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D.C. Milli-Ohm Meter

GOM-804 & GOM-805

USER MANUAL

GW INSTEK PART NO. 82OM-80500E01



ISO-9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURER



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SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This chapter contains important safety instructions that you must follow when operating the GOM-804/805 or when keeping it in storage. Read the following before any operation to insure your safety and to keep the GOM-804/805 in the best possible condition.

Safety Symbols

These safety symbols may appear in this manual or on the GOM-804/805.

WARNING	Warning: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.
CAUTION	Caution: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in damage to the instrument or to other properties.
<u>A</u>	DANGER High Voltage
<u>!</u>	Attention Refer to the Manual
	Protective Conductor Terminal
<u> </u>	Earth (ground) Terminal
	Do not dispose electronic equipment as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased.

Safety Guidelines

General Guideline	 Do not place any heavy objects on the instrument. Avoid severe impact or rough handling that leads to damaging the instrument. Do not discharge static electricity to the instrument. Use only mating connectors, not bare wires, for the terminals. Do not disassemble the instrument unless you are qualified as service personnel. 		
	 (Note) EN 61010-1:2010 specifies the measurement categories and their requirements as follows. The GOM-804/805 doesn't fall under category II, III or IV. Measurement category IV is for measurements performed at the source of low-voltage installation. Measurement category III is for measurements performed in the building installation. Measurement category II is for measurements performed on the circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation. 		
Power Supply	 AC Input voltage: 100 - 240 V AC, 50 - 60Hz, 25VA The power supply voltage should not fluctuate more than 10%. Connect the protective grounding conductor of the AC power cord to an earth ground, to avoid electrical shock. 		
Cleaning the GOM-804/805	 Disconnect the power cord before cleaning. Use a soft cloth dampened in a solution of mild detergent and water. Do not spray any liquid into the instrument. Do not use chemicals or cleaners containing harsh material such as benzene, toluene, xylene, and acetone. 		
Operation Environment	 Location: Indoor, no direct sunlight, dust free, almost non-conductive pollution (Note below) Relative Humidity: < 80% Altitude: < 2000m Temperature: 0°C to 40°C (operation) 		

	 (Note) EN 61010-1:2010 specifies the pollution degrees and their requirements as follows. The GOM-804/805 falls under degree 2. Pollution refers to "addition of foreign matter, solid, liquid, or gaseous (ionized gases), that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity". Pollution degree 1: No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence. Pollution degree 2: Normally only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused by condensation must be expected. Pollution degree 3: Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, non-conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation which is expected. In such conditions, equipment is normally protected against exposure to direct sunlight, precipitation, and full wind pressure, but neither temperature nor humidity is controlled.
Storage Environment	 Location: Indoor Temperature: -10°C to 70°C
Disposal	Do not dispose this instrument as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased. Please make sure discarded electrical waste is properly recycled to reduce environmental impact.

Power cord for the United Kingdom

When using the instrument in the United Kingdom, make sure the power cord meets the following safety instructions.

NOTE: This lead / appliance must only be wired by competent persons

WARNING: THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED

IMPORTANT: The wires in this lead are coloured in accordance with the following code:

Green/ Yellow: Earth

Blue: Neutral

Brown: Live (Phase)

As the colours of the wires in main leads may not correspond with the coloured marking identified in your plug/appliance, proceed as follows:

The wire which is coloured Green & Yellow must be connected to the Earth terminal marked with either the letter E, the earth symbol or coloured Green/Green & Yellow.

The wire which is coloured Blue must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured Blue or Black.

The wire which is coloured Brown must be connected to the terminal marked with the letter L or P or coloured Brown or Red.

If in doubt, consult the instructions provided with the equipment or contact the supplier.

This cable/appliance should be protected by a suitably rated and approved HBC mains fuse: refer to the rating information on the equipment and/or user instructions for details. As a guide, a cable of 0.75mm² should be protected by a 3A or 5A fuse. Larger conductors would normally require 13A types, depending on the connection method used.

Any exposed wiring from a cable, plug or connection that is engaged in a live socket is extremely hazardous. If a cable or plug is deemed hazardous, turn off the mains power and remove the cable, any fuses and fuse assemblies. All hazardous wiring must be immediately destroyed and replaced in accordance to the above standard.

GETTING STARTED

This chapter describes the GOM-804/805 in a nutshell, including its main features as well as its front and rear panels. After going through the panel overview, follow the Power-up sequence before attempting to use the instrument.

Please note the information in this manual was correct at the time of printing. However as GW Instek continues to improve its products, changes can occur at any time without notice. Please see the GW Instek website for the latest information and content.



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GOM-804/805 Characteristics

GOM-804 and GOM-805 are modern high precision programmable DC Milli-ohm meters suitable for low resistance measurements of switches, relays, connectors, PCB tracks and a variety of other devices. The meters feature a color TFT-LCD screen with easy-to-read measurement results. With the easy-to-use features, superior performance and automatic test interfaces, these meters are dependable instruments for resistance measurements.

Easy to Use Features	Each test function on the GOM-804/805 can be easily activated by pressing a single front panel key. All the settings and measurement results are displayed and set on the TFT-LCD panel at the same time making each function naturally intuitive to use.	
	Each primary and secondary measurement result is displayed prominently on the display along with any corresponding settings. For sequential measurement results, such as those from the scan or binning function, are tabulated in an intuitive and easy-to-read format.	
	In addition, the meters can recall previously used settings upon startup, allowing the meter to be ready the next time it used in a matter of moments. The meters can also save or recall up to 20 sets of function settings.	
Performance	The GOM-804/805 has nine selectable measurement ranges from $50m\Omega$ to $5M\Omega$, a constant current source of 1uA to 1A, an accuracy of up to 0.05%, a 1u Ω resolution and performs measurements using four wire Kelvin connections for accurate, consistent measurements.	
	The ability to choose between high accuracy measurements at 10 samples/sec (full scale at 50000 counts) or high speed measurements at 60 samples/sec (full scale at 50000 counts), allows the GOM-804/805 the flexibility to fulfill a number of different measurement roles.	

Advanced Temperature Measurements	The GOM-804/805 has a number of advanced temperature functions that can be used with the optional temperature probe, PT-100.		
	The temperature compensation function can extrapolate what the resistance of a DUT will be at a desired temperature, if the temperature coefficient of the DUT and the resistance of the DUT at ambient temperature are known.		
	The temperature conversion function can be used to extrapolate what the temperature rise of a DUT will be at specified resistance if the initial resistance, initial temperature and the constant for the DUT are known.		
Drive Signals	The GOM-805 can select a number of different drive signals to suit a number of different measurement scenarios, for example the Pulse setting can be used to cancel the effects of thermoelectric EMF on the measurement results.		
Dry Circuit Testing	Dry circuit testing allows the GOM-805 to measure the contact resistance of switches and connectors according to the DIN IEC 512 and ASTM B539 standards. The open circuit voltage will not exceed 20mV in this mode to prevent the oxidization layer on metal switches and connector points from breakdown. GOM-805 only.		
Automatic Testing	For automatic testing The GOM-804/805 has a handler interface designed for automatic testing. The handler interface outputs the status of PASS, FAIL, HI, LO, READY and EOT signals and inputs a trigger control signal. Automatic testing is used with the binning, compare and scan functions.		
	For computer control applications, RS-232 and USB are standard remote interfaces, with GPIB as standard only for the GOM-805 and GOM-804G.		

Applications	• Production testing for contact resistance of switches, relays, connectors, cables and printed circuit boards and other low resistance devices.
	• Component testing of resistors, motors, fuses and heating elements.
	• Incoming inspection and quality assurance testing.
	• Conductivity evaluation for product design.

Key Features

- 50,000 counts
- Measurement Range: $50m\Omega \sim 5M\Omega$
- Accuracy of up to 0.05%
- Compare function
- Binning function
- Manual or Auto-ranging
- Continuous or Triggered measurement modes
- Temperature measurement, temperature compensation and temperature conversion
- Four-wire Kelvin measurement method
- Selectable power-on settings
- Diode test
- Alarm settings for function-specific PASS/FAIL test results
- Sampling rate: 10 or 60 sampling/sec
- Standard interfaces: USB/RS232/Scan/Handler/GPIB(GOM-805, GOM-804G)
- Save/Recall settings: 20 memory sets
- External I/O logic function

Model Lineup

Feature / Model	GOM-804	GOM-804G*	GOM-805
Ohm Measurement	~	~	~
Compare Function	~	~	~
Diode Measurement	~	~	~
Temp. Compensation	~	~	~
Temp. Conversion	~	~	~
Temp Measurement	~	~	~
Dry Circuit	×	×	~
Drive Selection	×	×	~
Binning Function	×	×	~
GPIB Interface	×	~	~

* The GOM-804G is simply the GOM-804 with the factory-installed GPIB option. Please note that the GPIB option cannot be user-installed on the GOM-804. The option must be ordered prior to purchase.

Front Panel Overview



GND Terminal	GND	Connect the GND (ground) terminal to the earth ground.
GUARD Terminal	GUARD	The GUARD terminal has the same potential as earth, but cannot be substituted for it. Connect the GUARD terminal to the cable shield layer of the test leads to help reduce noise.
Function Keys	Ohm	The Ohm key activates the resistance measurement function.
	Compare	The Compare key activates the comparator function.
	Binning	The Binning key activates the binning function to grade the DUTs into eight bins according to the tolerance settings. GOM-805 only.
	ТС	The TC key activates the TC (temperature compensation) function which calculates the resistance of a DUT at a specified temperature given the resistance of the DUT at the ambient temperature and the temperature coefficient of the DUT is known.
	TCONV	The TCONV (Temperature Conversion) function calculates the temperature of a DUT given an initial temperature, initial resistance, measured resistance and a constant (inferred zero resistance temperature) for the DUT.
	TEMP	The TEMP key activates the temperature measurement function.

Speed	The Speed key toggles between 10 samples per second and 60 samples per second (Slow rate and Fast rate).
REL	The REL key is used to perform a zero adjustment to the test leads or a DUT.
RT	The RT key is used to display the real-time (not averaged) measured resistance value.
Scan	The Scan key is used to turn on the Scan function.
Dry	The Dry key is used to turn on the dry circuit measurement mode which allows the GOM-805 to measure the contact resistance of switches and connectors according to DIN IEC 512 and ASTM B539 standards. GOM-805 only.
Trigger	When in the internal trigger mode, pressing the Trigger key will turn on the external trigger mode. When in the external trigger mode, pressing the Trigger key will perform a manual trigger.
	A long press of the Trigger key when in external trigger mode will reset the trigger mode back to the internal trigger mode.
Display	The Display key toggles between the standard display mode and the simplified display mode (sans menus and display icons).
Local	The LOCAL key will switch the milliohm meter between local and remote mode.
Diode	The Diode key is used to turn on the Diode measurement function.

Arrow Keys, Enter Key

Drive +	The Drive key in conjunction with the up/down arrow keys is used to select the measuring signal: DC+, DC-, Pulse, PWM, Zero. In particular, the Zero setting can be used as a +/-10mV DC voltmeter to measure the EMF of passive components. See page 33 for details. GOM-805 only. The drive signal is fixed to DC+ on the GOM-804.
Range	Long pressing the Range key will activate the auto ranging mode.
Range +	The <u>Range</u> key in conjunction with the up/down arrow keys is used to select the resistance measurement range.
	When in auto ranging mode, pressing the Range key will activate the manual ranging mode.
ESC	The ESC key cancels the current setting and returns the cursor to its default location or returns to the previous menu, depending on the circumstances.
	The arrow keys and Enter key are used to edit parameters, to navigate the menu system and to select parameter ranges.

TFT-LCD Overview



Function ControlThe function control indicators show all the currentlyIndicatorsactive settings for the selected function mode:

0		
Func	Currently selected function mode	
Range	The measurement range. Auto indicates that auto ranging is active	
Trigger mode	Int/Ext	
Rate	Slow/Fast	
Drive:	DC+, DC-, Pulse, PWM, Zero	
Rel	Shows the relative (nominal) reference value	
Avg	Number of samples used for the Average function.	
Dry	Indicates that the dry circuit function is active	
Err	Indicates a remote command error	

	RMT	Indicates that the unit is in remote control mode
	Mem No.	Indicates which memory setting has been recalled
Main Measurement Display	Shows all measurement results for the selected function mode.	
Function Mode Settings	Shows any function mode-specific settings.	
Secondary Menus	The secondary System, Memor menus.	menus show global menus (Meas. Setup), y) as well as function-specific secondary
	Meas. Setup	Goes to the global Measurement Setup menu.
	System	Goes to the global System menu
	Memory	Allows you to save, recall and clear memory settings.
	View	Shows the all results for all the channels when a scan has finished.
	Clear	Clears the measurement results in the Binning function when the display mode is set to Count.

Rear Pane	l Overvie	W
GPIB port	RS232 port	Handler/Scan/Ext I/O
AC 100-240V ~ . 50-50H2 AC 100-240V ~ . 50-50H2	TO ADD B BROX REMOVE BEFORE OPENING.	HANDLER / SCAI / EXT 10 SENSOR SENSOR C C C C C C C C C C C C C
AC Input	AC 100 - 240V ∼ , 50 - 60Hz 25VA MAX	Accepts the power cord. AC 100 - 240Vac; 50 - 60Hz. For the power up sequence, see page 24.
RS-232 Port		Accepts an RS-232C cable for remote control; DB-9 male connector. For remote control details, see page 92.
GPIB Port	GPIB	Accepts a GPIB cable for remote control. See page 93 for details.
USB Device Port	***	USB device port for remote control. See page 90 for details.
Handler / Scan / EXT I/O Port		The Handler / Scan / EXT I/O port is used to output pass/fail/high/low comparison results. This port is also used for the user-programmable EXT I/O pins.

Temperature Sensor Port



The temperature sensor input is for the optional PT-100 temperature probe.

Set Up

Tilt Stand

Tilt

To tilt, pull the legs forward, as shown below.



Stand Upright To stand the unit upright, push the legs back under the casing as shown below.



Power Up

1. Connection Ensure that the input AC power voltage is within the range of $100 \sim 240$ V.

Connect the power cord to the AC Voltage input.



CAUTION Ens

Ensure the ground connector of the power cord is connected to a safety ground. This will affect the measurement accuracy.

1. Power up Press the main power switch on the front panel.



The display will light up and show the last setting used before the last shut down.

 Func : Ohm
 5 MΩ
 Auto Int
 Slow
 Drive : DC+

 •
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 •
 •
 •

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 •
 •
 •

Example: Resistance measurement mode

4 Wire Kelvin Connection

Background	The GOM-804/805 uses 4 wire Kelvin connections for accurate measurements.
Connection Diagram	SOURCE SENSE SENSE SENSE SOURCE



Description	Source +	The Source + terminal carries the measuring current source. It is connected to the + side of the DUT.
	Source -	The Source - terminal accepts the signal return current and connects to the – side of the DUT.
	Sense +	Monitors the positive (+) potential.
	Sense -	Monitors the negative (-) potential.
	Guard	Grounds the shielding layer of the test lead cables to reduce noise.
	GND	Provides a reference ground for the GOM-804/805.

Zeroing (Relative Function)

Background	The Relative function is used to perform a zero adjustment on the test leads.
	After the Relative value is pre-set, each measurement that is displayed is equal to the actual value minus the relative preset value.

