

GDM-357

Operating Manual



Modern Digital Multimeters

I . OVERVIEW

The brand-new GDM-357 is a 2000-count handheld digital multimeter featuring remarkably stable and reliable operation. It is designed with large-scale integrated circuits, a dual integral A/D converter and also offers overload protection for all ranges. The DMM can measure DC&AC voltage, DC&AC current, resistance, capacitance, diode, transistor, temperature, frequency, battery and continuity, which makes it a perfect solution for your work.

II. SAFETY INFORMATION

This instrument is designed and manufactured in compliance with: GB4793, IEC61010-1, IEC1010-2-032, CAT.I 1000V, CATII 600V, Pollution Degree 2 and Double Insulation standards.

Please operate the instrument as specified in the manual, otherwise the protection offered by the instrument would be compromised

- Ensure that it cannot be operated before the back cover is put in place, otherwise there is a risk of electric shock.
- The range switch shall be installed at the correct position.
- Check and ensure the insulation layer of the test leads is in good condition without damage and broken line.
- The red and black test leads should be inserted in the proper terminals and ensured with good contact.
- The input signal is not allowed to exceed the limit value to avoid electric shock and damage. • Switching the range is strictly prohibited during the measurement of voltage and current in order to avoid damaging the instrument.
- Use only the replacement fuse with the same model or identical electrical specifications.
- In order to avoid electric shock, the potential difference between common port "COM" and the "\(\pm \)" earth is not exceeded 1000V.
- When the voltage to be measured is more than 60 DC or 30 Vrms AC, you must be careful to avoid electric shock.
- When the LCD shows the symbol of , you must change the battery in time to ensure the measuring accuracy.
- Turn off the power after finishing the measurement. If you do not use it for a long time, take out the battery.
- Don't operate this instrument under high temperature or high humidity. Especially, it cannot be stored in damp environment. If the instrument is affected with damp, its performance will be compromised.
- Don't change the circuits of the instrument at random, otherwise, you will damage the instrument and be in danger.
- Clean the instrument casing with slightly damp cloth and mild agent. No abrasives and

International Electrical Symbols

	==	Lower battery level	Ŧ	Grounding	Λ	Warning
	· 1))	Buzzer	7	AC	===	DC
-	•	Fuse		Double insulation	*	Diode

III. PRODUCT FEATURES

- 1. There are 30 ranges for function selection.
- 2 LCD display with visible zone 63×29mm.
- 3. Over-range indication "1".
- 4. Display Count: 1999.
- 5. Overload protection for the full range.
- Auto Power Off.
- 7. Temperature Range: Working: 0 °C ~ 40 °C (32 °F ~ 104 °F); Storage: -10 C ~ 50 C (14 T ~ 122 T).
- 8. Low Battery Indication: an on upper left corner of LCD.
- 9. Data Hold
- 10. Physical dimensions: 186mm x 91mm x 39mm
- 11. Weight: Approximate 300g (Main unit+holster+tilt stand+battery, excluding test leads)

IV. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Accuracy: ±(a% reading +digit); the guarantee period is 1 year. Ambient temperature: 23°C +5°C Relative humidity: <75%

DC voltage

Range Res	Resolution	Accuracy
rtange		GDM-357
200mV	100µV	
2 V	1 mV	± (0.5%+1)
20 V	10mV	1 (0.37611)
200 V	100mV	
1000 V	1 V	±(0.8 %+2)

A Input impedance: 10MΩ for all ranges

Overloading protection: For 200mV range, 250V, DC or AC RMS. For other ranges, 750Vrms or 1000Vp-p peak value.

AC voltage

	-		
	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
			GDM-357
	2 V	1 mV	
	20 V	10mV	± (0.8%+3)
	200 V	100mV	
.	750 V	1 V	± (1.5%+5)

Minput impendence: 10 MΩ for all ranges

Frequency range: 45Hz-400Hz

Overloading protection: 750 Vrms or 1000Vp-p peak

Display: Mean value (RMS value of sinewave)

	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
	Range		GDM-357
	2 mA	1µA	<u>+</u> (0.8%+1)
	20 mA	10μΑ	±(0.8%+1)
	200 mA	100µA	±(1.5%+1)
.	10 A	10 mA	±(2.0%+5)

Overloading protection: uA, mA input: 200 mA /250V Φ 5 X 20 mm

A input end: 10A/250V Φ 6 X 25 mm

Maximum input current: 10A (For current over 5A, measuring time shall not exceed 15

