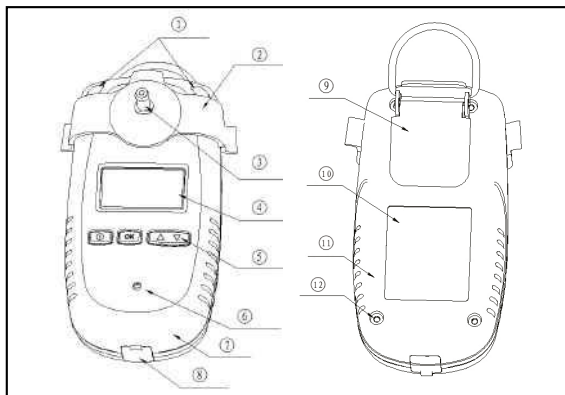
The sensor of this device adopts electrochemical principle. The electrode inside the O₂ sensor will react with O₂ gas in the role of catalyst to achieve the directional movement of electron between electrodes, and make the electrical signal amplified and displayed by amplifyingcircuit technology and other existing technologies so that to achieve the detection of concentration. IR CO₂ sensor adopts infrared principle.

3.Charging this device

Notice: To charge the battery, ensure you are in a safe, non-hazardous area.

- ① Input voltage: 110-240V, 50-60Hz Output voltage: 5V, 500mA.
- ② It can be charged from 5V USB socket through connecting USB cord with this device.
USB socket could from computer, phone adapter, power station, etc.
- ③ After connecting USB cord with this device, green LED flashing indicates regularly charging.
- ④ When green LED stops flashing and remains light, it indicates charging is basically completed, to enlarge battery life, please don't unplug charging device right away, instead remain it on charge for another hour.

4. Drawing sketch and components list



Item	Description
1	Alarm light
2	Calibration mask fixator
3	Calibration mask
4	Display screen
5	button
6	Buzzer
7	Front cover
8	USB plug
9	Clip
10	Label
11	Back cover
12	Mounting screw

5. Technical specification

Technical indicator	Parameter
Measuring range	(0.0-30.0)% vol
Measurement error	(0.0-5.0)% vol: $\pm 5\%$ vol (>5.0~30.0)%vol: $\pm 0.9\%$ vol
Resolution ratio	0.1%vol
Display	Liquid crystal display (LCD) display
Response time	$\leq 35s$ (T90)
Alarm sound intensity	$\geq 75dB$
Alarm light	$\geq 20m$ visible
High alarm point	25.0%vol (can be adjusted in whole range)
Low Alarm point	18.0%vol (can be adjusted in whole range)
Alarm way	Sound, light
Continuous working time	>300 hours

Technical indicator	Parameter
Sensor lifetime	≥2 year (≥5 years for IR sensor)
Working current	5mA
Battery model	3.7V/1500mA
Battery short circuit current	2A
Charging time	4-5 hours
Protection degree	IP65
Working temperature	-25℃~55℃; short time for -40℃~55℃
Size	105×54×32 (mm)

6. Operation instruction

① Instruction of buttons

Button	Description
ⓘ	● On/ off button start this device or shut it down, please long press ⓘ
OK	● yes button press OK (change between detecting interface and function interface)
△	● up button set the data value
▽	● down button set the data value

② On/ off operation

Step	display
Long press on/off button to activate this device, display our company logo "BESANTEK", then go into normal detecting interface.	<p>The diagram illustrates the sequence of displays when the on/off button is long pressed. It starts with a box containing the company logo "BESANTEK". An arrow labeled "Long press ⓘ" points to a display screen. The screen shows the time "09:50" at the top right, the gas type "O2" in the middle, and the concentration "20.9%" on the right side.</p>

