

**User's  
Manual**

# TY710, TY720

Digital Multimeter  
デジタルマルチメータ

**保証書付**



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この取扱説明書は、いつでも使用できるよう  
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Japanese/  
English

**YOKOGAWA** ◆

横河計測株式会社  
Yokogawa Test & Measurement Corporation

IM TY720  
9th Edition  
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Thank you for purchasing our Model TY710, TY720 Digital Multimeter.

This user's manual describes the specifications and handling precaution for this Digital Multimeter.

Before using this Digital Multimeter, thoroughly read this manual to get a clear understanding on proper use.

This product is designed to be used by a person with specialized knowledge. When operating the instrument, be sure to observe the cautionary notes given below to ensure correct and safe use of the instrument.

If you use the instrument in any way other than as instructed in this manual, the instrument's protective measures may be impaired.

This manual is an essential part of the product;

keep it a safe place for future reference.

YOKOGAWA is by no means liable for any damage resulting from use of the instrument in contradiction to these cautionary notes.

Contact information of Yokogawa offices worldwide is provided on the following sheet

PIM 113-01Z2:      Inquiries    List of worldwide contacts

#### ■ About This Manual

- Every effort has been made to ensure accuracy in the preparation of this manual. However, should any errors or omissions come to the attention of the user, please contact Yokogawa.
- The contents of this manual are subject to change without prior notice because of improvement in performance or function.
- All rights reserved. No part of this manual may be reproduced in any form without Yokogawa's written permission.

## Regarding Safe Use of This Product

For safe use of this product, the following safety symbols are used on the product and manual:



**WARNING**

This indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the instruction manual in order to avoid the risk of serious injury or the loss of life.



**CAUTION**

This indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the instruction manual in order to avoid the risk of injury or damage to the product.

### Note

This indicates information that is essential for handling the instrument or should be noted in order to familiarize yourself with the instrument's operating procedures and/or functions.



Danger! Handle with Care

This symbol indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the instruction manual in order to avoid risk of injury or death of personnel or damage to the instrument.



Double Insulation

This symbol indicates double insulation or reinforced insulation.



Direct Current

This symbol indicates DC voltage/current.



Alternating Current

This symbol indicates AC voltage/current.



DC/AC

This symbol indicates AC and DC.



Fuse

This symbol indicates a fuse.



Battery

This symbol indicates a battery.



Ground

This symbol indicates ground (earth).



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■ **Always observe the following instructions. Failure to do so may result in electrical shock or other dangers that may lead to serious injury or the loss of life.**

- The instrument is for measuring voltage, current, and resistance etc.  
Do not use this instrument for any other purpose.
- Do not use the instrument if there is a problem with its physical appearance.

### **Testing leads / Testing leads with alligator clip(optional accessory)**

- Use the probes supplied by Yokogawa with this instrument.
- Do not use testing leads/testing leads with alligator clip that have deteriorated or are defective.  
Check testing leads/testing leads with alligator clip continuity.
- Disconnect testing leads/testing leads with alligator clip from the circuit under test before opening the casing to replace the batteries or for any other reason.
- Disconnect testing leads/testing leads with alligator clip from the circuit under test before attaching/detaching the testing leads/testing leads with alligator clip to/from the instrument.
- Disconnect testing leads/testing leads with alligator clip from the instrument before opening the casing to replace the batteries or for any other reason.
- A cap is provided on the tip of a testing lead.  
Use a testing lead with the cap on for safety (safety standards: EN 61010-031).
- Do not use the alligator clip of testing leads being loosen or removed conditions.
- Be careful not to make the device under test short-circuit with metal part of the testing leads/ the test leads with alligator clip.

### **Casing**

- Do not use the instrument if there is any damage to the casing or when the casing is removed.

### **Fuses**

- Use fuses of the specified rating when the fuse is replaced

### **Operating Environment**

- Do not operate the instrument in an atmosphere where any flammable or explosive gas is present.
- Avoid using the instrument if it has been exposed to rain or moisture or if your hands are wet.

### **Do Not Remove the Casing or Disassemble**

- Do not open the case except when replacing the batteries or fuse.  
Only qualified YOKOGAWA personnel may remove the case and disassemble or alter the instrument.  
Do not attempt to repair/modify the instrument yourself, as doing so is extremely dangerous.
- 



**CAUTION**

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The instrument is for domestic use (Class B) and meets the electromagnetic compatibility requirements.

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## Concernant l'usage en toute sécurité de ce produit

Symboles utilisés sur les appareils et dans le manuel d'instruction:



**Avertissement**

Indique un danger. Attire l'attention sur une utilisation qui pourrait engendrer des accidents susceptibles de provoquer des blessures qui peuvent éventuellement s'avérer mortelles.



**Attention**

Indique un danger. Attire l'attention sur une utilisation qui pourrait engendrer une blessure personnelle et/ou être préjudiciable au produit.

### Remarque

Indique les informations essentielles à la manipulation de l'instrument ou qui doivent être prises en compte afin de vous familiariser avec les procédures d'utilisation et/ou les fonctions de l'instrument.