Measured voltage drop: 200mV for full range

AC current

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
range		GDM-357
20 mA	10µA	± (1.0%+3)
200 mA	100μΑ	±(1.8%+3)
10 A	10 mA	±(3.0%+5)

Overloading protection: uA, mA input: 200 mA /250V Ф 5 X 20 mm

A input end: 10A/250V Φ 6 X 25 mm

Maximum input current: 10A (For current over 5A, measuring time shall not exceed 15 seconds)

Measured voltage drop: 200mV for full range Display: Mean value (RMS value of sinewave)

Resistance

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
Range		GDM-357
200 Ω	0.1 Ω	±(1.2%+2)
2 kΩ	1 Ω	
20 kΩ	10 Ω	±(1.0%+2)
200 kΩ	100 Ω	
2 ΜΩ	1 kΩ	±(1.2%+2)
20 MΩ	10 kΩ	±(1.5%+2)

Overloading protection: 250V for all ranges, DC or AC RMS.

Note: At $200M\Omega$ range, the instruments normally displays 10 digits when the test leads are shorted. Please subtract 10 digits from the subsequent measurement readings. Relative Humidity ≤65% for measurements at 200MΩ range.

Capacitance

ſ	Range	Resolution	Accuracy		
	Range		GDM-357		
	2 nF	1 pF	± (4.0%+3)		
	20 nF	10 pF			
	200 nF	100 pF	± (4.0 %+3)		
	2 µF	1 nF			
Ī	200 μF	100 nF	≤ 50 μ F \pm (5.0%+4) > 50 μ F, for reference only.		



Testing signal: About 400Hz, 40mVrms

Testing is made after discharging the capacitor.

Temperature

	-			
	Range	Dango		Accuracy
	Range		Resolution	GDM-357
	TEMP ℃	-40 ℃~0 ℃	1 ℃	±(3%+9)
	(-40 ℃~1000 ℃)	0 ℃~400℃		±(1%+5)
	(40 0 1000 0)	400℃~1000℃		±(2%+10)
	TEMP °F	-40 °F~32 °F		±(3%+10)
(-	(-40 °F~1832 °F)	32 T~752 T		±(1%+8)
	(40 1 1002 1)	752 °F~1832°F		± (2 %+18)

Continuity and Diodes

-	_		- 0 100	
	Range	Description	Testing conditions	
	*	Display the forward voltage of diode (approximate value), unit "mV"	Forward DC current about 1 mA Reverse DC voltage about 2.8 V	
	- 1))	Resistance≤10Ω, the buzzer sounds; >10Ω, the buzzer doesn't necessarily sound; Display approximate resistance value, unit: Ω.	Open circuit voltage about 2.8V	

⚠ Overloading protection: 250V DC or AC effective value



Test Equipment 99 Washington Street Depot Melrose, MA 02176 Phone 781-665-1400 Toll Free 1-800-517-8431

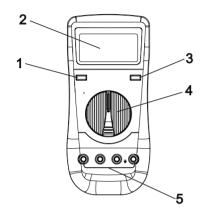


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V. OPERATING METHOD

Precautions before operation:

- 1) Press the POWER switch to check 9v battery. In case of lower battery voltage level, " == " will be shown on the display. In this case, you need to replace the battery.
- "A" symbol near the input terminals means that input voltage or current shall not exceed
 the indicated value so that the internal circuits can be protected from damage.
- 3) Prior to the testing, the functional switch shall be placed at the needed range.
- 4) Multimeter Description
- 1 Power switch
- ② LCD display
- 3 Data hold
- 4 Rotary switch
- ⑤ Input Terminals



Measuring DC Voltage

- 1) Insert test leads into input terminals(Red to V and black to COM).
- Set the rotary switch to V... range; Connect test leads to the power or load under test, and the positive polarity of the test end will indicate.

Notice

- If the scope of voltage to be tested is not known, the functional switch shall be placed at the
 maximum range which will be gradually lowered for testing.
- If the display only shows "1", it indicates over-range. In this case, the functional switch shall be placed at higher range.
- 3) "A" indicates that you must not input a voltage more than 1000 V. It is possible to show a higher voltage, but it has a risk of damaging the internal circuits.
- 4) Special attention shall be given to measurement of high voltage to avoid electric shock.

Measuring AC Voltage

- 1) Insert test leads into input terminals(Red to V and black to COM).
- 2) Set the rotary switch to V ~ range; Connect test leads to the power or load under test.