③ Interface switch operation

Step	display
<p>Short press OK button, switch between detection interface, high alarm point and low alarm point, etc.</p>	<p>Diagram illustrating interface switching:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> High alarm point display (20.9) → short press OK → Low alarm point display (18.0) Low alarm point display (18.0) → short press OK → High alarm point display (25.0)
<p>Without operation for 6s, automatically returns detecting interface.</p>	<p>Diagram illustrating automatic return to the detecting interface after 6s of inactivity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Low alarm point display (18.0) → without operation for 6s → High alarm point display (20.9) High alarm point display (25.0) → without operation for 6s → High alarm point display (20.9)

④ Setting interface operation

Step	display
<p>Long press OK button to enter the setting interface from high or low alarm point interface, and remain the alarm point setting option with the tip ◀◀L▶▶ (low alarm point setting) or ◀◀H▶▶ (high alarm setting)</p>	<p>Diagram illustrating setting interface operation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> High alarm point display (18.0) → Long press OK → Low alarm point setting interface (18.0) High alarm point display (25.0) → Long press OK → High alarm point setting interface (25.0)



















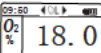
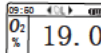
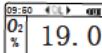
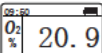
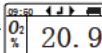
Step	display
<p>Press " $\Delta \nabla$ ", to choose different setting option, eg.: zero setting option $\leftarrow \nabla \rightarrow$, calibration option $\leftarrow \nabla \rightarrow$, time setting option $\leftarrow \square \rightarrow$, exit option $\leftarrow \blacktriangleright \rightarrow$</p>	
<p>Enter into each option by long pressing OK button, and exit it by short pressing OK button under exit option $\leftarrow \blacktriangleright \rightarrow$ to return the detecting interface.</p> <p>Without operation for 6s, automatically returns detecting interface.</p>	

⑤ Zero setting

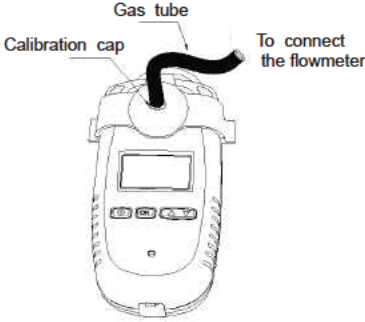
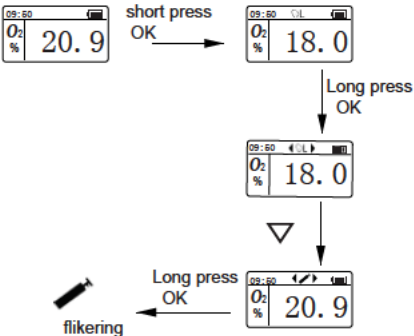
Tip: When this device occurs drift of small value in clean air, user needs to do zero setting operation. Use 100%vol nitrogen gas to zero O₂ and CO₂ sensors. For other gases, it should be carried out in clean air.



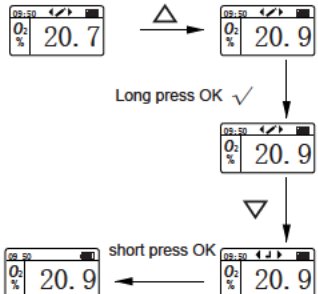
Step	display
<p>If the display value is not 0 of a clean device under 200ml/min nitrogen gas flow, short press OK button and enter into the alarm point interface, then long press OK button to enter the setting option interface \odotL low alarm point or \odotH high alarm point and remain in interface of alarm point option $\leftarrow \odot$L \rightarrow low alarm point or $\leftarrow \odot$H \rightarrow high alarm point.</p>	<pre> graph LR A["02:20 0.1"] -- "short press OK" --> B["02:20 18.0"] B -- "Long press OK" --> C["02:20 18.0"] A -- "short press OK" --> D["02:20 25.0"] D --> E["02:20 25.0"] </pre>
<p>Press up/down button to choose the zero setting option, $\leftarrow \square \rightarrow$ then long press OK button, \square blinking, now carry out the zero setting.</p>	<pre> graph LR A["02:20 18.0"] -- "down" --> B["02:20 0.1"] B -- "Long press OK" --> C["[] flickering"] D["02:20 20.0"] -- "down" --> E["02:20 0.1"] E -- "Long press OK" --> F["[] flickering"] </pre>
<p>When the value is stable, long press OK button to finish the setting successfully and return the zero setting option \square, display value is 0.</p>	<pre> graph LR A["02:20 0.1"] -- "Long press OK" --> B["02:20 0"] </pre>
<p>Wait for 6s or press up/down button to exit options $\leftarrow \downarrow \rightarrow$, then short press OK button to return the detecting interface.</p>	<pre> graph LR A["02:20 0.0"] -- "down" --> B["02:20 0.0"] B -- "short press OK" --> C["02:20 0.0"] </pre>