Danger ! Manipuler avec soin.

Ce symbole indique que l'opérateur doit se reporter à une explication donnée par le manuel d'instruction, afin d'éviter tout accident susceptible de provoquer des blessures au personnel qui peuvent éventuellement s'avérer mortelles, ou de protéger l'appareil.



Double isolation

Ce symbole indique une double isolation ou une isolation renforcée.



Courant continu

Ce symbole indique une tension/intensité C.C.



Courant alternatif

Ce symbole indique une tension/intensité C.A.



C.C./C.A.

Ce symbole indique le C.A. et le C.C.



Fusible

Ce symbole indique un fusible.



Batterie

Ce symbole indique une batterie.



Masse

Ce symbole indique la masse (terre).



## **Avertissement**

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- **Les précautions suivantes doivent être prises. Dans le cas contraire, des accidents susceptibles de provoquer des blessures qui peuvent éventuellement s'avérer mortelles résultant de dangers tels que des chocs électriques, ou un préjudice au produit, risquent de survenir.**

### **Fils de test / Fils de test à pince crocodile (accessoire en option)**

- Utilisez les sondes fournies par Yokogawa avec cet instrument.
- N'utilisez pas les Fils de test / Fils de test à pince crocodile qui ont détérioré ou sont défectueux. Vérifiez la continuité des Fils de test / Fils de test à pince crocodile.
- Démontez les Fils de test / Fils de test à pince crocodile du circuit à l'essai avant d'ouvrir le boîtier pour remplacer les batteries ou pour n'importe quelle autre raison.
- Démontez les Fils de test / Fils de test à pince crocodile du circuit à l'essai avant de brancher ou débrancher les Fils de test / Fils de test à pince crocodile vers/à partir de l'instrument.
- Démontez les Fils de test / Fils de test à pince crocodile de l'instrument avant d'ouvrir le boîtier pour remplacer les batteries ou pour n'importe quelle autre raison.
- Un chapeau est fourni sur le bout d'un fil de test  
Utilisez un fil de test avec le chapeau placé dessus pour une bonne sécurité (normes de sécurité: EN 61010-031).
- N'utilisez pas les fils de test dont les pinces crocodiles ont du jeu ou ont été retirées.

### **Boîtier**

- N'utilisez pas l'instrument s'il y a un dommage quelconque au boîtier ou quand le boîtier est enlevé.

### **Fusibles**

- Utilisez les fusibles avec l'évaluation spécifiée quand le fusible est remplacé.

### **Environnement d'opération**

- N'utilisez pas l'instrument là où un gaz ou de la vapeur (atmosphère) inflammable ou explosive quelconque est présente.
- Évitez d'utiliser l'instrument s'il a été exposé à la pluie ou à l'humidité ou si vos mains sont humides.

### **Démontage**

- Aucune personne, excepté le personnel de Yokogawa, n'est autorisée à démonter cet instrument.
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# 1. Overview

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- **Fast and more accurate measurement**

The TY710 and TY720 digital multimeters use  $\Delta\Sigma$  modulation for A/D conversion, which enable fast and more accurate measurement.

- **Display**

5-digit (LCD)

Maximum Reading: 50000

Bar graph indicator

- **Supports a variety of measurement function**

### Measurement function

DC Voltage, AC Voltage, DC Current, AC Current, Resistance, Frequency, Temperature, Capacitor, Duty cycle ratio, Decibel (dBV, dBm), Continuity Check, Diode Test, LowPower- $\Omega$ \*

### Other functions

Data Hold (D•H), Auto Hold (A•H), Peak Hold\* (P•H), Range Hold (R•H), Maximum value (MAX), Minimum value (MIN), Average value (AVG), Zero Adjustment (Capacitor, Resistance), Relative values, Save to Memory, LCD backlight.

LowPower- $\Omega$ : Measures resistance under low measurement current.

\*: For model TY720 only

- **Switching detection modes**

Effective value (root mean square value) detection (RMS) and mean value detection (MEAN) can be switched during AC voltage or AC current measurement (TY720 only).

- **Low-pass filter**

The low-pass filter can be switched on/off during AC voltage or AC current measurement (TY720 only).

- **Communication: optional communication package is required**

- Measurement data can be transferred to a PC using an optional USB communication package.

The data can be read by certain applications to make trend graphs or can be converted into Excel files.

- The data can also be output from an optional printer via an optional RS232 cable.

- **Safety design**

Complied standards: CE standards

Uses a current-input terminal shutter for preventing wrong input.

Uses high-performance UL-standard fuses.

## 2. Measurement Category



### ■ Measurement Category of TY710, TY720

The restrictions on the maximum voltage level for which the TY710, TY720 can be used, depend on the measurement categories specified by the safety standards.

Do not apply any input level higher than maximum allowable input.