1. Short theShort the test cables together as shown in the diagramcablesbelow:



2. Set the Press the REL key. Reference value



EASUREMENT



Resistance	Resistance Measurement29		
	Select the Resistance Range		
Drive Signal	Measuring Signal (Drive) Overview		
	Select Measuring Signal (Drive)		
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Resistance Measurement



Select the Resistance Range

Background	The resistance range can be used with normal resistance measurement as well as the temperature compensation function.		
Manual	Press the Range key and use the up and down arrow keys to manually select the resistance range.		
	Meas.Setup Syste	m Memory (500 Ω → Set range	
		Range select 🔍	
Auto Range	Long press the ranging.	Range key to turn on automatic	
	Range, Func : Ohm 500	Auto range Ω Auto Int Slow Drive : DC+	
Selection List	Range	Resolution	
	50mΩ	luΩ	
	500mΩ	10uΩ	
	5Ω	100uΩ	
	50Ω	lmΩ	
	500Ω	10mΩ	
	5kΩ	100mΩ	
	50kΩ	1Ω	
	500kΩ	10Ω	
	5ΜΩ	100Ω	
Note	For detailed spe on page 152.	cifications, please see the specifications	

Measuring Signal (Drive) Overview

Background	Resistance measurement has 5 different measuring signals that can be applied to obtain a resistance measurement: DC+, DC-, Pulse, PWM, Zero. These 5 signals are described in below.		
Note	The drive function is only applicable to the GOM-805. The drive signal for the GOM-804 is fixed to DC+.		
DC+	$\sim +6.5V$ Op 0V t	en circuit Default drive voltage signal.	
DC-		Negative drive signal. en circuit /oltage	
Pulse	$\begin{array}{c} V \\ 50ms \\ 0V \\6.5V \\ \hline 50ms \\ 50ms \\ \hline \end{array} t$	This mode can be used to eliminate the thermoelectric EMF formed on the contact between a test lead and a DUT.	
PWM	$\sim +6.5V$ ON duty 0V t	This mode can be used to avoid heating up the DUT and thus avoid having the measurement accuracy compromised on temperature-sensitive DUTs.	
Zero	$0 \bigvee f \rightarrow t$	In this mode, GOM-805 outputs no measuring signal on the Source loop; therefore, the Sense loop can be used as a voltage meter which can measure up to +/-10mV for thermoelectric EMF measurement. This function is useful for measuring the Vemf of thermocouple wires.	

A note about Thermoelectric EMF

When making low resistance measurements, thermoelectric electromotive force (Vemf) can affect measurement accuracy. Vemf is created at the junction of two dissimilar metals, such as the contact point of a test lead and the pin of a DUT. Vemf adds a small but measurable voltage to the measurement.

There are primarily two different methods to compensate for Vemf in low resistance measurements: Offset Compensation and Vemf Cancelling. The GOM-805 uses Vemf Cancelling with the pulse drive signal setting (see page 33).

The Pulse drive mode supplies a positive and a negative measurement current source.



This produces a positive and negative measurement voltage across the DUT, which also includes the Vemf (V1+Vemf & V2+Vemf).



To cancel the Vemf, V2 is deducted from V1 and divided by 2 to get the average measurement, as shown in the formula below:

$$Vx = \frac{(V1 + Vemf) - (V2 + Vemf)}{2}$$

Where Vx = measured voltage sans Vemf.

Select Measuring Signal (Drive)

Background	Resistance measurement has 5 different measuring signals that can be applied to obtain a resistance measurement: DC+, DC-, Pulse, PWM, Zero.
Note	The drive function is only applicable to the GOM-805. The drive signal for the GOM-804 is fixed to DC+.

1. Select Drive Press the Drive key and use the up and down arrow keys to select a drive signal.



Select Measurement Rate

Background	The resistance measurement speed has 2 ranges: slow and fast. Slow speed is the most accurate with 10 measurements/second. Fast speed has 60 measurements/second. Both have the same measurement resolution.
	The rate selection function is not applicable in Diode measurement mode. When the PWM drive signal is used or when the Scan function is activated, the only available rate setting is fast.
1. Select Rate	Press the Speed key to toggle between the Slow and Fast rates.
	Measurement rate
	Func : Ohm 500 mΩ Int Fast Drive : DC+

Display Mode	
Background	The Display key can be used to toggle between the normal and the simplified display mode. The simplified display mode clears all text, menus and function indicators from the screen except for the measurement and measurement mode indicators.
1. Toggle Display mode	Press the Display key to toggle the display between normal and simplified. The display will change accordingly.
Simplified Display Mode Example	Measurement mode

display

View Real-Time Measurement

Background When measurements are smoothed using the averaging function, the RT key can be used to view the real-time results in addition to the averaged results.

See page 60 for Average configuration.

1. TogglePress theRTkey to toggle the real-time display onReal-Timeor off.

The real-time measurement will appear in the bottom left-hand corner.


Dry-Circuit Measurement

Background	The Dry Circ maximum op minimum for resistance of GOM-805 pr mode.	euit measurement fun en-circuit voltage mu applications such as switches, relays and c ovides a maximum o	ction is used where the ast be kept to a measuring the contact connectors. The f up to 20mV in this
Note	Dry circuit testing is for switch and connector contact resistance. Switch and connector contact resistance measurement is in accordance with DIN IEC 512 and ASTM B539 which requires that the open circuit voltage of the measuring device should not exceed 20mV DC. Voltage at such low levels avoids the breakdown of any oxides that may be present on the contacts. In this mode the open circuit measuring voltage is limited <20mV, while modes like DC+ or pulse mode can have an open circuit measuring voltage as high as 6.5V.		
Dry Limitations	When the Dry Circuit measurement function is turned on, the measurement range is reduced. See the specifications for more details.		
	Range	Dry Mode	Rate
	$50 \mathrm{m} \mathbf{\Omega}$	×	
	500 m Ω	v	Slow/Fast
	5Ω	v	Slow/Fast
	50 Ω	v	Slow/Fast
	500 Ω	×	
	5k Ω	×	
	50 k Ω	×	
	500k Ω	×	
	5M Ω	×	

1. Toggle DryPress the Drykey to toggle the dry circuitmode on or offmeasurement mode on or off.

The DRY function indicator will appear in the middle of the display when active.



Dry Circuit measurement mode indicator

Using the Trigger Function

Background	The GOM-804/805 can use internal or manual triggering for the Resistance, Temperature, Temperature Compensation, Temperature Conversion, Binning, Handler and Scan modes. By default the GOM-804/805 is set to internal triggering mode.		
1. Select Manual Trigger	Short press Trigger to switch to manual triggering mode.		
	The Ext indicator will be shown on the display when the manual trigger is active.		
	Trigger source		
	Func:Ohm 500 Ω Auto Ext Fast Drive:DC+		
2. Manually Triggering Measurements	Short press the Trigger key each time you want to start a single measurement (when in the manual mode).		

3. Internal Triggering	Long press Trigger to return the triggering mode back to internal mode.
	The Int indicator will be shown on the display.
	Internal trigger source
	Func : Ohm 500 Ω Int Slow Drive : DC+

n
The Diode function can be used to measure the forward bias voltage of a diode under test.
Press Diode to access the Diode measurement mode.
Diode function indicator Func: Diode Int OOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO
Connect the Sense+, Source+ to the anode. Connect the Sense-, Source- to the cathode.

Compare Function

Background The compare function compares a measured value to a "Reference" value that has an upper (HI) and lower (LO) limit. If the measured value is within the upper and lower limit, then the measured value is judged as IN.

There are three compare modes that can be used to make a judgment: ABS, \triangle % and % modes.

The ABS mode displays the absolute difference between the measured and the reference value (shown as \triangle) and compares the measured value to the upper (HI) and lower (LO) limit. The upper and lower limits are set as absolute resistance values.



Reference, limits, compare mode and beep mode

A measured value that falls within the upper and lower limits is considered IN (pass), a value that falls below the lower limits is considered LO, and a value that falls over the upper limit is a HI.



[Note that the reference value in the ABS mode is only for reference purposes and is not used to make a judgment.] The \triangle % compare function displays the deviation of the measured value from the reference value as a percentage. { [(Measured Value-Reference)/Reference]%}.



Reference, limits, compare mode and beep mode

The upper (HI) and low (LO) limits are set as a percentage *from* the reference value. (Identical to the % compare mode)

A measured value that falls within the upper and lower limits is considered IN (pass), a value that falls below the lower limits is considered LO, and a value that falls over the upper limit is a HI.



The % compare mode displays the measured value as a percentage of the reference value [(Measured Value/Reference Value)%].

The upper (HI) and low (LO) limits are set as a percentage *from* the reference value. (Identical to the \triangle % compare mode)



mode and beep mode

A measured value that falls within the upper and lower limits is considered IN (pass), a value that falls below the lower limits is considered LO, and a value that falls over the upper limit is a HI.



For all the compare modes, IN, HI or LO will be shown on the display for each judgment.

1. Select the Press Compare to access the compare mode, as shown compare function above.

Use the arrow k the Enter key to	eys to navigate to toggle the compa	the Mode setting. Press are mode.
Reference : 061.8400 Ω Upper : +010.00 % Lower : -010.00 % Meas.Setup System	Mode : ∆% Beep : fail Memory	Move
	Mode	Enter loggle
Range	Abs,∆%, %	
	Use the arrow k the Enter key to Reference : 061.8400 Ω Upper :+010.00 % Lower :-010.00 % Meas.Setup System	Use the arrow keys to navigate to the Enter key to toggle the compa- \mathbb{N} Reference : 061.8400 Ω (Mode : Δ % Upper :+010.00 % Beep : fail Lower :-010.00 % Meas.Setup System Memory Mode Range Abs, Δ %, %

3. ReferenceUse the arrow keys to navigate to the Reference settingvalue settingand press Enter.

Use the left and right arrow keys to select a digit. Use the up and down arrow keys to edit the value of the selected digit and the unit. Press Enter to confirm the setting.

	Move and edit	
	Range: $000.0001 \sim 999.9999$ $(m\Omega/\Omega/k\Omega/M\Omega)$	
Note	After setting the Reference value, the displayed \triangle , % or \triangle % values will be changed to reflect the new Reference value setting.	
4. Upper & lower limit setting	Use the arrow keys to navigate to the Upper or Lower limit setting and press Enter.	
	Use the left and right arrow keys to select a digit. Use the up and down arrow keys to edit the value of the selected digit. Press Enter to confirm the setting.	
	Repeat for the other limit (Upper or Lower).	
	Setting Range: ABS mode: $000.0000 \sim 999.9999$ (m $\Omega/\Omega/k\Omega/M\Omega$) \triangle % and % mode: -999.99 ~ +999.99	
Note	The upper limit must be higher than the lower limit. Not setting the upper limit higher than the lower limit is not allowed. Likewise the lower limit cannot be set higher than the upper limit.	

5. Beep setting Use the arrow keys to navigate to the Beep setting.Press Enter to toggle the beep setting.



Binning Function

BackgroundThe Binning function is used to grade DUTs into eight
different bins according to 8 sets of upper and lower
limits. Two compare modes can be used in this function,
ABS and \triangle % modes.

	Binning function indicator	Grading results	
	Func : Bin 500 Ω	Auto Int Fast Drive:DC+	
	61.84	Ω 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	
	Bin Upper Lowe 1 062.0000 Ω 061.90 2 061.9000 Ω 061.80 3 061.8000 Ω 061.70 4 061.7000 Ω 061.60	r Bin Upper Lower 00 Ω 5 061.6000 Ω 061.5000 9 00 Ω 6 061.5000 Ω 061.4000 9 00 Ω 7 061.4000 Ω 061.3000 9 00 Ω 8 061.3000 Ω 061.0000	Upper and lower limits for the 8 bins
	Reference : 061.5000 Ω Beep : Off Meas.Setup System	Mode : ABS (Disp : Comp Miemory	P
	Reference, co mode an	mpare mode, beep d display mode	
the	Press the Binning	key to access th	is function.

 Select the Binning function

Use the arrow keys to go to the Mode setting.

2. Select the compare mode

Press Enter to toggle between ABS or \triangle % compare

 modes.

 2 061.9000 Ω 061.8000 Ω 6 061.5000 Ω 061.4000 Ω 4 061.7000 Ω 061.8000 Ω 8 061.3000 Ω 061.3000 Ω 4 061.7000 Ω 061.6000 Ω 8 061.3000 Ω 061.0000 Ω

 Reference: 061.5000 Ω
 Mode: ABS

 Beep : Off
 Disp: comp

 Meas.Setup
 System

 Mode setting
 Enter

 ABS
 Mode allows you to set

 the upper and lower limits of each

 bin as absolute resistance values.

 △%
 The Delta % mode allows you to set

 the upper and lower limits of each

 bin as absolute resistance values.

Note	For further details on the ABS or $ riangle$ % compare modes, see the description in the Compare section, page 41.		
3. Reference value setting	Although the 8 bins have their own upper and lower limits, they still share a common reference value.		
	Use the arrow keys to go to the Reference setting and press Enter.		
	Use the left and right arrow keys to select a digit. Use the up and down arrow keys to edit the value of the selected digit and the unit. Press Enter to confirm the setting.		
	Move and edit	2 061.9000 Ω 061.8000 Ω 6 061.5000 Ω 061.4000 Ω 3 061.8000 Ω 061.7000 Ω 7 061.4000 Ω 061.3000 Ω 4 061.7000 Ω 061.6000 Ω 8 061.3000 Ω 061.0000 Ω Reference: 061.5000 Ω 8 061.3000 Ω 061.0000 Ω Reference: 061.5000 Ω Mode: ABS Beep Off Disp: Comp Meas Setur System Memory	
	Enter Select and confirm	Reference	
	Range	$\frac{000.0001}{999.9999}(m\Omega/\Omega/k\Omega/M\Omega)$	
4. Upper & lower limit settings	Use the arrow ke bin and press En	eys to go to the upper limit of the first ter.	
	Use the Left and	Right arrow keys to select a digit. Use	

Use the Left and Right arrow keys to select a digit. Use the Up and Down arrow keys to edit the value of the selected digit and unit. Press the Enter key to confirm the setting.

Repeat for the lower setting.

Repeat for the remaining bins.



Note	The upper limit must be higher than the lower limit. Not setting the upper limit higher than the lower limit is not allowed. Likewise the lower limit cannot be set higher than the upper limit.	
5. Beep setting	Use the arrow keys to navigate to the Beep setting.	
	Press Enter to toggle the beep setting.	
	2 061.9000 Ω 061.8000 Ω 6 061.5000 Ω 061.4000 Ω 3 061.8000 Ω 061.7000 Ω 7 061.4000 Ω 061.3000 Ω 4 061.7000 Ω 061.3000 Ω 061.0000 Ω 061.0000 Ω Reference : 061.5000 Ω Mode : ABS Beep : Off Disp : Comp Meas.Setup System Memory Memory Ofference	
	Beep setting	
	Beep Setting: Off, Pass, Fail	
Note	The Beep setting can also be set from the System>Utility>Beep>Binning menu.	
6. To start binning	The binning function starts automatically if you are in internal trigger mode.	
	If you are using the manual triggering mode, press the Trigger button or apply a pulse on the trigger pin of the Handler interface to start binning.	
	See page 38 to set the triggering modes.	
7. Display the	There are two different display modes to view results.	
binning results	The Comp (Compare) display mode is the default display mode. This mode will display the currently measured value and displays which of the bins (if any) the measured value is graded as.	
	Grading results: Green = IN Red = OUT Func : Bin 500 Ω Auto Int Fatt Drive : DC+	
	Measurement -61.84Ω $1 2 3 4$ 5 6 7 8 Bin Upper Lower Bin Upper Lower	

The Count display mode tabulates the results on the right-hand side of the display and shows the bin settings on the left.



Upper and lower limits of Bin 1~8

To toggle the display mode, go to the Disp setting and press Enter.



8. How to clear the result count

When in the Count display mode, press the ESC key. Go to the Clear setting and press Enter. The accumulated results will be cleared from the display.



Temperature Measurement

Background	 The temperature measurement function uses the optional PT-100 temperature probe. The measured temperature is displayed on the display. For more information on the optional PT-100 sensor, see the appendix on page 149. There is only one range for the temperature function. However the resistance measurement range can still be changed when in the temperature function. 		
Note:	The temperature measurement function is used in conjunction with the Ohm measurement function. The two measurements share the same display, so the Ohm readings stay on the display even after the temperature measurement function is activated. Thus when the Temperature function is selected, "Ohm+T" is shown as the selected function.		
 Select the Temperature function 	Press TEMP to enter the temperature measurement function.		
	Temperature + Ohm function indicator Func : Ohm+T 500 Ω Auto Int Fast Drive : DC+ 61.83 Ω 23.8 Ω		
	Meas.Setup System Memory The temperature is displayed on the Ohm display.		
2. Select the temperature units	From the bottom menu, go to Meas. Setup>Temperature Unit and select °C or °F.		

