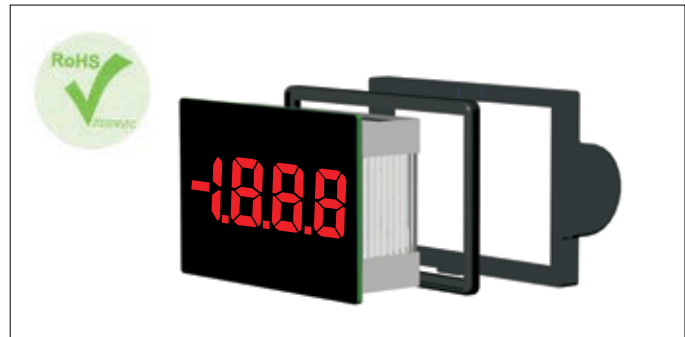


PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The SP 100 features a 200mV d.c. measurement range with auto-zero and auto-polarity. Decimal points are user selectable. The SP 100 features a negative rail generator which enables the meter to measure a signal referenced to its own power supply 0V. The bright red LED display ensures excellent readability under low light conditions. It can be blanked in applications requiring low power operation. The module is easily fitted into the panel, using the fixing clip provided. The module's low cost means it will suit high and low volume applications. The design of the panel meter's housing and seal ensures splash proofing in many applications.

FEATURES

- 9.4mm (0.37") Digit Height
- 200mV d.c. Full Scale Reading
- 50mA @ +5V d.c. Power Supply
- Auto-zero and Auto-polarity
- Programmable Decimal Points
- Bright Red LED Display
- Display Blanking Facility
- Splash Proof



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Precision Instrumentation Systems
- Power Supply Monitoring
- Test Boxes
- Panel-Mount Indication

ORDERING INFORMATION

Standard Meter	Stock Number SP 100
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ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Specification	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Accuracy (overall error) *		0.1		% (±1 count)
Linearity			±1	count
Sample rate		2.5		samples/sec
Operating temperature range	0		50	°C
Warm-up time		10		minute
Temperature stability		150		ppm/°C
Supply voltage	4.75	5	5.25	V
Supply current (DE connected to V+)		50	90	mA
Supply current (DE connected to 0V)		400		µA
Input leakage current (Vin = 0V)		1	10	pA

* To ensure maximum accuracy, re-calibrate periodically.

SAFETY

To comply with the Low Voltage Directive (LVD 93/68/EEC), input voltages to the module's pins must not exceed 60Vdc. The user must ensure that the incorporation of the panel meter into the user's equipment conforms to the relevant sections of BS EN 61010 (Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measuring, Control and Laboratory Use).