AC/DC 1000V CAT. III / AC/DC 600V CAT. IV

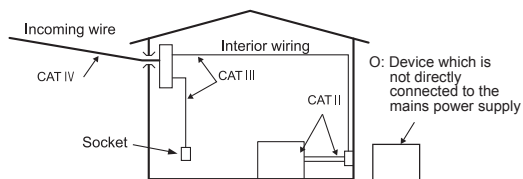
### ■ Category of Testing leads

With: 1000V 10A CAT. III / 600V 10A CAT. IV

Without: 1000V 10A CAT. II / 600V 10A CAT. II

When you use the test leads, attach or remove the caps according to the measurement category.

Measurement category	Description	Remarks
0 None, Other	Other circuits that are not directly connected to MAINS.	
CAT II	For measurement performed on circuits directly connected to the low-voltage installation.	Appliances, portable equipment, etc.
CAT III	For measurement performed in the building installation.	Distribution board, circuit breaker, etc.
CAT IV	For measurement performed at the source of the low-voltage installation.	Overhead wire, cable systems, etc.



### Note

Radiation immunity affects the accuracy of the TY710, TY720 under the conditions specified in EN61326-1.

Use of this instrument is limited to domestic, commercial, and light industry applications. If equipment generating strong electromagnetic interference is located nearby, the instrument may malfunction.

## 3. Specification

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### 3.1 General Specifications

Measurement function:

DC Voltage, AC Voltage, DC Current, AC Current, Resistance, Frequency, Temperature, Capacitor, Duty cycle ratio, Decibel (dBV, dBm), Continuity Check, Diode Test, LowPower- $\Omega$ \*

Other functions:

Data Hold (D•H), Auto Hold (A•H), Peak Hold\* (P•H), Range Hold (R•H), Maximum value (MAX), Minimum value (MIN), Average value (AVG), Zero Adjustment (Capacitor, Resistance), Relative values, Save to Memory, LCD backlight.

LowPower- $\Omega$ : Measures resistance under low measurement current.

\*: For model TY720 only

Measuring method:

$\Delta\Sigma$  modulation


Display:

5-digit (LCD)/7-segment

Maximum Reading: 50000

Polarity Indicator: “-” Appears automatically when the polarity is negative

Overrange Indicator: “OL”

Low-battery Indicator: “ ” Appears when the batteries become low

Measurement cycle: 6 times per second

(except frequency measurement: one times per second, Resistance measurement : four times per second, capacitor measurement (50mF): max. 0.03 time per second)

Bar graph display 15 times per second

Operating temperature and humidity ranges:

-20 to 55°C, 80%RH or less (no condensation)

70%RH or less at 40 to 55°C.

Température de fonctionnement: -20 à 55°C

Humidité de fonctionnement : 80% HR ou moins (sans condensation), 70% HR ou moins entre 40 et 55°C.

Storage temperature and humidity ranges:

-40 to 70°C, 70%RH or less (no condensation)

Temperature coefficient:

(Accuracy at 23±5°C) × 0.05%/°C or less

At -20 to 18°C and 28 to 55°C

When continuously DCV and DCA measuring, add 1 digit / °C (except for 50mV, 5A, 10A range, add 3 digits / °C).

Power supply: AA-size (R6) 1.5V batteries: 4  
Battery life: Approximately 120 hours  
(Operating hours of alkaline batteries when in DC voltage-mode.)  
Note: The battery life varies depending on the operating conditions.

Insulation resistance : 1000V DC, 100M $\Omega$  or more

Withstand voltage: 6.88kVrms AC for five seconds  
(across input terminals and casing)

External dimensions: Approximately 90(W) $\times$ 192(H) $\times$ 49(D)mm

Weight: Approximately 560g (including batteries)

Complied standards: Safety standards

EN61010-1, EN61010-2-030, EN61010-2-033

EN61010-031

CAT.III (Max. input voltage: AC/DC1000V)

CAT.IV (Max. input voltage: AC/DC600V)

Pollution degree 2, indoor use,  
2000m max. above sea level

Degré de pollution 2, utilisation à l'intérieur, 2000m max. au-dessus du niveau de la mer.

UL 61010-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1

UL 61010-031, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-031

EMC standards

EN61326-1 Class B

EN61326-2-2

EMC Regulatory Arrangement in Australia and New Zealand

Korea Electromagnetic Conformity Standard

EN55011 Class B Group 1

Effect of radiation immunity:

In the radio-frequency electromagnetic field of 3 V/m, accuracy is within five times the rated accuracy.

Environmental standard: EN50581 Monitoring and control instruments including industrial monitoring and control instruments

Standard accessories: Batteries : 4

Testing leads: 1set (Model 98073)

Fuse (included): 440mA/1000V (99015), 10A/1000V (99016)

User's manual: 1

Optional accessories: Carrying case

93029

(for the main unit with testing leads  
and communication cable)

Testing leads (1set)

98073

Testing leads with alligator clip(1 set)

99014

Fuse

440mA/1000V

99015

10A/1000V

99016

Temperature probes

90050B, 90051B, 90055B, 90056B

Communication Package for DMM

92015 (Software, USB adapter and  
cable)

Printer Adapter and Cable

97016

## 3.2 Accuracy

Test conditions:

Temperature and humidity: 23±5°C at 80%RH or less

Accuracy: ±(% of reading + digits)

Note: Each response time is a value to rated accuracy within selected range.