See page 65 for setting details.

3. Ambient Temperature	The Ambient temperature setting should be turned off when using the temperature function.	
	From the bottom menu go to Meas. Setup > Ambient Temperature and turn the Ambient Temperature setting off.	
	See page 66 for setting details.	
4. Temperature mode	The temperature sensor uses the rear panel TC Sensor port for input.	
connection	PT-100 temperature sensor	

Temperature Compensation

Background

If the resistance of a DUT at a particular temperature is needed, the compensation function can be used. This function can simulate the resistance of a DUT at a desired temperature. If the ambient temperature and the temperature coefficient of the DUT are known, it is possible to determine the resistance of a DUT at any temperature.

The Temperature Compensation works on the following formula:

$$R_{t0} = \frac{R_t}{1 + \alpha_{t0}(t - t_0)}$$

Where: $R_t = \text{Measured resistance value } (\Omega)$ $R_{t0} = \text{Corrected resistance value } (\Omega)$ $T_0 = \text{Inferred absolute temperature}$ $t_0 = \text{Corrected temperature } (^{\circ}\text{C})$ $t = \text{Current ambient temperature } (^{\circ}\text{C})$ $a_{t0} = \text{Temperature coefficient of resistance at the correct}$ temperature. $a_{t0} = \frac{1}{|T_0| + t_0|}$.

 Select the Temperature Compensation mode 	Press TC to access the Temperature Compensation function.		
	The temperature-compensated resistance measurement will appear on the display.		
	TemperatureExtrapolated resistancecompensationmeasurement at the desiredfunction indicator("correct") temperature		
	Fune: TC 500 Ω Auto Int Fast Drive: DC+ 67.58 Ω Ambient 23.4 C Ambient Correct Temperature :+045.0 °C Ambient Temperature Coefficient :+3930 ppm Memory Ambient Correct Temperature, System Memory Correct Temperature, System Correct Temperature Coefficient settings Memory Correct Temperature, System		
2. Ambient Temperature	The ambient temperature can be either measured with the PT-100 sensor or be set manually.		
	If using the PT-100 sensor the Ambient temperature setting should be turned off. If the PT-100 probe is not used, then the ambient temperature needs to be manually set.		
	From the bottom menu, go to Meas. Setup > Ambient Temperature and set the ambient temperature.		
	See page 66 for setting details.		
	Range Off, -50.0 °C ~ 399.9°C		

3. Temperature Use arrow keys to go to Correct Temperature or to Temperature Coefficient and press Enter to select the setting.

To edit the setting values use the left and right arrow keys to select a digit and use the up and down arrow keys to edit the digit. Press Enter to confirm the setting.



Below are the inferred zero resistance temperatures of some common conductors:

Material	Inferred Absolute Temperatures	
Silver	-243	
Copper	-234.5	
Gold	-274	
Aluminium	-236	
Tungsten	-204	
Nickel	-147	
Iron	-162	

3. Temperature compensation connection

Sensor Connection:



Note: If the sensor is not connected, then the Ambient temperature needs to be manually set.

DUT connection:

4 wire Kelvin:



Temperature Conversion

Background	The Temperature Conversion function allows you to determine the temperature change of a DUT at any given resistance, if the initial temperature, the inferred zero resistance temperature for the DUT and the initial resistance of the DUT are known. The displayed result can also be the extrapolated to calculate the final temperature (T) or the extrapolated temperature difference $(\triangle T)^*$.
	Temperature Conversion function works on the following formula:
	$\frac{R_2}{R_1} = \frac{t_0 + t_2}{t_0 + t_1}$
	Where: R_2 = resistance @ temperature t_2 R_1 = resistance @ temperature t_1 t_0 = inferred zero resistance temperature in °C** t_1 = temperature at R_1 t_2 =temperature at R_2
	The temperature conversion function is can be used to determine the temperature of transformer windings, electric motors, or other materials where it may not be practical to embed a temperature sensor.
	*(T) Final temperature = $t_2 = \triangle T + T_A$
	(T _A) Ambient temperature = Ambient temperature when R_2 is measured. T _A can either by manually measured with the PT-100 sensor or it can be manually set.
	$(\triangle T)$ Extrapolated temperature difference = T - T _A
	**"Constant" setting on the panel display is equivalent to the absolute value of the inferred zero resistance

temperature.

Common inferred Metallic conductors show increased resistivity when zero resistance temperatures is increased, and likewise show reduced resistivity when temperature is reduced. Inferred zero resistance temperature is simply the inferred temperature at which the material will have no resistance. This value is derived from the temperature coefficient of the material. Note: the inferred zero resistance temperature is an ideal value, and not a real-world value.

Material	Inferred zero resistance temp. in °C	
Silver	-243	
Copper	-234.5	
Gold	-274	
Aluminium	-236	
Tungsten	-204	
Nickel	-147	
Iron	-162	

1. Select the Temperature compensation mode.

Press TCONV to access the temperature compensation function.

The temperature-converted measurement will appear on the display.



2. Initial Resistance, Initial Temperature and Constant settings	Use the arrows keys to Temperature or Consta temperature) and press Use the left and right at the up and down arrow to confirm the edit.	go to Initial Resistance, Initial nt (inferred initial resistance Enter. rrow keys to select a digit and use keys to edit the digit. Press Enter
	Move and edit Enter Select and Confirm Initial	istance :000.5000 mΩ Constant : 180.0 perature +020.0 ℃ Disp : ΔT tup System Memory Resistance, Initial Temperature and Constant settings
	Initial Resistance	000.0001~999.9999 m Ω, Ω, kΩ, MΩ
	Initial Temperature	-50.0~+399.9 °C
	Constant	000.0~999.9

3. Display mode Use the arrow keys to go to Disp. Press Enter to toggle between the T and \triangle T modes.



T displays the extrapolated temperature at the measured resistance of the DUT.

 \triangle T displays the difference from the extrapolated temperature at the measured resistance of the DUT and the ambient temperature. Please refer to page 56 for further details.

3. Temperature compensation connection.



DUT connection

4 wire Kelvin:



Measurement Settings

Background	The following measurement settings are used to	
	configure the various measurement modes.	

Average Function

Background	The average function smoothes measurements using a moving average. The average function sets the number of samples used for the moving average; a higher number results in smoother measurement results. The average function is turned off by default.	
1. Select Average setting	From one of the main screens, press the ESC key so that the menu system at the bottom of the display has focus. Go to Meas. Setup and press Enter. Go to Average and press Enter. Enter Select menu or setting	
2. Average setting appears	Use the arrow keys to turn Average on and set the average number. Press Enter to confirm the setting. Average settings Measure Setup Average Nov 02 Measure Delay	
	Average OFF, ON: 2~10	

Pressing ESC before pressing ENTER will exit the AverageNotefunction settings.

Measure Delay

Background	The Measure Delay setting inserts a delay time between each measurement. Measure delay is turned off by default.	
	Measurement start with Measure delay time Test signa Measure delay Default Measurement start time	al time
	The measure delay setting is useful for components that need some time to measurement start time is not adequated delay time allows the meter to avoid the transient disturbances that are usually measuring reactive DUTs with a curr	or measuring charge if the default ate. An adequate the effects of y seen when ent source.
1. Select Measure Delay setting	From one of the main screens, press the ESC key so that the menu system at the bottom of the display has focus.	Meas. Setup menu icon Meas.Setup system Memor
	Go to Meas. Setup and press Enter.	(Move
	Go to Measure Delay and press Enter.	Select menu or setting

2. Measure Delay Use the arrow keys to turn Measure Delay on and set the setting appears delay time. Press Enter to confirm the setting.





Pressing ESC before pressing ENTER will exit the Measure Delay settings.

Trigger Delay

Background The Trigger Delay setting adds a delay to when an external trigger signal is recognized. Normally the external trigger is recognized when there is no contact bounce in the signal for a fixed length of time, this time is known as the bounce monitoring window. This ensures that the external trigger signal is stable before it is recognized. The Trigger Delay time starts right after the bounce monitoring window ends.



The Trigger Delay setting is turned off by default.

Pin 2 of the Handler/Scan/Ext I/O interface is used for Note external triggering, See page 77 for pinout details. 1. Select Trigger From one of the main screens, press Meas. Setup Delay setting menu icon the key so that the menu system at the bottom of the display s<mark>ystem</mark> Meas.Setup Me has focus. Go to Meas. Setup and press Enter. Move Go to Trigger Delay and press Select menu Enter. Ente or setting

2. Trigger Delay setting appears

Use the arrow keys to turn Trigger Delay on and set the delay time. Press Enter to confirm the settings.

	Trigger Delay setting	N 100.000 s Trigger Delay N 0000 ms Trigger Edge	
	Trigger Delay	OFF, ON: 0 ~ 1000ms	
Note	Pressing ESC before pressing ENTER will exit the T Delay settings.		

Trigger Edge

Background	The Trigger Edge setting sets the external trigger edge as rising or falling. By default the trigger edge is set to rising.		
1. Select Trigger Edge setting	From one of the main screens, press the ESC key so that the menu system at the bottom of the display has focus. Go to Meas. Setup and press Enter. Go to Trigger Edge and press Enter.	Meas. Setup menu icon Meas. Setup System Memor Move Enter Select menu or setting	

2. Trigger Edge Use the arrow keys to set the Trigger Edge. Press Enter setting appears to confirm the setting.

	Trigger Edge setting	ON 0000 ms Trigger Edge RISING	
	Trigger Edge	Rising, Falling	
Note	Pressing ESC be Edge settings.	efore pressing ENTER will exit the Trigger	

Temperature Unit

Background	Temperature units can be set to Fahrenheit or Celsius for all temperature measurements.		
1. Select Temperature Unit setting	From one of the main screens, press the ESC key so that the menu system at the bottom of the display has focus.	Meas. Setup menu icon Meas.Setup System Memor	
	Go to Temperature Unit and press Enter.	Select menu or setting	
2.Temperature Unit setting appears	Use the arrow keys to set the Temperature Unit. Press Enter to confirm the setting. Temperature Temperature Unit Unit		
	Temperature Unit Fahrenheit, Celsiu	IS	
Note	Pressing ESC before pressing ENTER Temperature Unit setting.	will exit the	

Background	The Ambient Temperature setting is used to set the ambient (room temperature) for the Temperature Compensation or Temperature Conversion function in the absence of the PT-100 temperature sensor. See page
	52 and 56 respectively for details.

 Select Ambien Temperature 	the ESC key so that the menu		Meas. Setup menu icon
setting	system at the bottom of has focus.	of the display	Meas.Setup System Memor
	Go to Meas. Setup and	l press Enter.	Move
	Go to Ambient Tempe press Enter.	erature and	Enter Select menu or setting
2.Ambient Temperature	Use the arrow keys to Press Enter to confirm	set the Ambien 1 the setting.	t Temperature.
setting appears	€ Ambient Ambie Temperature IN +025	ent Temperature	
	Ambient Temperature	Off, On: -50°C	∼ 399.9°C

Â	Pressing ESC before pressing ENTER will exit the Ambient
└└ Note	Temperature setting.

Line Frequency

Background	The Line Frequency setting selects the appropriate line filter to reduce the influence of the AC line frequency on the milliohm measurements. This setting is set to AUTO by default.	
1. Select Line Frequency setting	From one of the main screens, press the ESC key so that the menu system at the bottom of the display has focus. Go to Meas. Setup and press Enter. Go to Line Frequency and press Enter.	Meas. Setup menu icon Meas.Setup ystem Memor Memor Move Enter Select menu or setting

2.Line Frequency Use the arrow keys to set the Line Frequency. Press Enter to confirm the setting.

	Line Frequency Line Frequency	+399.9 ୯ <mark>୩୦ Frequency</mark> ସ VM		
	Line Frequency	Auto, 50Hz, 60Hz		
Note	Pressing ESC befor Frequency setting.	Pressing ESC before pressing ENTER will exit the Line Frequency setting.		

PWM Setting				
Background	The PWM setting will set the duty of the PWM Drive setting. The duty is set with ON and OFF times for the waveform.			
	OF ON time	F time		
	See page 31 for I	Drive setting details.		
1. Select PWM setting	WM From one of the main screens, press the ESC key so that the menu system at the bottom of the display has focus.			
	Go to Meas. Setu	Go to Meas. Setup and press Enter. (Move		
	Go to PWM and press Enter.			
2.PWM setting appears	g Use the arrow keys to set the ON and OFF time for the duty. Press Enter to confirm the setting.			
	ON OFF	03 ~ 99 time 0100 ~ 9999	units* ms	
	*The ON time setting is set in "time units", not milliseconds. The amount of time in a time unit depends on the line frequency settings (see page 67).			
	Line frequency	1 Time Unit		
	60Hz	16.6mS		
	50Hz	20mS		
Note	Pressing ESC bef setting.	fore pressing ENTER	will exit the PWM	

System Settings

Background	The System settings are used to view the system
	information, set the power on state, the remote interface,
	screen brightness, external interface and beep settings as
	well as access the calibration menu.

System Information

Background	The System Information will show the manufacturer, model, software version and serial number of the unit. The system information is the equivalent of the return string from the *idn? query (page 144).		
1. View System Information	 From one of the main screens, press the ESC key so that the menu system at the bottom of the display has focus. Go to System and press Enter. System information will be displayed at the top of the System menu. 	System menu icon Meas.Setup System Memor Move Move Enter Select menu or setting	
	System Information System System Information VER : GWINSTEK. GOMBOS. V1.00 / 0.19 S/N : GEI123456 Power On Status Setup		

Note

Pressing ESC will exit from the System menu.

Power On Status Setup

Background	The Power On Status Setup allows you to either load the previous settings or the default settings on startup.		
1. Select Power On Status setting	From one of the main screens, press the ESC key so that the menu system at the bottom of the display has focus. Go to System and press Enter. Go to Power On Status Setup and		System menu icon Meas.Setup System Memor
	press Enter.		Enter Select menu or setting
2. Power On Status Setup appears	Use the arrow keys to set Power ON Status Setup. Press Enter to confirm the setting. Power On Status Setup RECALL PREVIOUS SETTINGS Utility		
	Power On Status Recall Previous Settings, Load Default		
Note	Pressing ESC before On Status Setup.	pressing ENTER	will exit the Power

Interface

Background	The remote interface can be set to RS232, GPIB or USB.		
Note	The GPIB interface is only available on the GOM-804G and the GOM-805.		
1. Select Interface setting	From one of the the ESC key system at the bott has focus. Go to System and Go to Utility and Go to Interface at	main screens, press so that the menu com of the display l press Enter. press Enter. nd press Enter.	System menu icon Meas.Setup System Memor Move Move Enter Select menu or setting
2. Interface setting appears	Use the arrow keys to choose an interface and to set the baud rate (RS232) or primary address (GPIB). Press Enter to confirm the setting. Utility Interface Interface Interface Brightness		
	Interface	GPIB, Primary Add	ress (1 ~ 30)
	RS232, Baud Rate (1200, 240 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 1		(1200, 2400, 4800,), 57600, 115200)
		USB	
Note	Pressing ESC before Interface settings.	ore pressing ENTER	will exit from the

Background	The Brightness setting sets the backlight brightness of the TFT-LCD panel.		
1. Select Brightness setting	From one of the main s the ESC key so that system at the bottom of has focus. Go to System and press Go to Utility and press	creens, press t the menu t the display Enter.	System menu icon
	Go to Brightness and pr	ess Enter.	or setting
2. Brightness setting appears	Use the arrow keys to set the brightness level. Press Enter to confirm the setting.		
	Brightness Brightness External I	E 115200 E /O	
	Brightness	01 (dim) ~ 05 (bright)
Note	Pressing ESC before pre Brightness settings.	ssing ENTER will exit	from the

Brightness
User Define Pins

Background	The External I/O and the active leve the Handler/Scan External I/O pins functions. The log fail, high, low or b function.	User Define Pine el for the Define /EXT I/O port s are used with th gic settings can be pin grade results c	a settings set 1 and Defin- on the rear p e compare of based on the of the selected	the logic e 2 pins on panel. The or bin ne pass, ed
1. Select External I/O Setting	I From one of the main screens, press the ESC key so that the menu system at the bottom of the display has focus.			
	Go to System and	l press Enter.		Move
	Go to Utility and	press Enter.	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	
	Go to External I/ Enter.	O and press	Enter Se	elect menu or setting
2. External I/O Menu Appears	External I/O Use the arrow keys to choose either User Define on Appears User Define 2 and press Enter.			ne 1 or
	Use the arrow key the logic condition Press Enter to con	rs to set the active ns are true and to nfirm the settings	e level of the set the logi	e pin when c settings.
	User Define 1 User	External I ser Define 1	/0	
	User Define 2	ACTIVE (HIGH LOGIC : HIGH AI SET DEFINE 2 ACTIVE : HIGH LOGIC : HIGH AI	ND FAIL	
	User Define 1/2:	Pin Active: High	ı, Low	
		Logic:		
		Operand1	Operator	Operand2
		Fail		Fail
		Pass	Logical OR,	Pass
		Low	Logical	Low
		High	AND, OFF*	High
		Bin O**		Bin O**
		Bin I ~ 8		BIN I ~ 8

*The OFF operator sets the Logic as true when Operand1 is true.