⑥ Alarm point setting

Step	display
<p>Short press OK button under detecting interface to enter alarm point interface  or , then long press OK button to enter setting option interface and remain alarm point option  or  , then long press OK button to enter the alarm point setting interface, at this time,  or  is blinking.</p>	<p>short press OK →  →  → Long press OK →  → Long press OK → </p> <p>short press OK →  →  → Long press OK →  → Long press OK → </p>
<p>Press up/down button to set the alarm point value. Long press OK button to finish it and return back alarm point option  or  , the display value will be same with the setting alarm point value. Wait for 6s or press up/down button to exit this option  or  , then short press OK button to return the detecting interface.</p>	<p> →  → Long press OK →  →  ← short press OK → </p>

⑦ Calibration

Step	display
<p>Notice: Always carry on zero setting firstly before calibration</p> <p>O₂ sensor can be calibrated in clean air, it also can be calibrated under 20.9%vol oxygen gas, let's take calibration under oxygen gas for example to demonstrate.</p> <p>① Connect the specialized calibration cap to the standard gas tube, and adjust the gas flow to 300ml/min (make sure the flow is stable), exhaust the gas for 30s to empty air in the gas tube.</p>	
<p>② Short press OK button under detecting interface to enter the alarm point interface O_2L or O_2H, then long press OK button to enter setting option interface and remain in the alarm point option interface (O_2L) or (O_2H), then press up/down button to choose the calibration option $\leftarrow \text{CAL} \rightarrow$, long press ok button, and then the $\leftarrow \text{CAL} \rightarrow$ under CAL blinks, then user can carry out the calibration.</p>	

Step	display
<p>③ When the value is stable, press up/down button to adjust the display value and make it same with calibration gas concentration. Long press ok button to finish calibration and return calibration option , wait for 6s or press up/down button to exit the option , then short press OK button to return detecting interface.</p>	 <p>The diagram illustrates the calibration process flow:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initial display: $O_2\%$ 20.7 Pressing the up/down button (represented by Δ) changes the value to 20.9. Pressing the OK button (represented by \checkmark) and "Long press OK" leads to a menu showing $O_2\%$ 20.9 with left and right arrow navigation options. Pressing the down/up button (represented by ∇) leads to another menu showing $O_2\%$ 20.9 with up and down arrow navigation options. Pressing the OK button (represented by \checkmark) and "short press OK" returns the display to $O_2\%$ 20.9.
<p>Notice:</p> <p>A Please don't carry out calibration when the device is alarming for low power</p> <p>B Before calibration, open this device for at least 5 minutes, then carry on zero setting.</p> <p>C Standard gas cylinder could not be shut off during the process of calibration.</p> <p>D Suggest to use 20.9%vol oxygen gas to do the calibration</p> <p>E Calibration cycle is 3-6 months.</p>	

7.Attentions of using this device

- ① Battery of this device shouldn't be removed in underground places, and DO NOT use different batteries from standard one.
- ② Charge this device in ground and safe places.
- ③ The replaceable sensor must be provided by BESANTEK Corporation.