### DC Voltage Measurement $\overline{\text{---}} \text{ V}$

Range	Resolution	Accuracy		Input Resistance	Maximum Input Voltage
		TY710, TY720			
50mV	0.001mV	0.05+10		Approx. 100MΩ	1000V DC
500mV	0.01mV	0.02+2			
2400mV	0.1mV				
5V	0.0001V	0.025+5		10MΩ	1000V rms AC
50V	0.001V	0.03+2			
500V	0.01V				
1000V	0.1V				

NMRR: 80dB or more 50/60Hz ±0.1%

(70dB or more 50/60Hz ±0.1% when 50mV Range)

CMRR: 100dB or more 50/60Hz (Rs=1kΩ)

Response time: 0.3 sec max.

### AC Voltage Measurement [RMS] $\sim \text{V}$

TY710

AC Coupling, Rms-value detection, Crest factor\*: <3

Range	Resolution	Accuracy				Input Impedance	Maximum Input Voltage
		10 to 20Hz	20Hz to 1kHz	1k to 10kHz	10k to 20kHz		
500mV	0.01mV	1.5+30 *1	0.7+30 *1	2+50 *2	11MΩ <50pF	1000V rms AC	
5V	0.0001V						
50V	0.001V				10MΩ <50pF		
500V	0.01V						
1000V *	0.1V	*2	*2	3+30 *2	-	1000V DC	

\*: Crest factor <1.5 at 1000V range

Accuracy \*1: At 5 to 100% of range, \*2: At 10 to 100% of range

CMRR: 80dB or more DC to 60Hz (Rs=1kΩ)

Response time: 1 sec max.

### AC Voltage Measurement [RMS] $\sim$ V

TY720

AC Coupling, Rms-value detection, Crest factor\*: <3

Range	Resolution	Accuracy						Input Impedance	Maximum Input Voltage
		10 to 20Hz	20Hz to 1kHz	1k to 10kHz	10k to 20kHz	20k to 50kHz	50k to 100kHz		
50mV	0.001mV	2+80 *2	0.4+40 *2	5+40 *2	5.5+40 *2	15+40 *2		11M $\Omega$ <50pF	1000V rmsAC
500mV	0.01mV	1+30 *1	0.4+30 *1		1+40 *1	2+70 *2	5+200 *2		
5V	0.0001V								
50V	0.001V								
500V	0.01V							10M $\Omega$ <50pF	1000V DC
1000V*	0.1V	*2	*2	3+30 *2	-				

\*: Crest factor <1.5 at 1000V range

Accuracy \*1: At 5 to 100% of range, \*2: At 10 to 100% of range

CMRR: 80dB or more DC to 60Hz (Rs=1k $\Omega$ )

Response time: 1 sec max.

### AC Voltage Measurement [MEAN] $\sim$ V

TY720

AC Coupling, MEAN value detection, RMS value calibration (sine wave)


Range	Resolution	Accuracy			Input Impedance	Maximum Input Voltage
		10 to 20 Hz	20 to 500 Hz	500Hz to 1 kHz		
50mV	0.001mV	4+80 *2	1.5+30 *2	5+30 *2	11M $\Omega$ <50pF	1000V rmsAC
500mV	0.01mV	2+30 *1	1+30 *1	3+30 *1		
5V	0.0001V					
50V	0.001V					
500V	0.01V				10M $\Omega$ <50pF	1000V DC
1000V	0.1V	*2	*2	*2		

Accuracy \*1: At 5 to 100% of range, \*2: At 10 to 100% of range

CMRR: 80dB or more DC to 60Hz (Rs=1k $\Omega$ )


Response time: 1 sec max.



**DCV+ACV**  **TY710**

Maximum Reading 50000, Crest factor\*: <3

Range	Resolution	Accuracy				Input Impedance	Maximum Input Voltage
		DC, 10 to 20Hz	DC, 20Hz to 1kHz	DC, 1k to 10kHz	DC, 10k to 20kHz		
5V	0.0001V	1.5+10 *1	1+10 *1	2+10 *2	11MΩ <50pF	1000V rms AC  1000V DC	
50V	0.001V						
500V	0.01V						
1000V*	0.1V	*2	*2	-	10MΩ <50pF		

**DCV+ACV**  **TY720**

Maximum Reading 50000, Crest factor\*: <3

Range	Resolution	Accuracy						Input Impedance	Maximum Input Voltage
		DC, 10 to 20Hz	DC, 20Hz to 1kHz	DC, 1k to 10kHz	DC, 10k to 20kHz	DC, 20k to 50kHz	DC, 50k to 100kHz		
5V	0.0001V	1.5+10 *1	0.5+10 *1	1+10 *1	2+10 *2	5+20 *2	11MΩ <50pF	1000V rms AC  1000V DC	
50V	0.001V								
500V	0.01V								
1000V*	0.1V	*2	*2	-			10MΩ <50pF		