Notice

- 1) Refer to Notice 1, 2 and 4 in the AC Voltage Measurement
- 2) "A" indicates that you must not input a voltage more than 750 V. It is possible to show a higher voltage, but it has a risk of damaging the internal circuits.

Measuring DC current

- Insert the black test lead into COM terminal. For current≤200mA, insert the red test lead into mA terminal. If current goes up to 10A, insert red test lead into 10A terminal.
- Set the rotary switch to Am range; Connect test leads to the tested circuit in series.
 The polarity of red test lead will show.

Notice

- If the scope of current to be tested is not known, the functional switch shall be placed at the maximum range which will be gradually lowered for testing.
- If the display only shows "1", it indicates over-range. In this case, the functional switch shall be placed at higher range.
- 3) "A=" indicates that the maximum input current is 200Ma. The built-in fuse of 200mA/250V 05 x 20 mm can effectively protect the circuit from burn-out. 10A range use fuse of 10A/250V 06 x 25 mm for protection.

Measuring AC Current

 Insert the black test lead into COM terminal. For current≤200mA, insert the red test lead into mA terminal. If the current goes up to 10A, insert red test lead into 10A terminal. 2) Set the rotary switch to A~ range; Connect test leads to the tested circuit in series.

⚠Notice

1) Refer to Notice 1, 2 and 3 in the Direct Current Measurement.

Measuring Resistance

- 1) Insert test leads into input terminals (Red to Q and black to COM).
- 2) Set the rotary switch to Ω range; Connect test leads to tested resistor in parallel.

A Notice

- If the resistance to be tested is more than the maximum value of the range selected, overrange "1" will be shown. You shall select higher range. For resistance more than 1MΩ and above, the reading can become stable after several seconds; this is normal for high resistance reading.
- 2) When input is not made, such as open-circuit conditions, the instrument shows "1".
- When you check the impendence of internal circuits, power supply to the circuit to be tested must be cut off and all capacitors must be totally discharged.
- 4) There are 10 digits at 200 M Ω short-circuit which shall be subtracted from the reading. For example, 101.0 is shown in measurement of 100 M Ω resistance and the 10 digits shall be subtracted.

Measuring Capacitance

Prior to connection to the capacitance to be tested, note that time for zero reset is needed for each change of range. Existing drift reading cannot influence the testing precision.

A Notic

- Although the capacitance ranges have been protected internally, you still need to discharge all tested capacitors so as to avoid any damage to the instrument or any measurement error.
- 2) In measuring capacitance, insert the capacitor into the capacitance testing seat.
- 3) In measuring large capacitance, it will take a certain time period to get stable reading.
- 4) Unit: 1pF=10-6μF, 1nF=10-3μF

Measuring Temperature

1) In measuring the temperature, insert the cold end (free end) of thermocouple sensor into the temperature terminals and at the same time note the polarity. Place the working end (temperature measuring end) on or inside the object to be tested. You read the temperature directly from the display which is expressed in °C or °T.

Testing Diodes and Continuity

- 2) Connect test leads to the circuit under test, if the resistance between two tested ends is $<10~\Omega$, the built-in buzzer sounds.

Auto Power Off

- 1) Auto Power Off circuit is set for the instrument. When working time of the instrument is about 15min, the power is automatically cut off. Then the instrument goes into sleeping state. In this case, the instrument consumes about 7µA current.
- 2) If you want to restart the power after power off, press the power switch twice.

VI. MAINTENANCE

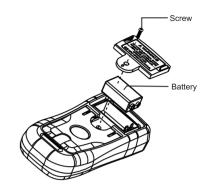
This digital universal meter is an electronic precision instrument. Do not change circuits randomly and note the following aspects:

- 1. Do not connect to voltages higher than 1000V DC or 750AC RMS.
- Do not connect to the voltage source when the function switch is at "current ranges", "Ω" and "→, •••) ".
- Do not use this instrument when the battery is not well connected or its back cover is not tightly installed.
- You can only change the battery or fuse when the test leads are removed and power is cut-off.
 Battery installation or replacement

This product adopts 9V battery. Refer to Fig. 2, install or replace the battery as per the following sequence.

- a. Shut down this product and remove the test leads from input terminals.
- b. Place the product to make its panel face down; unscrew screws on the battery box cover; remove the cover and take the battery out.

c. After the new battery is installed, install the battery cover and tighten the screws.



W. ACCESSORIES

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