** Bin	O is	defined	as	outside	bin	1~ 8.

Â	The Bin logic settings are not available for the GOM-804. Pressing ESC before pressing ENTER will exit from the selected External I/O setting.			
∠∔_> Note				
Handler Mode				
Background	The Handler Mode setting determines the behavior of the result signals from the handler interface. There are two settings, Clear and Hold. The Clear setting will clear the results of the previous test before starting the succeeding one and the Hold setting will keep the test result of the previous test until the succeeding test has completed.			
	The timing diagrams below are used as examples. All the result signals in the examples are active high.			
Clear example	Clear: All result signals (PASS, Fail, High and Low) are cleared at the falling edge of EOT and the results from the current test are output at the rising edge of the EOT signal.	ч		
	EOT falling EOT rising edge edge Trigger Ready EOT Pass Fail High Low			
	Previous results results cleared			

Hold example Hold: The results of the previous tests are held until the current test has completed.



Веер					
Background	The Beep setting key presses, the function.	The Beep setting will configure the beeper sound for the key presses, the Compare function and the Binning function.			
	For the Compar configured to be	e and Binnin eep on a pass	g function or fail jud	n the beep can be lgment.	
1. Select Beep setting	From one of the the ESC key system at the bo has focus.	e main screer y so that the ttom of the	ns, press menu display	System menu icon Meas.Setup	
	Go to System ar	nd press Ente	er.	◀()►) Move	
	Go to Utility and	d press Enter	r.	Select menu	
	Go to Beep and	press Enter.		Enter or setting	
2. Beep menu appears	Use the arrow k Enter.	eys to choose	e a beep se	etting and press	
	Use the arrow k Enter to confirm	eys to set the n.	e selected s	setting and press	
			Веер		
	Key Click Setting —	Key Click			
	Compare Setting —				
	Binning Setting –	Binning			
	Beep Settings:	Key Click	On, Off		
		Compare	Off. Pas	s, Fail	
		Binning	Off. Pass	s, Fail	
Note	Pressing ESC be selected Beep se	fore pressing etting.	g ENTER w	vill exit from the	

ANDLER/SCAN

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Handler Overview

Background	The Handler interface is used to help grade components based on the Compare or Binning function test results. The appropriate pins on the handler interface are active when the Compare or Binning function is used.		
	There are 17 TTL outputs and 1 TTL inputs. The Handler interface is only applicable with the Bin- function or Compare measurement modes.		
Note	Please see following pages for related functions and settings: Compare function: 41 Binning function: 46 Ext I/O settings: 73 Handler mode settings 74		
Interface and pin assignment	25-Pin D-SUB HANDLER / SCAN / EXT I/O (Female)		
Pin assignment	TRIGGER	Starts the trigger for a single measurement.	
	READY	High when the measurement has finished. The instrument is ready for the next trigger.	
	EOT	High when the AD conversion has completed. The DUT is ready to be changed.	
	BIN 1~8	High when the sorting result is in one of the eight bin grades. Bin1~8 (pass).	
	BIN OUT	High when the sorting result is out of all the eight bin grades (Bin1~8). The status of this pin reflects either a HI or LO result (fail).	
	LOW	High when the compare result is deemed LO.	
	HIGH	High when the compare result is deemed HI.	

FAIL	High when the compare result is either HI or LO (fail).
PASS	High when the compare result is IN (pass).

For the full pin definition, please refer to the table listed below.

The output current from all the pins and the VINT(+5V) Note pin cannot exceed 60mA.

Pin Definitions for the Handler Interface

As this interface is used for the handler and scan functions, the interface pinout depends on the function mode. The following pinout is only applicable when using the Binning or Compare function.

HANDLER / SCAN / EXT I/O



Handler Interface for Binning and Compare Functions

Pin	Name	Description	Active	ln/
			modes	Out
1, 17		Reserved		
2	Trigger	Trigger for a single measurement.	All	In
3, 14, 18	GND	Ground.		
4	Fail	High when the compare result is either HI or LO (fail).	Compare	Out
5	High	High when the compare result is deemed HI.	Compare	Out
6	Pass	High when the compare result is IN (pass).	Compare	Out
7	ЕОТ	High when the AD conversion has completed. The DUT is ready to be changed.	Ext trigger mode	Out
8	VINT	Internal DC Voltage +5V.		Out
9	Bin1	High when the binning sorting result is within the bin1 setting range.	Binning	Out
10	Bin2	High when the binning sorting result is within the bin2 setting range.	Binning	Out
11	Bin3	High when the binning sorting result is within the bin3 setting range.	Binning	Out
12	Bin4	High when the binning sorting result is within the bin4 setting range.	Binning	Out

13	Bin5	High when the binning sorting result	Binning	Out
		is within the bin5 setting range.		
15	Userdefine2	High or low when the user define2	Compare,	Out
		logic conditions are met.	Binning	
16	Userdefine1	High or low when the user define1	Compare,	Out
		logic conditions are met.	Binning	
19	VEXT	External DC Voltage, acceptable		In
		range is +5V.		
20	Ready	High when the measurement has	Ext	Out
		finished. The instrument is ready for	trigger	
		the next trigger.	mode	
21	Bin6	High when the binning sorting result	Binning	Out
		is within the bin6 setting range.		
22	Low	High when the compare result is	Compare	Out
		deemed LO.		
23	Bin7	High when the binning sorting result	Binning	Out
		is within the bin7 setting range.		
24	Bin8	High when the binning sorting result	Binning	Out
		is within the bin8 setting range.		
25	Bin Out	High when the binning sorting result	Binning	Out
		is out of all the bin setting ranges.		

For backwards compatibility with the GOM-802 handler interface, please see page 89.

Scan Overview

Background	The Scan function is used to automatically bin groups of up to 100 components. The associated pins in the handler interface are active when the Scan function is activated.		
	There are a total and power (+5V	of 6 outputs, 3 inputs as well as a GND) pin.	
Interface and pin assignment	25Pin D-SHELL HANDLER / SCAN / EXT I/O (Female)		
Pin Assignment	Relay	Controls the relay output.	
	Pass	Pass signal. Indicates the compare result is IN(pass).	
	Low	Low signal. Indicates a LO compare result.	
	High	High signal. Indicates a HI compare result.	
	Clock	The clock signal will pulse high when each group of output signals (Relay, Pass, Low, High) are ready. There are up to 100 groups of output signals	
	STRB	After all (100) output groups are ready, the STRB signal will pulse high.	

Pin Definitions for the SCAN Interface

As this interface is used for the handler and scan functions, the interface pinout depends on the function mode. The following pinout is only applicable when using the Scan function.



Scan Interface

Pin	Name	Description	In/Out
1,9-13,15-17,21,23 -25		Reserved	
2	Trigger	Start for Scan measurement.	In
3,14,18	GND	Ground.	
4	High	High signal. Indicates a HI compare result.	Out
5	Clock	The clock signal will pulse high when each group of output signals (Relay, Pass, Low, High) are ready. There are up to 100 groups of output signals.	Out
6	Low	Low signal. Indicates a LO compare result.	Out
7	Pass	Pass signal. Indicates an IN compare result (pass).	Out
8	VINT	Internal DC Voltage +5V.	Out
19	VEXT	External DC Voltage, acceptable range is +5V.	In
20	Relay	Controls the relay output.	Out
22	STRB	After all (up to 100) output groups are ready, the STRB signal will pulse high.	Out

For backwards compatibility with the GOM-802 scanner interface, please see page 89.

Scan Setup

Background The Scan function sequentially scans up to 100 channels and grades the resistance of the DUT on each channel to a reference value. An automated handler or test fixture is required to interface the DUTs to the measurement terminals and the scan interface that controls the timing of each scan.



Note: The automated handler/test fixture is user-supplied. Please see your distributor for support and technical details.

Grading of each DUT is essentially the same as the compare function (page 41), the difference being the Scan function will compare up to 100 DUTs sequentially, whereas the Compare function will compare only one DUT at a time.

The scan function compares a measured value to a "Reference" value that has an upper (HI) and lower (LO) limit. If the measured value is within the upper and lower limit, then the measured value is judged as IN.

There are two modes that can be used to make a judgment: ABS and \triangle % modes.

The ABS mode compares the measured value to the upper (HI) and lower (LO) limits. The upper and lower limits are set as absolute resistance values.

The \bigtriangleup % compare function compares the deviation of

the measured value from the reference value as a percentage.

{ [(Measured Value-Reference)/Reference]%}.

A measured value that falls within the upper and lower limits is considered IN (pass), a value that falls below the lower limits is considered LO, and a value that falls over the upper limit is a HI.



For both scan modes, the IN, HI or LO will be shown on the display for each judgment (if the time between each judgment is not too fast).

Display Overview	Scan function indicator Ready to start scan message Func: Scan 500 Ω Ev Fast Drive : DC+ Ready Press Trigger To Start Scan.
	Reference : 061.8300 Ω Mode : Δ% Upper :+000.05 % Channel : 010 Lower :-000.05 % Delay : 00400 ms Meas.Setup System Memory View display view Reference, limits, scan mode, current channel, measurement delay
1. Select the Scan function	Press Scan Scan to access the scan mode, as shown above.
2. Select the compare mode	Use the arrow keys to navigate to the Mode setting. Press the Enter key to toggle the compare mode.
	Reference : 061.8300 Ω Mode : Δ% Upper : +000.05 % Channel : 010 Lower : -000.05 % Delay : 00400 ms Meas.Setup System Memory View Mode Mode Enter Toggle
	Range Abs, $ riangle \%$

3. ChannelThe Channel setting sets the number of DUT channelssettingthat are used.

Use the arrow keys to navigate to the Channel setting and press Enter.

Use the left and right arrow keys to select a digit. Use the up and down arrow keys to edit the value of the selected digit. Press Enter to confirm the setting.



4. Delay setting The Delay setting adds a pause between each channel measurement.

The Use the arrow keys to navigate to the Delay setting and press Enter.

Use the left and right arrow keys to select a digit. Use the up and down arrow keys to edit the value of the selected digit. Press Enter to confirm the setting.



5. Start the scan. Press the Trigger key or input a pulse signal on the Trigger pin of the SCAN interface port to start a scan test.

falling leading edge.



See page 64 to set the external trigger edge as a rising or

The results will be displayed on the screen as each test is performed. The results will also be output through the scan port until the scan has finished.



 0000
 061.79 Ω
 L
 Return to

 010
 061.79 Ω
 L
 Return to

 010
 061.79 Ω
 L
 Return to

 Previous
 Next
 Back
 previous

 Previous
 Next results
 window

 Previous
 Next results
 results page

Scan Output

Background The timing diagrams for the scan output under different conditions are shown below.

Ready message displayed	After the manual trigger key is pressed
Relay	Relay
Scan channel 1. Delay time has elapsed.	Scan channel n. Delay time has elapsed.
Relay $\varsigma_1, \ldots, \varsigma_r$ Pass $\varsigma_1, \ldots, \varsigma_r$ Low $\varsigma_r, \ldots, \varsigma_r$ High $\varsigma_r, \ldots, \varsigma_r$ Clock $\varsigma_r, \ldots, \varsigma_r$ ς_r ς_r STRB ς_r	Relay $(1,)$ Pass $(1,)$ Low $(1,)$ High $(1,)$ $(1,)$ $(1,)$ Clock $(1,)$ $(1,)$ $(1,)$ STRB $(1,)$
Scan Channel 100. Delay time has elapsed.	Scan output signal timing.
Relay	Data Pass STRB STRB 168us 38us Construction Data Construction Data Data Construction Data Data Construction Construction Construction Data Construction

GOM-802 Compatibility for Scan and Handler Interfaces

As the handler interface on GOM-802 is a 9-pin D-sub and the GOM-805 is a 25-pin D-sub, the GOM-805 handler interface cannot be used with existing GOM-802 ATE equipment or environments without modification.

For backwards compatibility with the GOM-802 handler interface, please refer to the chart below:

GOM·	805 Handler I	nterface	1	GOM	-802 Handler I	nterface
Pin	Handler	Scan	1	Pin	Handler	Scan
1, 17	Reserved	Reserved	1			
2	Trigger	Trigger	\rightarrow	3	Start	NC
3, 14, 18	GND	GND	\rightarrow	2	GND	GND
4	Fail	High	\rightarrow	7	Fail	High
5	High	Clock	\rightarrow	8	High	Clock
6	Pass	Low	\rightarrow	6	Pass	Low
7	EOT	Pass	\rightarrow	5	EOT	Pass
8	VINT	+5V	\rightarrow	1	+5V	+5V
9	Bin1		1			
10	Bin2					
11	Bin3					
12	Bin4					
13	Bin5					
15	Userdefine2					
16	Userdefine1					
19	VEXT	VEXT				
20	Ready	Relay	\rightarrow	4	Ready	Relay
21	Bin6					
22	Low	STRB	\rightarrow	9	Low	STRB
23	Bin7]			
24	Bin8					
25	Bin Out					

GOM-805 to GOM-802 Handler/Scan Interface

Configure Interface

Overview	The RS-232 models, how for the GOI interfaces al for automat	The RS-232 and USB interfaces are standard for all models, however the GPIB interface is only applicable for the GOM-804G and GOM-805. The remote control interfaces allow the GOM-804/805 to be programmed for automatic testing.	
	For more in please see th	For more information on remote control programming, please see the Command Overview chapter on page 102.	
Interface	USB	USB HOST	
	RS-232	DB-9 male port	
	GPIB	24 pin female GPIB port (GOM-804G, GOM-805 only)	

Configure USB Interface

Background	The Type B USB port on the rear panel is urremote control. This interface creates a virt when connected to a PC.	used for ual COM port
Note	The USB interface requires the USB driver installed. See page 91 to install the USB driver	to be ver.
1. Connect and configure to USB.	Configure the interface to USB in System>Utility>Interface menu.	Page 71
	Connect the Type A-B USB cable to the rear panel USB B port on the GOM-804/805.	•
	Connect the other end to the Type A port on the PC.	