\*: Crest factor <1.5 at 1000V range

Accuracy \*1: At 5 to 100% of range, \*2: At 10 to 100% of range

CMRR: 80dB or more DC to 60Hz (Rs=1kΩ)

Response time: Approx. 2 sec

**DC Current Measurement** 

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Voltage Drop	Maximum Input Current
		TY710, TY720		
500μA	0.01μA	0.2+5	<0.11mV/μA	440mA Protected by a 440mA/1000V fuse.
5000μA	0.1μA			
50mA	0.001mA		<4mV/mA	
500mA*3	0.01mA			
5A	0.0001A	0.6+10	<0.1V/A	10A Protected by a 10A/1000V fuse.
10A	0.001A	0.6+5		

\*3: Maximum measurement current : 440mA at 500mA range

Response time: 0.3 sec max.

Note : After measuring over 500mA DC (especially 10A DC), “Zero error” occurs for a while. In that case, please wait for a while at zero input until the value stabilizes before measuring again.

**AC Current Measurement [RMS]  $\sim$  A  
TY710**

Rms-value detection, Crest factor: <3

Range	Resolution	Accuracy		Voltage Drop	Maximum Input Current
		10 to 20Hz	20Hz to 1kHz		
500 $\mu$ A	0.01 $\mu$ A	1.5+20	1+20	<0.11 mV/ $\mu$ A	440mA Protected by a 440mA/1000V fuse.
5000 $\mu$ A	0.1 $\mu$ A				
50mA	0.001mA				
500mA*3	0.01mA				
5A	0.0001A			<4mV/mA	
10A	0.001A			<0.1V/A	10A Protected by a 10A/1000V fuse.

**AC Current Measurement [RMS]  $\sim$  A  
TY720**

Rms-value detection, Crest factor: <3

Range	Resolution	Accuracy			Voltage Drop	Maximum Input Current
		10 to 20Hz	20Hz to 1kHz	1k to 5kHz		
500 $\mu$ A	0.01 $\mu$ A	1+20	0.75 +20	1+30	<0.11 mV/ $\mu$ A	440mA Protected by a 440mA/1000V fuse.
5000 $\mu$ A	0.1 $\mu$ A					
50mA	0.001mA					
500mA *3	0.01mA					
5A	0.0001A	1.5+20	1+20	2+30	<0.1 V/A	10A Protected by a 10A/1000V fuse.
10A	0.001A					

Model TY710/720

Accuracy At 5 to 100% of range, At 10 to 100% of range for 10A Range

\*3: Maximum measurement current : 440mA at 500mA range

Response time: 1 sec max.

**AC Current Measurement [MEAN]  $\sim$  A**  
**TY720**

MEAN value detection, RMS value calibration (sine wave)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy			Voltage Drop	Maximum Input Current
		10 to 20Hz	20 to 500Hz	500Hz to 1kHz		
500 $\mu$ A	0.01 $\mu$ A	2+20	1.5 +20	2+30	<0.11 mV/ $\mu$ A	440mA Protected by a 440mA/1000V fuse.
5000 $\mu$ A	0.1 $\mu$ A					
50mA	0.001mA					
500mA*3	0.01mA					
5A	0.0001A	3+20	2+20	4+30	<0.1 V/A	10A Protected by a 10A/1000V fuse.
10A	0.001A					

Accuracy At 5 to 100% of range, At 10 to 100% of range for 10A Range

\*3: Maximum measurement current : 440mA at 500mA range

Response time: 1 sec max.

**DCA+ACA  $\overline{\sim}$  +  $\sim$**   
**TY710**

Maximum Reading 50000, Crest factor: <3

Range	Resolution	Accuracy		Voltage Drop	Maximum Input Current
		DC, 10 to 20Hz	DC, 20Hz to 1kHz		
500 $\mu$ A	0.01 $\mu$ A	2+10	1.5+10	<0.11 mV/ $\mu$ A	440mA Protected by a 440mA/1000V fuse.
5000 $\mu$ A	0.1 $\mu$ A				
50mA	0.001mA				
500mA*3	0.01mA				
5A	0.0001A			<0.1V/A	10A Protected by a 10A/1000V fuse.
10A	0.001A				

Accuracy At 5 to 100% of range, At 10 to 100% of range for 10A Range

\*3: Maximum measurement current : 440mA at 500mA range

Response time: 2 sec max.