8.Storage and maintenance

Notice: When maintain this device, please don't change any component's parameter, specification and model name

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- ① This device should be kept by special person, and build a registration system.
- ② This device should be stored in dry and well ventilated places if it's not used for a long time.
- ③ DO NOT disassemble this device at will, it must be repaired by specialists.

9.Trouble shooting

- ① If this device couldn't be turned on, maybe it has no power, please charge it firstly.
- ② If the value of this device is not zero in clean air, please carry on zero setting firstly.
(except Oxygen)
- ③ If this device couldn't test accurately, please carry on calibration firstly.
- ④ If this device becomes expired, please purchase a new one.

Appendix

Parameter (Zero setting for all these gas sensors except oxygen sensor must be carried out in clean air)

Gas	Detecting range	Resolution	Respond time	Zero setting gas & concentration	Calibration gas & concentration	Gas flow(ml/min)
O ₂	(0~30)%vol	0.1%vol	≤35s(T90)	N ₂ 100%vol	O ₂ 20.9% / Clean air	300
CO	(0~1000)ppm	1ppm	≤45s(T90)	Clean air	CO 500ppm	300
SO ₂	(0~20)ppm	1ppm	≤45s(T90)	Clean air	SO ₂ 10ppm	300
NO	(0~250)ppm	1ppm	≤45s(T90)	Clean air	NO 100ppm	300
H ₂ S	(0~100)ppm	1ppm	≤45s(T90)	Clean air	H ₂ S 50ppm	300
H ₂	(0~1000)ppm	1ppm	≤45s(T90)	Clean air	H ₂ 500ppm	300
NO ₂	(0~20)ppm	1ppm	≤45s(T90)	Clean air	NO ₂ 10ppm	300
NH ₃	(0~100)ppm	1ppm	≤45s(T90)	Clean air	NH ₃ 50ppm	300
CL ₂	(0~10)ppm	1ppm	≤45s(T90)	Clean air	CL ₂ 5ppm	500
ETO	(0~20)ppm	1ppm	≤140s(T90)	Clean air	C ₂ H ₄ O 10ppm	300
IRCO ₂	(0.00~5.00)%vol	0.01%vol	≤45s(T90)	N ₂ 100%vol	CO ₂ 2.50%vol	250
IRCH ₄	(0.00~5.00)%vol	0.01%vol	≤45s(T90)	Clean air	CH ₄ 2.50%vol	250

Sensor name	Error /Deviation
CO	(0-20)ppm: $\leq \pm 2$ ppm
	(20-100)ppm: $\leq \pm 4$ ppm
	(100-500)ppm: $\leq \pm 5\%$ of testing gas
	(500-1000)ppm: $\leq \pm 6\%$ of testing gas
H ₂ S	(0-49)ppm: $\leq \pm 3$ ppm
	(50-100)ppm: $\leq \pm 10\%$ of testing gas
O ₂	(0.0-5.0)%vol: $\leq \pm 5\%$ vol
	(5.0-30.0)%vol: $\leq \pm 0.9\%$
SO ₂	(0-20)ppm : $\leq \pm 5\%$ FS or ± 1 ppm
NO	(0-250)ppm : $\leq \pm 5\%$ FS
NO ₂	(0-20)ppm: $\leq \pm 5\%$ FS or ± 1 ppm
H ₂	(0-1000)ppm : $\leq \pm 5\%$ of testing gas
NH ₃	(0-100)ppm: $\leq \pm 5\%$ FS
CL ₂	(0-10)ppm: $\leq \pm 5\%$ FS or ± 1 ppm
ETO	(0-20)ppm: $\leq \pm 10\%$ FS
IR CH ₄	(0.00-1.00)%vol: $\leq \pm 0.06\%$ vol
	(1-100)%vol: $\leq \pm 7\%$ of displayed value
IR CO ₂	(0-0.5)%vol: $\leq \pm 0.10\%$ vol
	(0.5-5.0)%vol: $\leq \pm (0.1\%$ vol + 5% of testing gas)