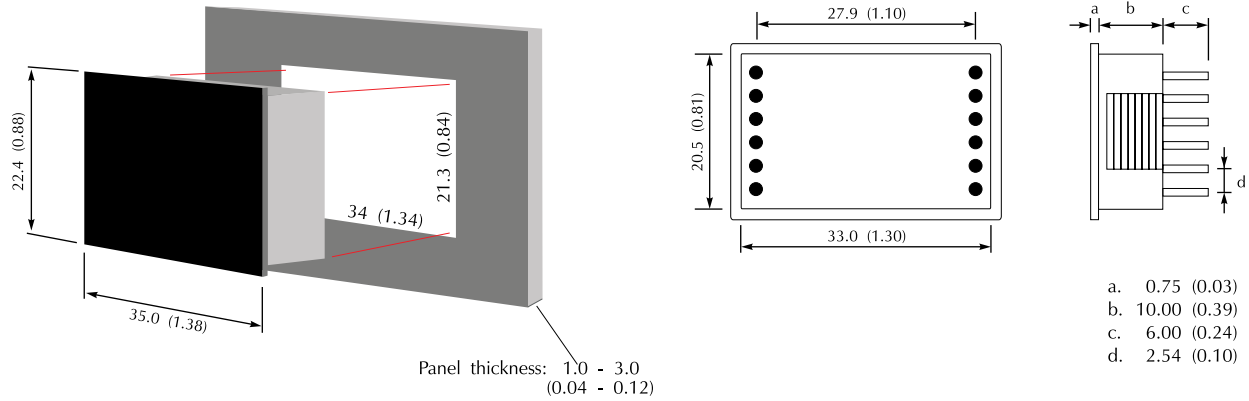


99 Washington Street
Melrose, MA 02176
Phone 781-665-1400
Toll Free 1-800-517-8431

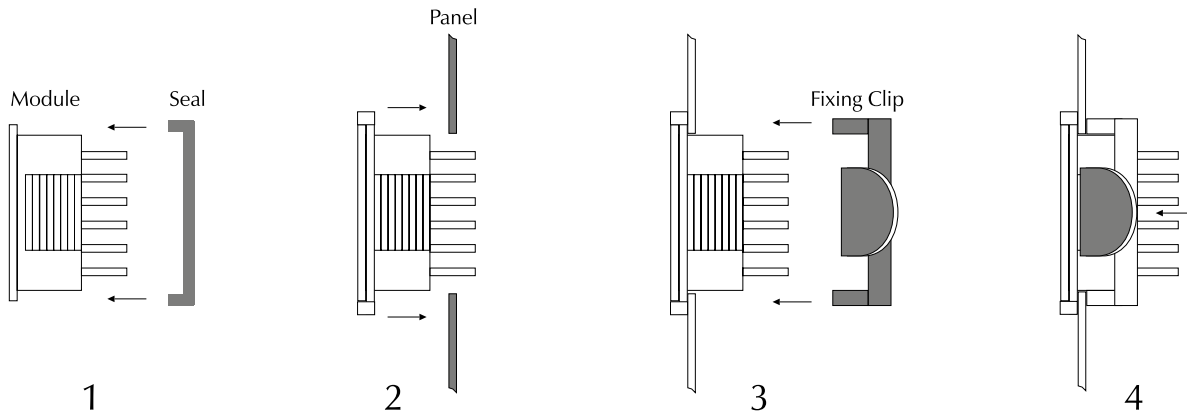
Visit us at www.TestEquipmentDepot.com

DIMENSIONS

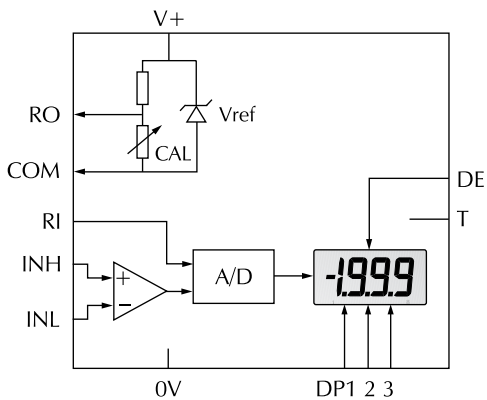
All dimensions in mm (inches)



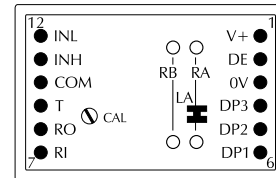
PANEL FITTING



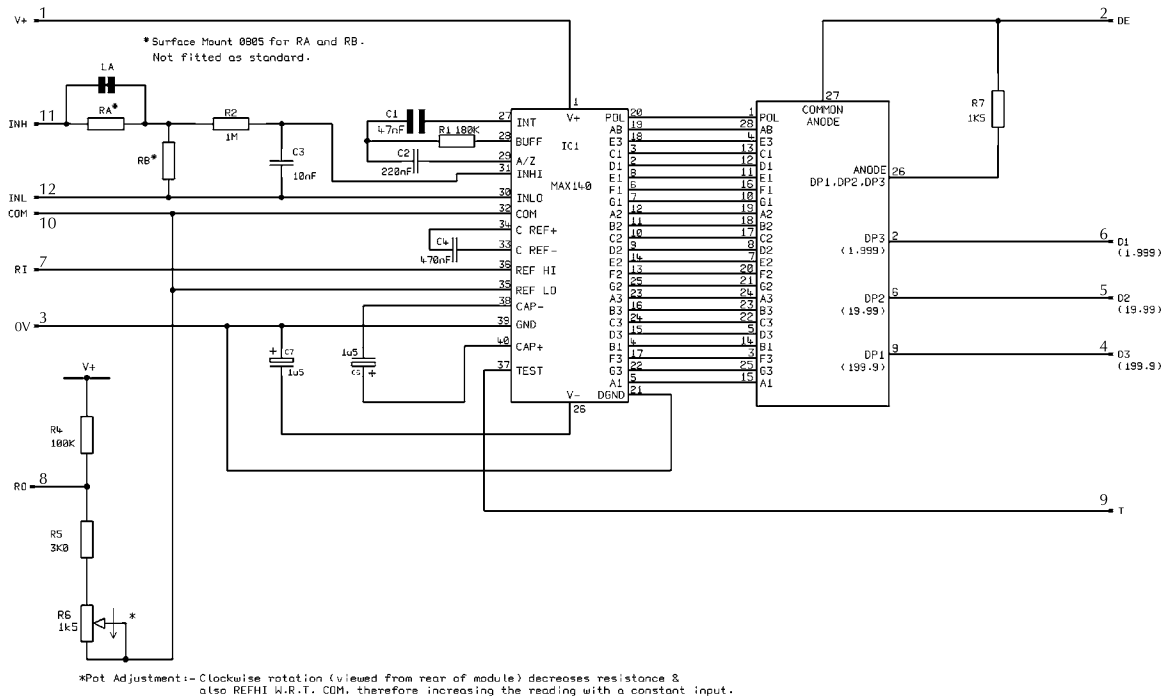
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN CONFIGURATION (rear view)



CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



PIN FUNCTIONS

1. V+ Positive power supply to the meter.
2. DE Display Enable. Connect to V+ for normal operation.
Do not connect to enter low power mode. The display is then blanked, but the voltmeter section continues to operate. In low power mode, the current consumption is reduced to 400µA (typ).
3. 0V 0V power supply connection to the meter.
4. DP3 Connect to 0V to display DP3 (199.9).
5. DP2 Connect to 0V to display DP2 (19.99).
6. DP1 Connect to 0V to display DP1 (1.999).
7. RI Reference voltage input for the meter's A/D converter.
8. RO Precision reference voltage output. Connect to RI for normal operation.
9. T Connect to V+ to test the display. All segments will be displayed, except for decimal points.
10. COM Ground for analogue section of A/D converter.
It is actively held at 3.05V (nom) below V+ and must not be allowed to sink excessive current (>100µA) by, for instance, connecting to a higher voltage.
11. INH Positive measuring input.
12. INL Negative measuring input.

Note:

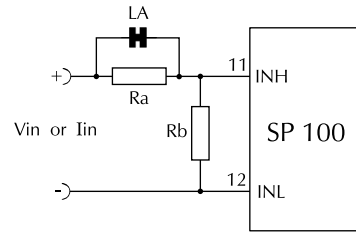
A negative supply is generated internally and mirrors the positive supply. For example: if V+ is +5V, then the internally generated V- is -5V. When measuring with the input referenced to the same supply rail as that of the panel meter, then the limitations on the input range are (V- + 1.5V) to (V+ - 1.5V).

SCALING

Two resistors Ra and Rb may be used to alter the full scale reading (FSR) of the meter - see table. The meter will have to be re-calibrated by adjusting the calibration potentiometer on the Rear of the module.

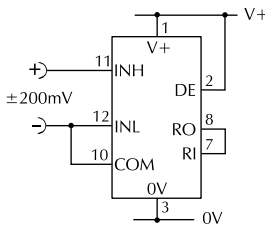
	FSR	Ra	Rb
Voltage Vin	2V	910k**	100k
	20V	1M**	10k
	200V	1M**	1k
	2000V*	1M**	100R
Current Iin	200µA	0R	1k
	2mA	0R	100R
	20mA	0R	10R
	200mA	0R	1R

* Ensure that Ra is rated for high voltage use.
** Ensure solder link LA is cut.

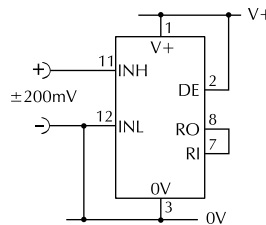


APPLICATIONS

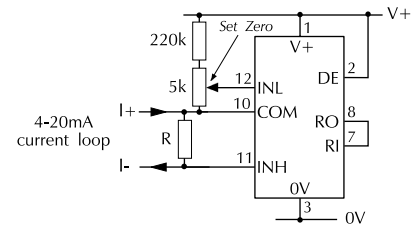
Do not connect more than one meter to the same power supply if the meters cannot use the same signal ground. Taking any input beyond the power supply rails will damage the meter.



Measuring an input voltage referenced to a floating supply, i.e. the input voltage and the meter's power supply are isolated from each other.



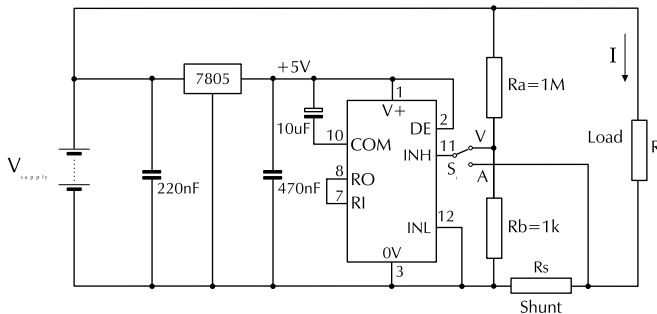
Measuring a single ended input voltage referenced to supply, i.e. the input voltage and the meter's power supply share the same 0V rail.



Measuring a 4-20mA loop current.

$$R = \frac{\text{Reading at 20mA}}{160}$$

The meter's power supply must be isolated from the 4-20mA current loop.

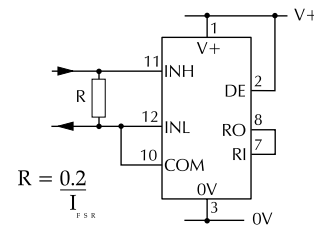


Measuring supply voltage and current to a load.

S₁ selects between voltage and current measurement.

Ra and Rb shown scaled for 200V_{rms} $R_s = \frac{200mV}{I_{rms}}$ (e.g. 0.1Ω/400mW for 2A full scale)

Display DP1, DP2 or DP3, by connecting to 0V, as required.



$$R = \frac{0.2}{I_{FSR}}$$

Measuring current.
The meter's supply is isolated from the current being measured.