DCA+ACA   
 TY720

Maximum Reading 50000, Crest factor: <3

Range	Resolution	Accuracy			Voltage Drop	Maximum Input Current
		DC, 10 to 20Hz	DC, 20Hz to 1kHz	DC, 1k to 5kHz		
500μA	0.01μA	1.5+10	1+10	1.5+10	<0.11 mV/μA	440mA Protected by a 440mA/1000V fuse.
5000μA	0.1μA					
50mA	0.001mA					
500mA*3	0.01mA					
5A	0.0001A	2+10	1.5+10	3+10	<0.1 V/A	10A Protected by a 10A/1000V fuse.
10A	0.001A					

Accuracy At 5 to 100% of range, At 10 to 100% of range for 10A Range

\*3: Maximum measurement current : 440mA at 500mA range

Response time: Approx. 2 sec

#### Resistance Measurement Ω

Range	Resolution	Accuracy		Maximum Measuring Current	Open-loop Voltage	Input Protective Voltage
		TY710	TY720			
500Ω	0.01Ω	0.1+2 *1	0.05+2 *1	<1mA	<2.5V	1000V rms
5kΩ	0.0001kΩ					
50kΩ	0.001kΩ					
500kΩ	0.01kΩ					
5MΩ	0.0001MΩ			0.5+2		
50MΩ	0.001MΩ	1+2	<0.13μA			

\*1: Accuracy is specified after zero adjustment (resistance).

Response time: 1 sec max. at 500Ω to 500kΩ

5 sec max. at 5MΩ to 50MΩ

#### LowPower-Ω LP-Ω

Maximum Reading 5000

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Maximum Measuring Current	Open-loop Voltage	Input Protective Voltage
		TY720 only			
5kΩ	0.001kΩ	0.2+3	<10μA	<0.7V	1000V rms
50kΩ	0.01kΩ				
500kΩ	0.1kΩ		<1.0μA		
5MΩ	0.001MΩ	1+3	<0.6μA		

LowPower-Ω: Measures resistance under low measurement current.

**Continuity Check** 

Maximum Reading 5000

Range	Resolution	Range of Operation	Measuring Current	Open-loop Voltage	Input Protective Voltage
500Ω	0.1Ω	The buzzer turns on for resistances lower than 100±50Ω.	Approx. 0.5mA	<5V	1000V rms

**Diode Test** 

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Measuring Current (Vf=0.6V)	Open-loop Voltage	Input Protective Voltage
2.4V	0.0001V	1+2	Approx. 0.5mA	<5V	1000V rms

**Temperature Measurement TEMP**

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Input Protective Voltage
-200 to 1372°C	0.1°C	1+1.5°C	1000V rms

Use optional Temperature Probe: Thermocouple Type K

**Capacitor Measurement** 

Maximum Reading 5000

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Input Protective Voltage
5nF	0.001nF	1+5 *1	1000V rms
50nF	0.01nF		
500nF	0.1nF		
5μF	0.001μF		
50μF	0.01μF		
500μF	0.1μF	2+5	
5mF	0.001mF	3+5	
50mF	0.01mF		

\*1: Accuracy is specified after zero adjustment (capacitor).

**Frequency Measurement Hz**

AC Coupling, Maximum Reading 9999

Range (AUTO)	Resolution	Accuracy
2.000 to 9.999Hz	0.001Hz	0.02+1 *1
9.00 to 99.99Hz	0.01Hz	
90.0 to 999.9Hz	0.1Hz	
0.900 to 9.999kHz	0.001kHz	
9.00 to 99.99kHz	0.01kHz	*2

## Accuracy

\*1: At 10 to 100% of input voltage or current range

\*2: At 40 to 100% of input voltage or current range

**Duty cycle ratio %**

Range	Resolution	Accuracy
10 to 90%	1%	±1%*1

## Accuracy

\*1: At 10.00Hz to 500.0Hz, square wave

At 40 to 100% of input voltage or current range

**Peak Hold P•H****Model TY720 only**

Maximum Reading 5000

Range	Accuracy	Response Time Maximum
DCV, DCA	±100 digit	>250μS

## 4. Operation

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### 4.1 Precautions Before Measurement

#### ■ Examining Items Contained in the Package

After opening the package, be sure to examine the product as instructed below before use. Should the delivered product be the wrong model, lack any item, or show any flaw in its appearance, contact the vendor from which you purchased the product.

#### ■ Precautions of Operation and Storage



#### **CAUTION**

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- Insert the batteries in the instrument by referring to “6.1 Battery Replacement.”
- A Blank cover is provided on the upper part of back casing.  
Don't remove the Blank cover except when the USB adapter or Printer adapter is connected.
- Do not use the instrument near noise-emitting equipment or where there may be a sudden change of temperature. Otherwise, the instrument may give an unstable reading or errors.

#### **Removal of Dirt**

Do not wipe the instrument using any solvent (chemicals) such as benzene or paint thinner, as this may damage or discolor the front panel.

Use a dry cloth to clean the instrument.