Install USB Driver

The USB driver needs to be installed when using the USB port for remote control. The USB interface creates a virtual COM port when connected to a PC.
Configure the interface to USB inPage 71System>Utility>Interface menu.
Connect the Type A-B USB cable to the rear panel USB B port on the GOM-804/805. Connect the other end to the Type A port on the PC.
Go to the Windows Device Manager. For Windows 7 go to: Start Menu > Control Panel > Hardware and Sound > Device Manager
The GOM-804/805 will appear as an unknown Virtual Com Port under "Other Devices".
 Monitors Network adapters Other devices Virtual COM Port Portable Devices Update Driver Software
Ports (COM & LP Disable Processors Uninstall Smart card reade Scan for bardware changes
Right-click Other Devices and select "Update Driver Software".
Select "Browse my computer for driver software" and select the driver on the User Manual CD.
The GOM-805 and the COM port that it is assigned to will now appear in under the Ports (COM & LPT) node.
 Portable Devices Ports (COM & LPT) GOM-804/5 CDC (COM34) Processors Smart card readers Sound video and game controllors

Configure RS-232 Interface

Background	The GOM-804/ for remote contr correct baud rate control settings a	805 can also use an RS-232C connection col. When connecting to a PC ensure the e, parity, data bits, stop bit and data are used.
Settings	Baud rate	1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200
	Parity	None
	Data bits	8
	Stop bit	1
	Data flow control	None
I. Select the RS-232 baud rateConfigure the interface to RS232 and set the baud rate in System>Utility>Interface menu.Page 71		terface to RS232 and Page 71 in Interface menu.
	Connect the RS- panel RS232 por	232C cable to the rear $()$
RS-232 pin assignment	Pin 2: RxD Pin 3: TxD Pin 5: GND Pin 1, 4, 6 ~ 9: N	o Connection
PC – GOM RS-232C connection	The RS232C connection uses a Null-modem connection, in which transmit (TxD) and receive (RxD) lines are cross-linked. GOM PC Pin2 RxD Pin2 Pin3 TxD RxD Fin3 Pin5 GND GND Pin5	

Configure GPIB Interface

Background	The GPIB interface is SCPI-1994, IEEE488.1 and IEEE488.2 compliant.	
Note	The GPIB interface is only available on the GOM-804G and GOM-805.	
1. Select the GPIB address	Configure the interface to GPIB and set Page 71 the GPIB address in System>Utility>Interface menu.	
	Connect one end of the GPIB cable to the computer and the other end to the GPIB port on the GOM-805.	

RS232/USB Function Check

Operation	Invoke a terminal application such as Realterm.
	For RS-232, set the COM port, baud rate, stop bit, data bit and parity accordingly.
	To check the COM settings in Windows, see the Device Manager. For example, in WinXP go to the Control panel \rightarrow System \rightarrow Hardware tab.
	Run this query from the terminal.
	*idn?
	This should return the Manufacturer, Model number, and Firmware version.
	GWINSTEK,GOM805,GXXXXXXX,V1.00
Note Note	If you are not familiar with using a terminal application to send/receive remote commands from the serial port or via a USB connection, please page 94 (Using Realterm to Establish a Remote Connection) for more information.

Using Realterm to Establish a Remote Connection

Background	Realterm is a terminal program that can be used to communicate with a device attached to the serial port of a PC or via an emulated serial port via USB.
	The following instructions apply to version 2.0.0.70. Even though Realterm is used as an example to establish a remote connection, any terminal program can be used that has similar functionality.
Note	Realterm can be downloaded on Sourceforge.net free of charge.
	For more information please see http://realterm.sourceforge.net/
1. Install Realterm	Download Realterm and install according to the instructions on the Realterm website.
2. Configure connection	Connect the GOM-804/805 via USB (page 90) or via RS232 (page 92).
	If using RS232, make note of the configured baud rate.
	Go to the Windows device manager and find the COM port number for the connection. For example in Windows 7, go to the Start menu > Control Panel > Hardware and Sound > Device Manager
	Double click the Ports icon to reveal the connected serial port devices and the COM port for each connected device.
	 Portable Devices Ports (COM & LPT) GOM-804/5 CDC (COM34) Processors Smart card readers Sound, video and game controllers
	If using USB, the baud rate, stop bit and parity settings can be viewed by right-clicking connected device and selecting the Properties option.

2. Run Realterm Start Realterm on the PC as an administrator.

Click:

Start menu>All Programs>RealTerm>realterm

Tip: to run as an administrator, you can right click the Realterm icon in the Windows Start menu and select the Run as Administrator option.

After Realterm has started, click on the Port tab.

Enter the Baud, Parity, Data bits, Stop bits and Port number configuration for the connection.

The Hardware Flow Control and Software Flow Control options can be left at the default settings.

Press Open to connect to the GOM-804/805.

RealTerm: Serial Capture Program 2.0.0.70	
Display, Port Capture Pins Send Echo Port I2C I2C-2 I2CMisc Misc In Clear Fi Baud 115200 Port 3 Change Software Flow Control Parity Data Bits Stop Bits Other Flow Control C Odd C 7 bits Hardware Flow Control C Wark C 5 bits C DTP/DSR C RS485-rts C Telnet	Feeze ? Status
Char Count:0 CPS:0 Port: 3 115200 8N1 N	None //

3. Test remote Click on the Send tab.

command

In the EOL configuration, check on the +CR and +LF check boxes.

Enter the query: *idn?

Click on Send ASCII.

BarrealTerm: Serial Capture Program 2.0.0.70	
GUINSTEK, GON805 WARRAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A	
	=
Diselard Deet Contras Dire Sand Esta Deet 190 1902 HICKing Mine In Class	Freeze 2
Pisplay if out coupling mis Coupling mis Coupling mis Coupling mis (#idn?) Send Numbers Send ASCII (Picks) Coupling mis Coupling mis	Status Disconnect
Send Numbers	RXD (2) TXD (3)
Dump File to Port	DCD (1)
C:\temp\capture.txt	Ring (9) BREAK
You have to click in terminal window before you can Char Count:64 [CPS:0 Port: 3 115200 8N	I None

The terminal display will return the following:

GWINSTEK,GOM805,GXXXXXXX,V1.00

(manufacturer, model, serial number, version)

4. Errors or	If Realterm fails to connect to the GOM-804/805, please
Problems	check all the cables and settings and try again.

GPIB Function

Background	Please use the National Instruments Measurement & Automation Controller software to confirm GPIB/LAN functionality.	
	See the National Instrument website, http://www.ni.com for details.	
1. Operation	Start the NI Measurement and Automation Explorer (MAX) program. Using Windows, press:	

Start>All Programs>National Instruments>Measurement & Automation



Step a. From the Configuration panel access;

My System>Devices and Interfaces>GPIB0

- Step b. Press the Scan for Instruments button.
- Step c. In the Connected Instruments panel the GOM-804/805 should be detected as Instrument 0 with the address the same as that configured on the unit.
- Step d. Double click the Instrument 0 icon.



Step e. Click on the Attributes tab at the bottom.

Step f. Click on Communicate with Instrument.

Step g. In the NI-488.2 Communicator window, ensure *IND? is written in the Send String: text box.

Click on the Query button to send the *IDN? query to the instrument.

Step h. The String Received text box will display the query return:

GWINSTEK,GOM805,GXXXXXXX,V1.00

(manufacturer, model, serial number, version)



The function check is complete.

SAVE/RECALL

The settings for all the major functions can be saved and recalled from 20 memory slots.

Settings can saved/recalled for the following functions: Ohm, Compare, Binning, TC, TCONV, TEMP, Scan, Diode.

Save/Recall Settings

Background	The save function saves the current function as well the settings related to that function.
	There are 20 memory slots that can be used to save and recall settings on the GOM-804/805.
1. Enter the Memory menu	When you are in the desired function mode, press the Esc key (if necessary) to so that the menu system at the bottom of the display has focus.
	Use the arrow keys to navigate to the Memory setting and press Enter.
	Function mode Func: Comp 500 Ω Auto Int Fast Drive: DC+ 61.85 Ω $\Delta\%$: 0.01 %
	Reference : 061.8400 Ω Mode : Δ% Upper :+010.00 % Lower :-010.00 % Meas.Setup System Memory Memory
	Move Select menu or setting

The Recall/Save Setup menu will appear.



2. Save/ Recall/Clear Memory The No. setting should be already highlighted when entering the Recall/Save Setup menu. If not, use the Left/Right arrow keys to highlight the No. setting.



Use the up and down arrow keys to select a memory space.

Range	01~20
-------	-------

*If a memory space has been used before, the settings for that memory slot will also be shown on the display.



Press Enter again when asked to confirm the selected operation.		
After saving the settings, press ESC to return to the current function mode.		
After recalling settings, the unit will automatically go to the recalled setting function.		
Pressing ESC before pressing Enter will exit the Save/Recall/Clear operation.		
Press the Enter key when the No. setting is highlighted to see which memory slots are empty.		
The status of memory slots $01 \sim 20$ are shown at the bottom of the display.		
Memory slots in red are empty slots while those in black have already been used.		
Press Enter again to exit from this view.		
Recall / Save Setup No.01 Recall Save Clear Information Reference : 061.8400 Ω Function : Comp Press Enter % Prive : DC+ Enter Press Enter % Range : 500 Ω Enter Press Enter % Settings in selected memory slots in red. Dry : Off Off Off Read Time : Off Press In terms to the terms to terms to the terms to the terms to the terms		



COMMAND OVERVIEW

The Command overview chapter lists all the programming commands in alphabetical order. The command syntax section shows you the basic syntax rules you have to apply when using commands.

Command Syntax

Compatible	IEEE488.2	Partial compatibility	
Standard	SCPI, 1994	Partial compatibility	
Command Structure	SCPI (Standard Instruments) co organized into a node. Each ke each node in th an SCPI comm	Commands for Programmable ommands follow a tree-like structure, nodes. Each level of the command tree is eyword in an SCPI command represents te command tree. Each keyword (node) of and is separated by a colon (:).	
	For example, the diagram below shows an SCPI sub-structure and a command example.		
		● BINNing	
	BINNing:LIMit:DI	SP •:LIMit	
	:8	BEEPer :DISP :MODE	
Command Types	There are a nur and queries. A c unit and a quer the unit.	nber of different instrument commands command sends instructions or data to the y receives data or status information from	
	Command Types		
	Simple	A single command with/without a parameter	
	Example	SENSe:FUNCtion OHM	

	Query	A query is a simple command followed (?). A parameter (da	or compound by a question mark ata) is returned.
	Example	SENSe:RANGe?	
Command Forms	Commands and and short. The con- form of the com- (long form) in lo	queries have two diff ommand syntax is w imand in capitals and wer case.	ferent forms, long ritten with the short l the remainder
	The commands can be written either in capitals or lower-case, just so long as the short or long forms are complete. An incomplete command will not be recognized.		
	Below are examples of correctly written commands.		
	Long form	CALCulate:COMPare:BEEPer	
		CACLULATE:COMPARE:BEEPER	
	calculate:compare:beeper		
	Short form	CALC:COMP:BEF calc:comp:beep	2P
Command Format	CALCulate:SCAN:DELay 500		00
	1. Command header		
	2. Space		
	3. Parameter		
Common Input	Туре	Description	Example
Parameters	<boolean></boolean>	boolean logic	0,1
	<nr1></nr1>	integers	0,1,2,3
	<nr2></nr2>	decimal numbers	0.1,3.14,8.5
	<nr3></nr3>	floating point with exponent	4.5e-1,8.25e+1

	<nrf></nrf>	Any of NR1,2,3	1,1.5,4.5e-1
	<string></string>	ASCII text string	TEST_NAME
Message Terminator (EOL)	Remote Command	Marks the end of a following messages with IEEE488.2 sta	command line. The are in accordance ndard.
		LF, CR, CR+LF, LF+CR	The most common EOL character is CR+LF

Command List

Binning Commands

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CALCulate:SCAN:DELay	117
CALCulate:SCAN:LIMit:LOWer	117
CALCulate:SCAN:LIMit:MODE	117
CALCulate:SCAN:LIMit:REFerence	118
CALCulate:SCAN:LIMit:UPPer	118
CALCulate:SCAN:PERCent:LOWer	119
CALCulate:SCAN:PERCent:UPPer	119

Memory Commands

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Userdefine Commands

USERdefine <x>:ACTive</x>	141
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Common Commands

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×E	ESR	143
*	IDN	144
*(OPC	144
×F	RST	144
*2	SRE	144
*2	ЯТВ	145
*]	TRG	145

BINNing Commands

BINNing:COU	Nt:CLEar	(Set)
Description	Clear all bin sorting function test result counts.	
Syntax	BINNing:COUNt:	CLEar
Parameter/	<none></none>	
BINNing:COU	INt:TOTal	
Description	Returns the total 1	number (count total) of test bin results.
Query Syntax	BINNing:COUNt:TOTal?	
Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0~999999999
Example	BINN:COUN:TOT? >150 Indicates that the total number (count total) of test results (pass and fail) is 150.	
BINNing:COU	INt:OUT	
Description	Returns the number of failed (judged OUT) test results for the bin sorting function test.	
Query Syntax	BINNing:COUNt:OUT?	
Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0~99999999
Example	BINN:COUN:OU ⁻ >50	T?

BINNing<X>:COUNt:RESult

Description	Returns the number of passed (judged IN) test results for the selected bin.	
Query Syntax	BINNing <x>:COUNt:RESult?</x>	
Parameter	<x></x>	1~8
-

Return parameter	<nr1> 0~99999999</nr1>		
Example	BINN1:COUN:RES? >100		
	Indicates that b	in1 has a pass count of 100.	
BINNing <x>:1</x>	LIMit:LOWer	$\underbrace{\text{Set}}_{\rightarrow}$	
Description	Sets or returns the lower limit value (absolute value) for the selected bin.		
Syntax Query Syntax	BINNing <x>:LI BINNing<x>:LI</x></x>	Mit:LOWer { <nrf>[,<string>]} Mit:LOWer?</string></nrf>	
Parameter	<x></x>	1~8	
	<nrf></nrf>	000.0000~999.9999	
	<string></string>	mohm/ohm/kohm/maohm,unit If the unit is not set, the unit will be automatically set by the present range.	
Return parameter	<nr3> 000.0000~999.9999E±X</nr3>		
Example	BINN1:LIM:LOW 23.8,kohm Sets the bin1 lower limit value to 23.8kΩ. BINN1:LIM:LOW? >23.8000E+3 Returns the lower limit as 23.8kΩ.		
BINNing <x>:LIMit:UPPer</x>			
Description	Sets or returns the upper limit value (absolute value) for the selected bin.		
Syntax Query Syntax	BINNing <x>:LIMit:UPPer {<nrf>[,<string>]} BINNing<x>:LIMit:UPPer?</x></string></nrf></x>		
Parameter	<x></x>	1~8	
	<nrf></nrf>	000.0000~999.9999	
	<string></string>	mohm/ohm/kohm/maohm,unit If the unit is not set, the unit will be automatically set by the present range.	
Return parameter	<nr3> 000.0000~999.9999E±X</nr3>		

Example	BINN1:LIM:UPP 0.95,maohm Sets bin1 upper limit value to 0.95MΩ. BINN1:LIM:UPP? >0.9500E+6 Returns the upper limt as 0.95MΩ.		
BINNing <x>:1</x>	PERCent:LOV	Ver $(Set) \rightarrow (Query)$	
Description	Sets or returns the lower value percentage value for the selected bin. The value is a percentage offset from the reference value.		
Syntax Query Syntax	BINNing <x>:PE BINNing<x>:PE</x></x>	ERCent:LOWer <nrf> ERCent:LOWer?</nrf>	
Parameter	<x></x>	1~8	
	<nrf></nrf>	000.00~999.99	
Return parameter	<nr2></nr2>	000.00~999.99	
Example BINNing <x>:1</x>	BINN1:PERC:LOW 10.15 Sets the bin1 lower limit percent value to -10.15%. BINN1: PERC:LOW? >10.15 Returns the lower limit percentage value as -10.15%. Set PERCent:UPPer Query		
Description	Sets or returns the upper value percentage value for the selected bin. The value is a percentage offset from the reference value.		
Syntax Query Syntax	BINNing <x>:PERCent:UPPer <nrf> BINNing<x>:PERCent:UPPer?</x></nrf></x>		
Parameter	<x></x>	1~8	
	<nrf></nrf>	000.00~999.99	
Return parameter	<nr2></nr2>	000.00~999.99	
Example	BINN1:PERC:UPP 150.95 Sets the bin1 upper limit percent value to +150.95%. BINN1:LIM:UPP? >150.95 Returns the upper limit percentage value as +150.95%.		

