

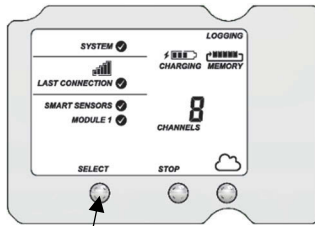
RXW Davis® Rain Gauge Sensor (RXW-RGx-xxx) Quick Start

Adding a Mote to the HOBOnet® Wireless Sensor Network

Important: Keep the mote near the station while completing these steps.

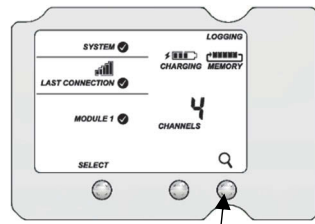
If you are setting up a new station, follow the instructions in the station quick start before setting up this mote

1



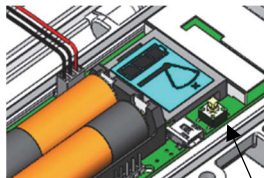
Press the Select button on the station to switch to the module with the manager (module 2 on RX2105 or RX2106 stations).

2



Press the Search button. The magnifying glass icon will blink while the station is in search mode waiting for motes to join the network.

3



Open the door and install the rechargeable batteries. Press this button on the mote for 3 seconds.

4

Watch the mote LCD during the process of joining the network:

a.



This signal strength icon blinks while searching for a network.

b.



Once a network is found, the icon will stop flashing and the bars will cycle from left to right.

c.



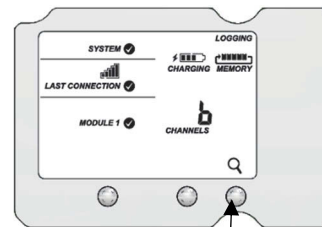
This network connection "x" icon blinks while the mote completes the registration process, which may take up to five minutes.

d.



Once the mote has finished joining the network, the "x" icon is removed and the channel count on the station LCD increases by two (one for rainfall and one for the mote battery).

5



Press the Search button on the station again to stop the search for motes.

6



See the HOBOlink Help for details.

Mounting and Positioning the Mote

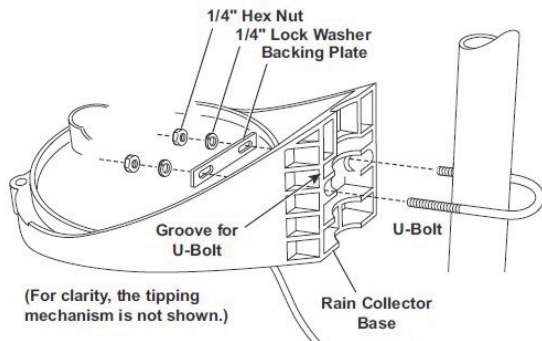
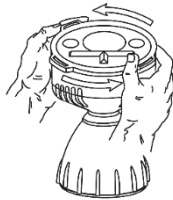
- Close the mote and use a padlock to keep it secure.
- Mount the mote vertically using cable ties or screws.
- Position the mote towards the sun, making sure the solar panel is oriented so that it receives optimal sunlight throughout each season. It may be necessary to periodically adjust the mote position as the path of the sunlight changes throughout the year or if tree and leaf growth alters the amount of sunlight reaching the solar panel.
- Make sure the mote is mounted a minimum of 1.8 m (6 feet) from the ground or vegetation to help maximize distance and signal strength.
- Consider using plastic poles such as PVC to mount the mote as certain types of metal could decrease the signal strength.
- Place the mote so there is full line of sight with the next mote. Use a repeater if there is an obstruction between motes.
- There should not be more than five motes in any direction from a repeater or the manager. Data from sensor motes travels or "hops" across the network and may not reach the station if the mote is more than five hops away.

Sensor Mounting Guidelines

- Mount the rain gauge sensor so that it is level using the built-in bubble level attached to the base.
- Be sure there is an unobstructed path for water runoff from the drain screens.
- The sensor contains a magnet-operated switch that may not operate correctly if you mount the rain gauge on or near any object that is attracted to a magnet.
- Exposure to winds can reduce the measured rainfall amounts. Mount the sensor where there are no obstructions of rainfall at low angles (such as trees, houses, fences) and as low as possible out of the wind.
- If installing the sensor on a sheet metal roof, insulate the unit by making a platform out of wood. Mount the base of the rain gauge at least 4 cm (1 inch) away from any steel or iron surface and make sure the reed switch is at least 4 cm (1 inch) away from any steel or iron objects (e.g. nails).
- For the most accurate rainfall measurements, it is recommended that you mount the sensor upslope, about 3 meters (10 feet) away from the tripod, on a 1.5 meter high mounting pole (M-MPB). Alternatively, you can mount the sensor on the tripod mast.
- Tall objects can interfere with accurate rain measurements. It is recommended that you place the rain bucket away from the obstruction by a distance greater than three times the height of the obstruction. If that is not possible, raise the rain bucket as high as possible to avoid shedding.
- Avoid splashing and puddles. Be sure the gauge is high enough above any surface that rain will not splash into the top of the collector.
- Vibration can significantly degrade accuracy of the tipping bucket mechanism. In windy locations make sure that the bucket will be vibration-free. Consider using guy wires to secure a pole or tower-mounted bucket.

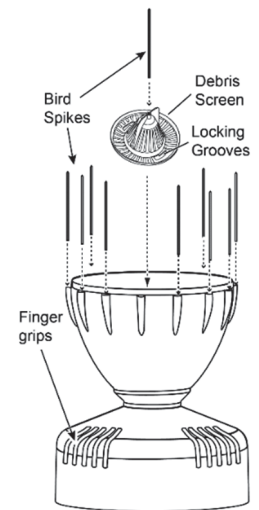
Assembling and Mounting the Sensor

1. Remove the cone from the base by turning over the bucket. Rotate the base counterclockwise until the latches on the cone line up with the latch openings in the base, then lift the base off the cone.
2. If the tipping bucket is secured to the base with a rubber band, remove it to release the bucket assembly.
3. While holding the mounting base against the pole, place the two ends of a U-bolt around the pole and through the two holes in the base.



4. Slide the metal backing plate over the bolt ends as they stick out toward the rain collector cone. Secure the backing plate with a washer, a lock washer, and a hex nut on each of the bolt ends. Adjust the height of the rain collector, then tighten the nuts.

5. To use bird spikes, insert one spike into each socket around the rim of the cone. The sockets are tapered; push firmly or tap lightly with a hammer for a more secure fit. Be careful; bird spikes may be sharp.
6. Place the cone back onto the base by putting the latches on the cone into the latch openings in the base and rotating the cone clockwise until the latches "lock" into place.



7. Place the debris screen, pointed end up, into the cone. The screen prevents large bits of debris from blocking the funnel hole. If bird nesting is a problem, you can place a spike in the hole on top of the debris screen. Note that using a bird spike in the debris screen may make the screen more likely to be blown over or out in a high wind gust.