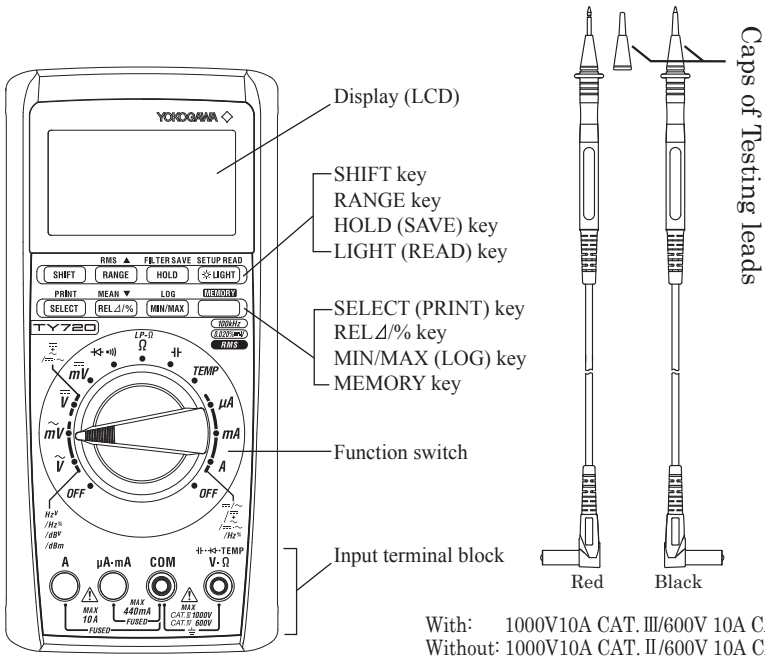
#### **Storage Conditions**

- Do not leave the instrument exposed to direct sunlight or in a hot and humid location such as the inside of a vehicle, for any prolonged length of time.
  - If the instrument will not be used for a prolonged period, remove the batteries.
-

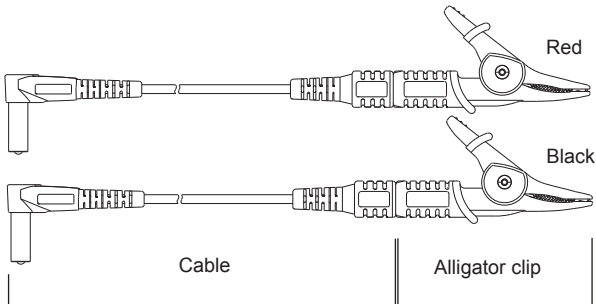
## 4.2 Components

### ■ Panel Description

### ■ Testing leads 98073



### ■ Testing leads with alligator clip (optional accessory)





## 1) Function switch

Turns off the power or select the measurement mode (function).

OFF	Turns off the power.	$\Omega$	Resistance measurement
$\sim$ V	AC voltage (V) measurement	$\text{—}  \text{—}$	Capacitor measurement
$\sim$ mV	AC voltage (mV) measurement	TEMP	Temperature measurement
$\text{—} \text{—} \text{—}$ V	DC voltage (V) measurement	$\mu\text{A}$	DC/AC current measurement
$\text{—} \text{—} \text{—}$ mV	DC voltage (mV) measurement	mA	
$\text{—} \text{—} \text{—}$	Continuity check, Diode Test	A	

## 2) SELECT key

Pressing this key in each measurement modes (function) described above selects other measurement modes (function).

$\sim$ V, $\sim$ mV	1	HzV	: Frequency measurement (Voltage value is displayed.)
	2	Hz%	: Frequency measurement (Duty cycle ratio)
	3	dBV	: dBV measurement (Voltage value is displayed.)
	4	dBm	: dBm measurement
$\text{—} \text{—} \text{—}$ V	$\text{—} \text{—} \text{—}$ + $\sim$ (DC+AC) measurement, (DC, AC) Dual display		
$\Omega$	LP- $\Omega$ (Model TY720 only)		
$\text{—} \text{—} \text{—}$	$\text{—} \text{—} \text{—}$ Diode Test		
$\mu\text{A}/\text{mA}/\text{A}$	Pressing this key in each measurement modes (function) described above selects other measurement modes (function).		
	1	$\sim$	: AC voltage measurement
	2	$\text{—} \text{—} \text{—}$ + $\sim$	: (DC+AC) measurement
	3	$\text{—} \text{—} \text{—}$ • $\sim$	: (DC, AC) Dual display
	4	Hz%	: Frequency measurement (Duty cycle ratio)

### 3) RANGE key

Allows the operator to select the measuring range.

Fixed ranges : The display shows the “ R•H ” symbol.

The range increases every time this key is pressed.

AUTO range : The display shows the “ AUTO ” symbol.

To return to the auto-ranging mode, hold down RANGE key for more than one second.

### 4) HOLD key

Selects between the DATA HOLD, AUTO HOLD and PEAK HOLD functions. To cancel functions, press this key once again.

DATA HOLD: Holds the display readings.

The display shows the “ D•H ” symbol.

AUTO HOLD: Holds the measured value when the testing leads are handled.

The display shows the “ A•H ” symbol.

PEAK HOLD: Holds the peak value.

The display shows the “ P•H ” symbol. (Model TY720 only)

### 5) LIGHT key

LIGHT key: Use to turn on the LCD backlight.

Press this key once to turn on the LCD backlight for approximately one minute.