BINNing:LIMit:BEEPer



Description	Sets or returns beeper mode for the bin sorting function.			
Syntax Query Syntax	BINNing:LIMit:BEEPer {OFF PASS FAIL} BINNing:LIMit:BEEPer?			
Parameter/	OFF	Turns the beeper off.		
Return parameter	PASS	The beeper will sound on a pass test result.		
	FAIL	The beeper will sound on a fail test result.		
Example	BINN:LIM:BEEP OFF Turns the beeper off.			
		(Set)→		
BINNing:LIMit	t:DISPlay			
Description	Sets or returns the bin sorting function display mode.			
Syntax Query Syntax	BINNing:LIMit:DISPlay {COMP COUNT} BINNing:LIMit:DISPlay?			
Parameter/	СОМР	The display is set to compare mode.		
Return parameter	COUNT	The display is set to count mode.		
Example	BINN:LIM:DISP COMP Sets the bin sorting function display mode to compare.			
	(Set)			
BINNing:LIMit	t:MODE			
Description	Sets or returns the setting mode for upper and lower limits (absolute or Δ %).			
Syntax Query Syntax	BINNing:LIMit:MODE {ABS DPER} BINNing:LIMit:DISP?			
Parameter/ Return parameter	ABS	The test results are judged from absolute values.		
	DPER	The test results are judged from a reference value ± a percentage offset. (delta percent)		

Example BINN:LIM:DISP DPER Sets the mode to Δ %.

BINNing:LIMit:REFerence

(Set)-	→
_	+ Que	ry)

Description	Sets or returns the limit reference value for the bin sorting function.		
Syntax Query Syntax	BINNing <x>:LIMit:REFerence {<nrf>[,<string>]} BINNing<x>:LIMit:REFerence?</x></string></nrf></x>		
Parameter	<nrf></nrf>	000.0001~999.9999	
	<string></string>	mohm/ohm/kohm/maohm,unit If the unit is not set, the unit will be automatically set by the present range.	
Return parameter	<nr3> 000.0001~999.9999E±X</nr3>		
Example	BINN:LIM:REF 100 Sets the limit reference value to 100Ω. BINN:LIM:REF? >100.0000E+0 Returns the reference as 100Ω.		

BINNing:LIMit:RESult

Description	Returns the bin sorting function test result.	
Query Syntax	BINNing:LIMit:RESult?	
Return parameter	<nr1> 1~8: Bin1~Bin8 9: Bin Out</nr1>	
Example	BINN:LIMit:RES? >1 Indicates a pass for bin1.	

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Calculate Commands

CALCulate:CO	MPare:BEEPe	er <u>Query</u>	
Description	Sets or returns the compare function beeper mode.		
Syntax Query Syntax	CALCulate:COMPare:BEEPer {OFF PASS FAIL} CALCulate:COMPare:BEEPer?		
Parameter/	OFF	Turns the beeper off.	
Return parameter	PASS	The beeper will sound on a pass test result.	
	FAIL	The beeper will sound on a fail test result.	
Example CALCulate:CO	CALC:COMP:BEEP FAIL Sets the beeper on when the test result is a fail. Set Set Query		
Description	Sets or returns the lower limit value for the compare function.		
Syntax Query Syntax	CALCulate:COMPare:LIMit:LOWer { <nrf>[,<string>]} CALCulate:COMPare:LIMit:LOWer?</string></nrf>		
Parameter	<nrf></nrf>	000.0000~999.9999	
	<string></string>	mohm/ohm/kohm/maohm,unit If the unit is not set, the unit will be automatically set by the present range.	
Return parameter	<nr3></nr3>	000.0000~999.9999E±X	
Example	CALC:COMP:LIM:LOW 0.123,maohm Sets the lower limit value to 0.123MΩ. CALC:COMP:LIM:LOW? >0.1230E+6 Returns the lower limit as 0.123MΩ.		

CALCulate:COMPare:LIMit:MODE



Description	Sets or returns the compare mode for the compare function.	
Syntax Query Syntax	CALCuate:COMPare:LIMit:MODE {ABS DPER PER} CALCulate:COMPare:LIMit:MODE?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	ABS	The test results are judged from absolute values.
	DPER	The test results are judged from a reference value ± a percentage offset. (delta percentage)
	PER	The test results are displayed as a percentage of the reference value.
Example	CALC:COMP:LIM:MODE ABS Sets test results as absolute values for the compare function.	

CALCulate:COMPare:LIMit:REFerence

(Set)	Set —
		Query

Description	Sets or returns the limit reference value for the compare function.	
Syntax Query Syntax	CALCulate:COMPare:LIMit:REF { <nrf>[,<string>]} CALCulate:COMPare:LIMit:REF?</string></nrf>	
parameter	<nrf></nrf>	000.0001~999.9999
	<string></string>	mohm/ohm/kohm/maohm,unit If unit is not set, the unit will be automatically set by the present range.
Return parameter	<nr3> 000.0001~999.9999E±X</nr3>	
Example	CALC:COMP:LIM:REF 10.00,mohm Sets the limit reference value to 10.00mΩ. CALC:COMP:LIM:REF? >10.0000E-3 Returns the limit as 10.00mΩ.	

CALCulate:CO	MPare:LIMit:R	ESult		
Description	Returns the compa	Returns the compare function test result.		
Query Syntax	CALCulate:COMPa	are:LIMit:RESult?		
Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0: LO 1: IN 2: HI		
Example	BINN:LIMit:RES?			
	Indicates that the t	est result is HI.		
CALCulate:CO	MPare:LIMit:U	PPer	Set → Query	
Description	Sets or returns the upper limit value for the compare function.			
Syntax Query Syntax	CALCulate:COMPare:LIMit:UPPer { <nrf>[,<string>]} CALCulate:COMPare:LIMit:UPPer?</string></nrf>			
Parameter	<nrf></nrf>	000.0000~999.999	9	
	<string></string>	mohm/ohm/kohn If unit is not set, t automatically set b	m/maohm,unit he unit will be by the present range.	
Return parameter	<nr3></nr3>	000.0000~999.999	99E±X	
Example	CALC:COMP:LIM:UPP 0.95,kohm Sets the upper limit value to $0.95k\Omega$. CALC:COMP:LIM:UPP? >0.9500E+3 Returns the upper limit as $0.95k\Omega$.			
CALCulate:CO	MPare:MATH:	DATa		
Description	Returns the deviation value for the compare function.			
Query Syntax	CALCulate:COMPare:MATH:DATa?			
Return parameter	<nr3></nr3>	± 0.0000~9.9999E	±X.	
Example	CALC:COMP:MATH:DAT? >+0.3658E+2 Returns the deviation as 36.58%.			

CALCulate:COMPare:PERCent:LOWer



Description	Sets or returns the lower limit percent value for the compare function.	
Syntax Query Syntax	CALCulate:COMPare:PERCent:LOWer <nrf> CALCulate:COMPare:PERCent:LOWer?</nrf>	
Parameter	<nrf></nrf>	000.00~999.99
Return parameter	<nr2></nr2>	000.00~999.99
Example	CALC:COMP:PERC:LOW 10.00 Sets the lower limit percent value to -10.00%. CALC:COMP:PERC:LOW? >10.00 Returns the lower limit as -10.00%.	
CALCulate:CO	MPare:PERCer	nt:UPPer Query
Description	Sets or returns the upper limit percent value for the compare function.	
Syntax Query Syntax	CALCulate:COMPare:PERCent:UPPer <nrf> CALCulate:COMPare:PERCent:UPPer?</nrf>	
Parameter	<nrf></nrf>	000.00~999.99
Return parameter	<nr2></nr2>	000.00~999.99
Example	CALC:COMP:PERC:UPP 90.00 Sets the upper limit percent value to +90.00%. CALC:COMP:PERC:UPP? >90.00 Returns the upper limit as +90.00%.	
CALCulate:SC	AN:CHANnel	Set → →Query
Description	Sets or returns the channel for the scan function.	
Syntax Query Syntax	CALCulate:SCAN:CHANnel <nr1> CALCulate:SCAN:CHANnel?</nr1>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	1~100

Set

Query

Example CALC:SCAN:CHAN 5 Sets the channel to 5. CALCulate:SCAN:DELay

Description	Sets or returns the	interval delay for t	he scan function.
Syntax Query Syntax	CALCulate:SCAN:DELay <nr1> CALCulate:SCAN:DELay?</nr1>		
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	400~30000 Unit:ms	
Example	CALC:SCAN:DEL 500 Sets interval delay of the scan to 500ms.		
CALCulate:SCAN:LIMit:LOWer \rightarrow Query)		$(Set) \rightarrow (Query)$	

Sets or returns the lower limit value for the scan function. Description CALCulate:SCAN:LIMit:LOWer {<NRf>[,<String>]} Syntax CALCulate:SCAN:LIMit:LOWer? Query Syntax Parameter <NRf> 000.0000~999.9999 <String> mohm/ohm/kohm/maohm,unit If unit is not set, the unit will be automatically set by the present range. 000.0000~999.9999E±X Return parameter <NR3> Example CALC:SCAN:LIM:LOW 0.123,maohm Sets the lower limit value to $0.123M\Omega$. CALC:SCAN:LIM:LOW? >0.1230E+6 Returns the lower limit as $0.123M\Omega$.

CALCulate:SCAN:LIMit:MODE



Description	Sets or returns the	scan function compare mode.
Syntax Query Syntax	CALCulate:SCAN:LIMit:MODE {ABS DPER} CALCulate:SCAN:LIMit:MODE?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	ABS	The test results are judged from absolute values.

	DPER	The test results are judged from a reference value ± a percentage offset. (delta percent)
Example	CALC:SCAN:LIM:MODE ABS Sets compare mode to absolute values.	
CALCulate:SC	AN:LIMit:REFe	erence Set Query
Description	Sets or returns the	e reference limit for the scan function.
Syntax Query Syntax	CALCulate:SCAN: CALCulate:SCAN:	LIMit:REFerence { <nrf>[,<string>]} LIMit:REFerence?</string></nrf>
Parameter	<nrf></nrf>	000.0001~999.9999
	<string></string>	mohm/ohm/kohm/maohm,unit If unit is not set,the unit will be automatically set by the present range.
Return parameter	<nr3></nr3>	000.0001~999.9999E±X
CALCulate:SC	Sets the reference CALC:SCAN:LIM: >10.0000E-3 Returns the refere	e limit to 10.00mΩ. REF? ence limit as 10.00mΩ. er \rightarrow Query
Description	Sets or returns upper limit of the scan function.	
Syntax Query Syntax	CALCulate:SCAN:LIMit:UPPer { <nrf>[,<string>]} CALCulate:SCAN:LIMit:UPPer?</string></nrf>	
Parameter	<nrf></nrf>	000.0000~999.9999
	<string></string>	mohm/ohm/kohm/maohm,unit If unit is not set, the unit will be automatically set by the present range.
Return parameter	<nr3></nr3>	000.0000~999.9999E±X
Example	CALC:SCAN:LIM:UPP 1.37,kohm Sets the upper limit to $1.37k\Omega$. CALC:SCAN:LIM:UPP? >1.3700E+3 Returns the upper limit as $1.37k\Omega$.	

CALCulate:SCAN:PERCent:LOWer



Description	Sets or returns lower limit percent value for the scan function.	
Syntax Query Syntax	CALCulate:SCAN:PERCent:LOWer <nrf> CALCulate:SCAN:PERCent:LOWer?</nrf>	
Parameter	<nrf></nrf>	000.00~999.99
Return parameter	<nr2></nr2>	000.00~999.99
Example	CALC:SCAN:PERC:LOW 10.00 Sets the lower limit percent value to -10.00%. CALC:SCAN:PERC:LOW? >10.00 Returns the lower limit as -10.00%.	
CALCulate:SC	AN:PERCent:U Sets or returns the function	PPer $\xrightarrow{\text{Set}}$ $\xrightarrow{\text{Query}}$
Syntax Query Syntax	CALCulate:SCAN:PERCent:UPPer <nrf> CALCulate:SCAN:PERCent:UPPer?</nrf>	
Parameter	<nrf></nrf>	000.00~999.99
Return parameter	<nr2></nr2>	000.00~999.99
Example	CALC:SCAN:PERC:UPP 90.00 Sets the upper limit percent value to +90.00%. CALC:SCAN:PERC:UPP? >90.00 Returns the upper limit as +90.00%.	

Memory Commands

MEMory:CLEar		(Set)→
Description	Clears the data fro	m the selected memory slot.
Syntax	MEMory:CLEar <n< td=""><td>IR1></td></n<>	IR1>
Parameter	<nr1></nr1>	1~20
Example	MEM:CLE 1 Clear data from m	emory slot 1.
MEMory:RECal	I	(Set)
Description	Recalls the settings	s from the selected memory slot.
Syntax	MEMory:RECall <nr1></nr1>	
Parameter	<nr1></nr1>	1~20
Example	MEM:REC 1 Recall the settings from memory slot 1.	
MEMory:SAVe		(Set)→
Description	Saves the settings	to the selected memory slot.
Syntax	MEMory:SAVe <nr1></nr1>	
Parameter	<nr1></nr1>	1~20
Example	MEM:SAV 1 Saves the settings to memory slot 1.	
MEMory:STATe		
Description	Returns the status	of all the memory slots.
Query Syntax	MEMory:STATe?	
Return parameter	<string></string>	23 Characters composed of "N" or "F", where "N" indicates "Not used" and "F" indicates "Full".

Example	MEM:STAT?
	> NFFNN-NNNNN-NNNNN-NNNNN
	Indicates that memory slots 2 and 3 have data and that all
	other memory slots are empty.

Sense Commands

SENSe:AUTo			Set Query
Description	Sets or returns	the auto-range state.	
Syntax Query Syntax	SENSe:AUTo < SENSe:AUTo?	:NR1> {OFF ON}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0:OFF. 1:ON.	
	OFF	Auto-Range is of	f.
	ON	Auto-Range is on	1.
Example	SENS:AUT ON Sets auto-rang	SENS:AUT ON Sets auto-range mode on.	
			Set)->
SENSe:DISPla	y		
Description	Sets or returns the display mode. There are two display modes, normal and simple.		
Syntax Query Syntax	SENSe:DISPlay <nr1> {OFF ON} SENSe:DISPlay?</nr1>		
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0:OFF. 1:ON.	
	OFF	Display mode is 1	normal.
	ON	Display mode is s	simple.
Example	SENS:DISP OFF Sets the display mode to normal.		
SENSe:FUNC	ion		Set → →Query
Description	Sets or returns	the function mode.	
Syntax	SENSe:FUNCtion {OHM COMP BIN TC TCONV SCAN DIODE}		
Query Syntax	SENSe:FUNCtion?		

Parameter/ Return parameter	ОНМ	OHM MODE
	СОМР	COMP MODE
	BIN	BIN MODE
	тс	TC MODE
	TCONV	TCONV MODE
	SCAN	SCAN MODE
	DIODE	DIODE MODE
Example	SENS:FUNC OHM Sets ohm mode on.	
SENSe:RANGe	2	$\underbrace{\text{Set}}_{} \rightarrow \underbrace{\text{Query}}_{}$

Description	Sets or returns the range of the present function.	
Syntax Query Syntax	SENSe:RANGe <nrf> SENSe:RANGe?</nrf>	
Parameter	<nrf> 5E-2 ~ 5E+6</nrf>	
Return parameter	<nr3></nr3>	$5E-2 \sim 5E+6$
Example	SENS:RANG 0.05 Sets range to $50m\Omega$. SENS:RANG? >5.0000E-2 Returns the range as $50m\Omega$.	
SENSe:SPEed		Set → Query
Description	Sets or returns the	measurement speed.

	e de la construction de la const	
Syntax Query Syntax	SENSe:SPEed {SLOW FAST} SENSe:SPEed?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	SLOW	Measurement speed is slow.
	FAST	Measurement speed is fast.
Example	SENS:SPE FAST Sets measurement speed to the fast rate.	

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SENSe:REL:D	ATa	
Description	Sets or returns the relative value for the relative function.	
Syntax Query Syntax	SENSe:REL:DATa <nrf> SENSe:REL:DATa?</nrf>	
Parameter	<nrf></nrf>	0.0000~500.00 The unit will be auto set by the present range.
Return parameter	<nr3></nr3>	±0.0000~5.1000E±X
Example	SENS:REL:DAT 490.32 Sets the relative function value to 490.32Ω. SENS:REL:DAT? >4.9032E+2 Returns the relative value (490.32Ω).	
SENSe:REL:ST	ГАТе	Set → →Query
Description	Sets or returns the relative function state.	
Syntax Query Syntax	SENSe:REL:STATe <nr1> {OFF ON} SENSe:REL:STATe?</nr1>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0:OFF. 1:ON.
	OFF	Turn the relative function off.
	ON	Turn the relative function on.
Example	SENS:REL:STAT OFF Sets the relative function off.	
SENSe:REALti	me:STATe	Query
Description	Sets or returns the real time function state.	
Syntax Query Syntax	SENSe:REALtime:STATe <nr1> {OFF ON} SENSe:REALtime:STATe?</nr1>	

Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0:OFF. 1:ON.
	OFF	Turn the real time function off.
	ON	Turn the real time function on.
Example	SENS:REAL:STAT	NC

Turns the real time function on.

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Source Commands

SOURce:DRY		$\underbrace{\text{Set}}_{} \rightarrow \underbrace{\text{Query}}_{}$
Description	Sets or return	s the dry circuit test mode.
Syntax Query Syntax	SOURce:DRY { <nr1> {OFF ON} SOURce:DRY?</nr1>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0:OFF. 1:ON.
	OFF	Turn dry circuit test mode off.
	ON	Turn dry circuit test mode on.
SOURce:DRIV	Turns the dry	circuit test mode on. Set → →Query
Description	Sets or returns the drive mode.	
Syntax Query Syntax	SOURce:DRIVe <nr1> SOURce:DRIVe?</nr1>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	1: the DC+ mode.
		2: the DC- mode.
		3: the PULSE mode.
		4: the PWM mode.
		5: the ZERO mode.
Example	SOURce:DRIV Sets the drive	/e 3 mode to pulse.

Status Commands

STATus:PRESe	t		Set
Description	Sets the QUESTio	nable enable regist	er to zero.
Syntax	STATus:PRESet <n< td=""><td>ONE></td><td></td></n<>	ONE>	
Parameter	<none></none>		
STATus:QUESt	ionable:ENABl	e	Set → →Query
Description	Sets or returns the Questionable Data Enable register.		
Syntax Query Syntax	STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle <nr1> STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle?</nr1>		
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0~32767.	
Example	STAT:QUES:ENAB 2560 Sets the Questionable Data Enable register to 000101000000000.		
STATus:QUEStionable:EVENt —Query			
Description	Returns the contents of the Questionable Data Event register.		
Query Syntax	STATus:QUEStionable:EVENt?		
Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0~32767	
Example	STAT:QUES:EVEN? >512 512 indicates that t register=00000010	the Questionable D 00000000.	Data Event

System Commands

SYSTem:AVERa	age:DATa	$\underbrace{\text{Set}}_{\rightarrow}$
Description	Sets or returns the average function.	number of measurements used for the
Syntax Query Syntax	SYSTem:AVERage:DATa <nr1> SYSTem:AVERage:DATa?</nr1>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	2~10
Example	SYST:AVER:DAT 5 5 measurements are used to perform the average function.	
SYSTem:AVERa	age:STATe	Set → Query
Description	Sets or returns the	average function state.
Syntax Query Syntax	SYSTem:AVERage:STATe <nr1> {OFF ON} SYSTem:AVERage:STATe?</nr1>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0:OFF. 1:ON.
	OFF	Turn the average function off.
	ON	Turn the average function on.
Example	SYST:AVER:STAT OFF Turns the average function off.	
SYSTem:BRIGhtness →Query		
Description	Sets or returns the brightness level.	
Syntax Query Syntax	SYSTem:BRIGhtness <nr1> SYSTem:BRIGhtness?</nr1>	
Query syntaxSTOREMBRIGHTICSS:Parameter/ Return parameter <nr1>1(dim)~5(bright)</nr1>		1(dim)~5(bright)

Example SYST:BRIG 4 Turns the brightness level to 4.

SYSTem:ERRor



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Query

Description	Returns the current system error, if any.	
Query Syntax	SYSTem:ERRor?	
Return parameter	<pre><string> Error number,"Error message"</string></pre>	
Example	SYST:ERR? >0,"No error". Indicates that there is no error message.	

SYSTem:HANDler

Description	Sets or returns the handler state.	
Syntax Query Syntax	SYSTem:HANDler {CLEAR HOLD} SYSTem:HANDler?	
Parameter/ Clear Return parameter		It clears the last result before executing measurement.
	HOLD	It holds the test result and changes when a different result appears.
Example	SYST:HAND HOLD Sets the test result to the hold state.	

SYSTem:KEYClick:BEEPer

$\left(\right)$	Set)
	Query

Description	Sets or returns the keyclick beeper state.	
Syntax Query Syntax	SYSTem:KEYClick:BEEPer <nr1> {OFF ON} SYSTem:KEYClick:BEEPer?</nr1>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0:OFF. 1:ON.
	OFF	Turn the keyclick beeper off.
	ON	Turn the keyclick beeper on.
Example	SYST:KEYC:BEEP OFF Sets the keyclick beeper off.	

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Description	Sets or returns the frequency setting for the line filter.	
Syntax Query Syntax	SYSTem:LFRequency {AUTO 50 60} SYSTem:LFRequency?	
Parameter/ Return parameterAUTOThe frequency setting to is automatically detected		The frequency setting for the line filter is automatically detected.
	50	The frequency is 50Hz.
	60	The frequency is 60Hz.
Example	SYST:LFR 60 Sets the line frequency to 60Hz. SYST:LFR? >60Hz Returns the line frequency as 60Hz.	

SYST	[em:l	_OCal
	0	

(Set)→

Description	Enables local cont remote control.	rol (front panel control) and disables
Syntax	SYSTem:LOCal	
Parameter	<none></none>	
		(Set)->

SYSTem:MDELay:DATa

Description	Sets or returns the measurement delay time.	
Syntax Query Syntax	SYSTem:MDELay:DATa <nrf> SYSTem:MDELay:DATa?</nrf>	
Parameter/	<nrf></nrf>	0.000~100.000
Return parameter		Unit:ms
		For values under 1s, the unit resolution
		is 1ms.
		For values above 1s, the unit
		resolution is 0.1s.

Example	SYST:MDEL:DAT 1.105 Sets the delay time of measure is 1.1s. SYST:MDEL:DAT? >001.100 Returns the measurement delay as 1.1s.	
SYSTem:MDEL	_ay:STATe	Set → Query
Description	Sets or returns the	measurement delay function state.
Syntax Query Syntax	SYSTem:MDELay: SYSTem:MDELay:	STATe <nr1> {OFF ON} STATe?</nr1>
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0:OFF. 1:ON.
	OFF	Turn the measurement delay off.
	ON	Turn the measurement delay on.
Example	SYST:MDEL:STAT OFF Turns the measurement delay function off.	
SYSTem:PWM:	ON	$\underbrace{\text{Set}}_{\rightarrow}$
Description	Sets or returns the duty ON period for the PWM drive mode.	
Note	PWM drive mode is only available for the GOM-805.	
Syntax Query Syntax	SYSTem:PWM:ON <nr1> SYSTem:PWM:ON?</nr1>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	3~99 Unit: time units. For 60Hz LF, each unit is equal 16.6ms. For 50Hz LF, each unit is equal to 20.0ms.
Example	SYST:PWM:ON 5 Sets the duty ON time to 5 adc units.	

SYSTem	PWM	:OFF
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 $\underbrace{\text{Set}}_{} \rightarrow \underbrace{\text{Query}}_{}$

Description	Sets or returns the duty OFF period for the PWM drive mode.	
Syntax Query Syntax	SYSTem:PWM:OFF <nr1> SYSTem:PWM:OFF?</nr1>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	100~9999 Unit:ms
Example	SYST:PWM:OFF 200 Sets the duty OFF period to 200 ms.	

SYSTem:SERial			
Description	Returns the se	rial number.	
Query Syntax	SYSTem:SERial?		
Return parameter	<string></string>	9 characters	

Example SYST:SER? > GXXXXXXXX

SYSTem:VERSion

Description	Returns the SCPI version of the device.	
Query Syntax	SYSTem:VERSion?	
Return parameter	<string></string>	10 characters
Example	SYST:VERS? >SCPI1994.0. SCPI version: 1994	

Example

Temperature Commands

TEMPerature:AMBient:DATa



Description	Sets or returns the user-set ambient temperature value for
·	the temperature compensation and the temperature
	conversion function.

Syntax	TEMPerature:AMBient:DATa <nrf></nrf>		
Query Syntax	TEMPerature:AMBient:DATa?		
Parameter	<nrf></nrf>	-50.0~399.9 (Unit: °C)	

<NR2>Return parameter -50.0~399.9 (Unit: °C)

> TEMP:AMB:DAT 25.6 Sets the user ambient temperature value to +25.6°C. TEMP:AMB:DAT? >25.6 Returns the set ambient temperature as 25.6°C.



TEMPerature:AMBient:STATe

Description	Sets or returns the state of the user-set ambient temperature.	
Syntax Query Syntax	TEMPerature:AMBient:STATe <nr1> {OFF ON} TEMPerature:AMBient:STATe?</nr1>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0:OFF. 1:ON.
	OFF	Disables the user-set ambient temperature.
	ON	Enables the user-set ambient temperature.
Example	TEMP:AMB:STAT OFF	

TEMPerature:	COMPensate:C	OEFficient	$\underbrace{\text{Set}}_{\text{Query}}$
Description	Sets or returns the temperature comp	temperature coeff ensation function.	ficient for
Syntax Query Syntax	TEMPerature:COM TEMPerature:COM	1Pensate:COEFficie 1Pensate:COEFficie	ent <nr1> ent?</nr1>
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	-9999~+9999	
Example	TEMP:COMP:COE Sets the temperatu	F 3930 are coefficient to 39	930ppm.
TEMPerature:	COMPensate:C	ORRect	
Description	Sets or returns the reference temperature for the temperature compensation function.		
Syntax Query Syntax	TEMPerature:COMPensate:CORRect <nrf> TEMPerature:COMPensate:CORRect?</nrf>		
Parameter	<nrf></nrf>	-50.0~399.9 (Unit	t: °C)
Return parameter	<nr2></nr2>	-50.0~399.9 (Unit	t: °C)
Example	TEMP:COMP:CORR 25.5 Sets the reference temperature to 25.5°C.		
TEMPerature:	CONVersion:CO	ONStant	$\underbrace{\text{Set}}_{} \rightarrow \underbrace{\text{Query}}_{}$
Description	Sets or returns the temperature constant for the temperature conversion function.		
Syntax Query Syntax	TEMPerature:CONVersion:CONStant <nrf> TEMPerature:CONVersion:CONStant?</nrf>		
Parameter	<nrf></nrf>	0.0~999.9	
Return parameter	<nr2></nr2>	0.0~999.9	
Example	TEMP:CONV:CONS 235 Sets the temperature constant to 235.		

TEMPerature:CONVersion:DISPlay



Description	Sets or returns the temperature display mode for the temperature conversion function.	
Syntax Query Syntax	TEMPerature:CONVersion:DISPlay <nr1> TEMPerature:CONVersion:DISPlay?</nr1>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	1:∆T 2:T
Example	TEMP:CONV:DISP 1 Sets the temperature display mode for the temperature conversion function is ΔT .	

TEMPerature:CONVersion:MATH:DATa	- Query
----------------------------------	---------

Description	Returns conversion function deviation value.	
Query Syntax	TEMPerature:CONVersion:MATH:DATa?	
Return parameter	<nr3></nr3>	±0.000~9.999E±X
Example	TEMP:CONV:MATH:DAT?	

Returns 1.250E+2.

TEMPerature:CONVersion:RESistance

(Set)-	→
	→ Que	ery)

Description	Sets or returns the initial resistance for the temperature conversion function.	
Syntax Query Syntax	TEMPerature:CONVersion:RESistance { <nrf>[,<string>]} TEMPerature:CONVersion:RESistance?</string></nrf>	
Parameter	<nrf></nrf>	000.0001~999.9999
	<string></string>	mohm/ohm/kohm/maohm,unit If the unit is not set, the unit will be automatically set by the present range.
Return parameter	<nr3></nr3>	000.0001~999.9999E±X

ExampleTEMP:CONV:RES 10.00,maohm
Sets initial resistance value to 10.00MΩ.
TEMP:CONV:RES?
>10.0000E+6
Returns the initial resistance as 10.00MΩ.

TEMPerature:CONVersion:TEMPeratur	e
-----------------------------------	---

$\underbrace{\text{Set}}_{\rightarrow}$

Description	Sets or returns the initial temperature for the temperature conversion function.	
Syntax Query Syntax	TEMPerature:CONVersion:TEMPerature <nrf> TEMPerature:CONVersion:TEMPerature?</nrf>	
Parameter	<nrf></nrf>	-50.0~399.9 (Unit: °C)
Return parameter	<nr2></nr2>	-50.0~399.9 (Unit: °C)
Example	TEMP:CONV:TEMP 25.6 Sets the initial temperature to +25.6°C.	

TEMPerature:DATa



Description	Returns the PT-100 sensor temperature measurement in degrees Celsius.	
Query Syntax	TEMPerature:DATa?	
Return parameter	<nr3></nr3>	-50.0~399.9
Example	TEMP:DAT? >0.250E+2 Returns the temperature as 25°C.	

TEMPerature:STATe

$\left(\right)$	Set)-	→
	→ Que	ry)

Description	Sets or returns the temperature function state.	
Syntax Query Syntax	TEMPerature:STATe { <nr1> OFF ON} TEMPerature:STATe?</nr1>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0:OFF 1:ON
	OFF	Turn the temp function off.
	ON	Turn the temp function on.

Example **TEMP:STAT ON** Sets the temp function on. Set) **TEMPerature:UNIT** Query Description Sets or returns the temperature unit. (Only used for the display readback.) Syntax TEMPerature:UNIT {DEGC|DEGF} **TEMPerature:UNIT?** Query Syntax °C Parameter/ DEGC Return parameter DEGF ٥F Example **TEMP:UNIT DEGF** Sets temperature unit to °F (Fahrenheit).

Trigger Commands

READ		
Description	Returns the measurement value.	
Query Syntax	READ?	
Return parameter	<nr3></nr3>	±0.0000~5.1000E±X
Example	READ? >+2.2012E+0 Returns the measu	urement.
MEASure <x></x>		
Description	Returns the results of the selected channel in the scan mode, including HI/LO/IN and value.	
Query Syntax	MEASure <x>?</x>	
Parameter	<x></x>	Channel 1~100
Return parameter	0 1 2, <nr3></nr3>	0:LO 1:IN 2:HI <nr3>: Measurement result.</nr3>
Example	MEAS1? >1,+0.9978E+1 Returns channel 1	as 9.978Ω.
SHOW		
Description	Returns the judgments of all (up to 100) channels in the scan mode.	
Query Syntax	SHOW?	
Return parameter	<string></string>	100 characters 0:LO 1:IN 2:HI _:Channel not active

Example	SHOW?			
·	Returns			
	11111111111			
	<u> </u>			
	·			
		(Set)		
TRIGger:EDG	E			
		,		
Description	Sets or return	s the trigger edge (falling or rising edge).		
Syntax Query Syntax	TRIGger:EDG TRIGger:EDG	E {RISING FALLING} E?		
Parameter/	RISING	Select rising trigger.		
Return parameter	FALLING	Select falling trigger.		
Example	TRIG:EDGE FA	ALLING er to falling edge.		
TRIGger DFLa				
Description	Sets or return	s the trigger delay time.		
Syntax	TRIGger:DELay:DATa <nr1></nr1>			
Query Syntax	TRIGger:DELay:DATa?			
Parameter/	<nr1></nr1>	0~1000		
Return parameter		Unit:ms		
Example	TRIG:DEL:DA	Т 100		
•	Sets the trigge	Sets the trigger delay time to 100ms.		
		(Set)		
TRIGger:DELa	v:STATe			
0	1			
Description	Sets or returns the trigger delay function state.			
Syntax Query Syntax	TRIGger:DELay:STATe <nr1> {OFF ON} TRIGger:DELay:STATe?</nr1>			
Parameter/	<nr1></nr1>	0:0N		
Return parameter		1:OFF		
	OFF	Turn the trigger delay function off		
	ON	Turn the trigger delay function on		

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Example TRIG:DEL:STAT OFF

Turns the trigger delay function off.

TRIGger:SOURce

 $\underbrace{\text{Set}}_{} \rightarrow \underbrace{\text{Query}}_{}$

Description	Sets or returns current trigger source.	
Syntax Query Syntax	TRIGger:SOURce {INT EXT} TRIGger:SOURce?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	INT	Internal trigger mode.
	EXT	External trigger mode.
Example	TRIG:SOUR EXT	

Sets the current trigger source to external trigger.

Userdefine Commands

USERdefine <x< th=""><th>>:ACTive</th><th>Set → →Query</th></x<>	>:ACTive	Set → →Query	
Description	Sets or returns the active output state of the selected Userdefine pin.		
Syntax Query Syntax	USERdefine <x>:ACTive <nr1> USERdefine<x>:ACTive?</x></nr1></x>		
Parameter/	<x></x>	Userdefine pin 1~2	
Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	1:active low state 2:active high state	
Example	USER1:ACT 1 Sets the userdefine1 pin IO to active low state.		
USERdefine <x< td=""><td>>:FIRStdata</td><td>Set \rightarrow Query</td></x<>	>:FIRStdata	Set \rightarrow Query	
Description	Sets or returns the first operand for the selected user define pin.		
Syntax Query Syntax	USERdefine <x>:FIRStdata <nr1> USERdefine<x>:FIRStdata?</x></nr1></x>		
Parameter/ Return	<x></x>	Userdefine pin 1~2	
parameter	<nr1></nr1>	1~8:bin1~bin8 state 9:bin out state 10:hi state 11:low state 12:pass state 13:fail state	
Example	USER1:FIRS 12 Sets first operand of userdefine1 as pass state.		
USERdefine <x< td=""><td>>:LOGic</td><td>$\underbrace{\text{Set}}_{} \rightarrow \underbrace{\text{Query}}_{}$</td></x<>	>:LOGic	$\underbrace{\text{Set}}_{} \rightarrow \underbrace{\text{Query}}_{}$	
Description	Sets or returns operator for the selected user define pin.		

Syntax Query Syntax	USERdefine <x>:LOGic <nr1> USERdefine<x>:LOGic?</x></nr1></x>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x></x>	Userdefine pin 1~2
	<nr1></nr1>	1:off(only judge first data) 2:logical and. 3:logical or.
Example	USER1:LOG 1 Sets the operator of userdefine1 to off. (I.e., only the first operand determines the output of userdefine1.)	
USERdefine <x< td=""><td><>:SEConddat</td><td>a Set → Query</td></x<>	<>:SEConddat	a Set → Query
Description	Sets or returns the second operand for the selected user define pin.	
Syntax Query Syntax	USERdefine <x>:SECondata <nr1> USERdefine<x>:SECondata?</x></nr1></x>	
Parameter/	<x></x>	1~2
Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	1~8:bin1~bin8 state 9:bin out state 10:hi state 11:low state 12:pass state 13:fail state
Example	USER1:SEC 3 Sets the last operand of userdefine1 as the state of the bin3 result.	

IEEE 488.2 Common Commands

*CLS		(Set)→
Description	Clears the Event Status register (Output Queue, Operation Event Status, Questionable Event Status, Standard Event Status).	
Syntax	*CLS	
Parameter	<none></none>	
*ESE		Set → →Query
Description	Sets or returns the ESER (Event Status Enable Register) contents.	
Syntax Query Syntax	*ESE <nr1> *ESE?</nr1>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0~255
Example	*ESE 65 Sets the ESER to 0 *ESE? >130 ESER=10000010	1000001
*ESR		
Description	Returns SESR (Standard Event Status Register) contents.	
Syntax Query Syntax	*ESR?	
Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0~255
Example	*ESR? >198 SESR=11000110	

*IDN		
Description	Returns the manufacturer, model No., serial number and system version number.	
Query Syntax	*IDN?	
Return parameter	<string></string>	31 characters
Example	*IDN? >GWINSTEK,GOM805,GXXXXXXX,V1.00.	
*OPC		Set → →Query
Description	Sets or returns the operation complete bit (bit0) in SERS (Standard Event Status Register) when all pending operations are completed.	
Syntax Query Syntax	*OPC *OPC?	
Parameter	<none></none>	
Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0:operation not complete 1:operation complete
Example	*OPC? Returns 1.	1 1
*RST		(Set)→
Description	Recalls default panel setup.	
Syntax	*RST	
Parameter	<none></none>	
*SRE		$\underbrace{\text{Set}}_{} \rightarrow \underbrace{\text{Query}}_{}$
Description	Sets or returns the SRER (Service Request Enable Register) contents.	
Syntax Query Syntax	*SRE <nr1> *SRE?</nr1>	
--------------------------------	---	---------------------------------
Parameter/ Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0~255
Example	*SRE 7 Sets the SRER to 00 *SRE? >3 SRER=00000011	0000111
*STB		
Description	Returns the SBR (S	Status Byte Register) contents.
Query Syntax	*STB?	
Return parameter	<nr1></nr1>	0~255
Example	*STB? >81 SESR=01010001	
*TRG		(Set)
Description	Manually triggers t	he instrument.
Syntax	*TRG	
Parameter	<none></none>	

Status system

The diagram below is a description of the status system.



For the following command sets, please refer to the diagram above:

STAT: QUES: EVEN? STAT: QUES: ENAB STAT: QUES: ENAB? *ESR? *ESE *ESE? *STB? *SRE *SRE

FAQ

- What are the different measurement speeds?
- The GOM-804/805 performance does not match the specifications.

What are the different measurement speeds?

There are two measurement speeds for both resistance and temperature measurement. At the slow measurement rate, the measurement speed is 10 samples/s and at the fast measurement rate the measurement speed is at 60 samples/s.

The GOM-804/805 performance does not match the specifications.

Make sure the device is powered on for at least 30 minutes, is operated at the slow measurement rate and is within $+18^{\circ}C^{+}+28^{\circ}C$ with a humidity not exceeding 80%. This is necessary to stabilize the unit to match the specifications.



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Temperature Measurement

Reference Temperature Table

Overview Backgroun	rhe I nd follow of 19	The International Temperature Scale (I' following table. The table has 17fixed ca of 1990.		
			Temperatu	re
Element		Туре	°К	°C
(H ₂)	Hydrogen	Triple point	13.8033	-259.3467
(Ne)	Neon	Triple point	24.5561	248.5939
(O ₂)	Oxygen	Triple point	54.3584	218.7916
(Ar)	Argon	Triple point	83.8058	-189.3442
(Hg)	Mercury	Triple point	234.325	-38.8344
(H2O)	Water	Triple point	273.16	+0.01
(Ga)	Gallium	Melting point	302.9146	29.7646
(In)	Indium	Freezing point	429.7485	156.5985
(Sn)	Tin	Freezing point	505.078	231.928
(Zn)	Zinc	Freezing point	692.677	419.527
(Al)	Aluminum	Freezing point	933.473	660.323
(Ag)	Silver	Freezing point	1234.93	961.78
(Au)	Gold	Freezing point	1337.33	1064.18

RTD Sensors				
Overview	Resistive Thermal Devices (RTDs) are commonly used as temperature sensors. RTDs change resistance linearly over a specific range of temperature. The table below shows some of the inherent features of RTDs compared to thermocouples.			
	Feature	Description		
	Accuracy	Higher accuracy		
	Resolution	0.1~1.0°C, higher resolution		
	Speed of response	Slower		
	Self-heating	Yes		
	Long term stability	Good		
	Output characteristics	Approx. 0.40hm/°C, near linear		

Optional Platinum Sensor

Introduction	The optional platinum sensor is a PT-100 sensor. The PT-100 sensor meets the German DIN43760: 1968 3 wire measurement specification.			
	These sensors are one of the most common temperature sensors used in industry. These sensors have a nominal resistance of 100Ω at 0°C.			
	The relationship between temperature and resistance for the PT-100 sensor can be described with the Gallendarvan Dusen equation shown below:			
	$R_{RTD} = R_0[1 + AT + BT^2 + CT^3(T-100)]$			
	Where: RRTD is the calculated resistance of the RTD.			
	Ro is the known RTD resistance at 0°C.			
	T is the temperature in °C			
	A=alpha [I+(delta/100)]			
	B=-I(alpha)(delta)(le-4)			
	C=-I(alpha)(beta)(Ie-8)			
	The Alpha (A), Beta (B), Delta (D) values for the			

		PT-100 s	enso	r are listed	below:	
Туре РТ-100	Standard ITS90	Alpha 0.00385	50	Beta 0.10863	Delta 1.49990	Ω@0°C 100Ω
Temperatur Calculation	re Example	Example- RTD at 1 alpha, be PT-100 R	—Ca 00°C ta, ar 2TD:	llculating th C (T). The f nd delta val	he resistance of following \mathbf{R}_0 (ues are used f	of a PT-100 Ωat 0°C), For the
		Т	=100)°C		
		R	ο (Ω	at 0°C) =	100Ω	
		A	lpha	=0.003850)	
		В	eta=	0.10863		
		D	elta	=1.49990		
		A, B, and listed abo	C anove:	e calculate	d according to	o equations
		A	=0.0	0391		
		В	=5.7	7e-7		
		С	=4.1	8e-12		
		The resis calculated	tance 1 as f	e of the RT follows:	[D at 100°C ((\mathbf{R}_{100}) is then
		R100: =	R0[1·	+AT=BT ² +0	CT ³ (T-100)]	

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{R}_{100:} &= \text{R}_{0}[1 + \text{A}1 = \text{B}1^{2} + \text{C}1^{3}(1 - 100)] \\ &= 100\{1 + [(0.00391)(100)] + [(-5.77e - 7)(100^{2}) \\ &+ [(-4.18E - 12)(100^{3})(100 - 100)]]\} \\ &= 138.5 \Omega \end{array}$

Specifications

Conditions Background	The specifications are applicable under the following conditions:
	 A 1-year calibration cycle. An operating temperature of 18 to 28 °C (64.4 to 82.4°F). Relative humidity not exceeding 80%. Accuracy is expressed as ±(percentage of reading + digits).
	 The instrument requires 30 minutes warm-up time and must be operated at the slow measurement rate to achieve rated accuracy. The power cord protective grounding conductor must be connected to ground.

Resistance Measurement

50000 counts				
		Measuring		Open-Termin
Range	Resolution	Current	Accuracy	al Voltage
50mΩ	lμΩ	1A	±(0.1%+0.02%)	~6.5V
500mΩ	10μΩ	100mA	±(0.05%+0.02%)	~6.5V
5Ω	100μΩ	10mA	±(0.05%+0.02%)	~6.5V
50Ω	lmΩ	1mA	±(0.05%+0.02%)	~6.5V
500Ω	10mΩ	1mA	±(0.05%+0.008%)	~6.5V
5kΩ	100mΩ	1mA	±(0.05%+0.008%)	~6.5V
50kΩ	1Ω	100µA	±(0.05%+0.008%)	~6.5V
500kΩ	10Ω	10µA	±(0.05%+0.008%)	~6.5V
5ΜΩ	100Ω	1µA	±(0.2%+0.008%)	~6.5V

*When the instrument is set to $50m\Omega$ or $500m\Omega$ ranges, the resistance value will be changed while connecting or disconnecting the test lead to the panel due to the different temperature between internal and external parts of the instrument. Therefore, please wait 1 minute in order to obtain an accurate value after the test leads have been connected or disconnected.

* When Kelvin clips are used to resume testing after a long period of time, please wait for a short time to stabilize the measurement.

*Fast and Slow measurement rates have the same specifications. However, the Slow rate is more accurate as it will correct for any errors associated with temperature drift that occurs from the difference between the measurement temperature and the calibration temperature.

Measurement	Four-terminal method.
Auto-ranging	Provided.
Over input range	"" indicates over range
Comparator	20 sets of comparator status can be selected.
Buzzer mode switchable	OFF, PASS, FAIL

Dry Resistance Measurement

Range	Measuring Current	Accuracy
500mΩ	100mA	±(0.3%+0.05%)
5Ω	10mA	±(0.3%+0.05%)
50Ω	1mA	±(0.3%+0.05%)

Temperature Measurement

Temperature sensor (option)	Platinum resistor. Lead length: 1.5m approx.
-10°C ~40°C	0.3%±0.5°C
Other	0.3%±1.0°C

Temperature Correction Function

Reference temperatur	re -50.0°C~399.9°C
range	
Thermal coefficient range	±9999 ppm
Temperature range	Accuracy of temperature compensation for 3930 ppm/Cu wire.*
-10°C~40.0°C	0.3%+resistance measurement accuracy.
Other	0.6%+resistance measurement accuracy.

*The temperature coefficient for the other settings must be calculated individually according to different conditions.

*If the temperature coefficient or the difference between the environmental temperature and the required temperature exceeds normal operation, after calculating the compensation, the variation to the reading value will be significant.

*When using the PT-100 temperature sensor for temperature measurements, the accuracy of the sensor (typical accuracy of $<\pm0.5$ °C) should also be taken into account and calculated for.

Interface

Handler interface*	Signal: Trigger: TTL input Signal: LOW, HIGH, FAIL, PASS, EOT, READY, BIN 1~8, BIN OUT: total 15 TTL outputs.
Scan*	Signal: RELAY, PASS, LOW, HIGH, CLOCK, STRB total 6 TTL outputs.
Communication Interfaces	GOM-804: USB/RS-232 GOM-804G: USB/RS-232/GPIB GOM-805: USB/RS-232/GPIB
	*The Scan and Handler interface use the same connector.

Environmental

Operation Environment	Indoor use, altitude up to 2000m. Ambient Temperature 0°C to 40°C. Relative Humidity 80% (Maximum). Pollution Degree 2
Storage temperature	-10°C to 70°C.

General

Power source	AC 100-240V±10%, 50-60Hz, 25VA
Accessories	Power cord x1
	Test lead: GTL-308 x1
	User manual x1 (CD)
	Safety instruction sheet x1
	USB cable (option): GTL-246
	Temperature sensor (option): PT-100
Dimension	223(W)×102(H)×283(D) mm
Weigh	Approx. 3 kg

Dimensions



Declaration of Conformity

We

GOOD WILL INSTRUMENT CO., LTD.

No.7-1, Jhongsing Rd., Tucheng Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan GOOD WILL INSTRUMENT (SUZHOU) CO., LTD. No. 69, Lu San Road, Suzhou New District, Jiangsu, China declare, that the below mentioned product

Type of Product: **DC Milliohm Meter**

Model Number: GOM-804, GOM-805

are herewith confirmed to comply with the requirements set out in the Council Directive on the Approximation of the Law of Member States relating to Electromagnetic Compatibility (2004/108/EC) & (2014/30/EU) and Low Voltage Directive (2006/95/EC) & (2014/35/EU). For the evaluation regarding the Electromagnetic Compatibility and Low Voltage Equipment Directive, the following standards were applied:

© EMC		
EN 61326-1: Electrical equi	Electrical equipment for measurement, control and	
EN 61326-2-1: laboratory use	EMC requirements (2013)	
EN 61326-2-2:		
Conducted and Radiated Emissio	n Electrostatic Discharge	
EN 55011: 2009+A1:2010	EN 61000-4-2: 2009	
Current Harmonics	Radiated Immunity	
EN 61000-3-2:	EN 61000-4-3 :	
2006+A1:2009+A2:2014	2006+A1 :2008+A2 :2010	
Voltage Fluctuation	Electrical Fast Transients	
EN 61000-3-3 :2013	EN 61000-4-4: 2012	
	Surge Immunity	
	EN 61000-4-5 :2006	
	Conducted Susceptibility	
	EN 61000-4-6 : 2014	
	Power Frequency Magnetic Field	
	EN 61000-4-8: 2010	
	Voltage Dip/ Interruption	
	EN 61000-4-11: 2004	

Low Voltage Equipment Directive 2006/95/EC & 2014/35/EU	
Safety Requirements	EN 61010-1: 2010
	EN 61010-2-030: 2010

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