The LCD backlight is lit for approximately one minute.

(To postpone turned on time, press this key once again.)

To cancel the function, hold down this key for more than one second.

### 6) REL $\Delta$ / % key

The instrument can calculate relative values or differences, and percentage values from the reference measurement values.

1 : Relative Calculation

The display shows the “  $\Delta$  ” symbol.

The sub-display shows the reference voltage value.

2 : Percentage Calculation

The display shows the “  $\Delta$  ”, “ % ” symbol.

The sub-display shows the reference voltage value.

### 7) MIN/MAX key

Displays the minimum value (MIN), maximum value (MAX) and average value (AVG) during measurement.

Pressing this key starts recording and at the same time the display shows MIN/MAX/AVG to release AUTO POWER OFF.

## 8) MEMORY key

Data can be stored in internal memory using this key.

Used when outputting to printer with the optional adapter and cable.

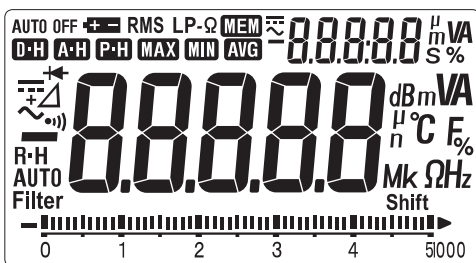
## 9) SHIFT key

While this key is pressed, “Shift” appears on the display.

Pressing the following keys with the SHIFT key held down enables the following settings.

SHIFT+	LIGHT key	Set-up function
	RANGE key	Change to [RMS] mode (TY720 only)
	REL key	Change to [MEAN] mode (TY720 only)
	HOLD key	Turn filter on/off (TY720 only)

## ■ Display (LCD) Description



Symbol and Unit	Description
	Appears when in DC-mode measurement
	Appears when in AC-mode measurement
	Appears when in DC+AC-mode measurement
-	Appears when the polarity is negative
	Appears when in diode test
	Appears when in continuity check
$\Delta$	Relative calculation indicator
R•H	Fixed ranges indicator
AUTO	AUTO range indicator
	DATA HOLD indicator
	AUTO HOLD indicator
	PEAK HOLD indicator
	Lit when in MIN/MAX/AVG-mode
	Lit when in MIN/MAX/AVG-mode
	Lit when in MIN/MAX/AVG-mode
	Lit when in Memory function
AUTO OFF	Auto power off indicator
RMS	Appears in RMS mode
LP-Ω	Appears in Low Power-Ω measurement
Filter	Appears while filter is on
Shift	Appears while the SHIFT key is held down
nF, μF, mF	Unit for capacitance measurement
mV, V	Unit for voltage measurement
μA, mA, A	Unit for current measurement
MΩ, kΩ, Ω	Unit for resistance measurement
°C	Unit for temperature measurement
kHz, Hz	Unit for frequency measurement
dB, dBm	Decibel calculation indicator
% (Main-display)	Unit for percentage calculation
% (Sub- display)	Unit for duty cycle ratio calculation
mV, V (Sub- display)	Unit for voltage measurement (dB <sup>V</sup> , Hz <sup>V</sup> )
s (Sub- display)	Unit for recording time when in MIN/MAX/AVG-mode
 (Sub- display)	Recording time indicator when in MIN/MAX/AVG-mode Number of saved data indicator Reference value indicator when relative calculation Duty cycle ratio indicator Voltage value (dB <sup>V</sup> , Hz <sup>V</sup> ) indicator Reference resistance value (dBm) indicator
OL	Overrange Indicator
	Appears when the batteries become low
	Bar graph indicator, Range indicator

## 4.3 Measuring Instructions



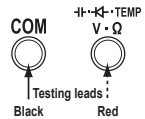
### To avoid damage to instrument or equipment

- Before starting measurement, make sure that the position of function switch and the input terminals for connecting the testing leads are appropriate for the desired mode of measurement.
- Temporarily remove the testing leads from the device under test before operating the function switch.
- Verify proper operation on a known source before use or taking action as a result of the indication of the instrument.
- Vérifiez le fonctionnement correct sur une source connue avant l'utilisation ou toute opération basée sur l'affichage de l'instrument.

Testing leads here include a testing leads with alligator clip (optional accessory).

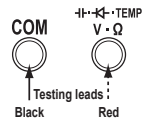
#### 4.3.1 AC Voltage Measurement ( $\sim$ V, $\sim$ mV)

- 1) Turn the function switch to the " $\sim$  V" or " $\sim$  mV" position.
- 2) Plug the testing leads into the input terminals.
- 3) Connect the testing leads to the circuit under test and then read the value when it stabilizes.



#### 4.3.2 DC Voltage Measurement ( $\text{---}$ V, $\text{---}$ mV)

- 1) Turn the function switch to the " $\text{---}$  V" or " $\text{---}$  mV" position.
- 2) Plug the testing leads into the input terminals.
- 3) Connect the testing leads to the circuit under test and then read the value when it stabilizes.

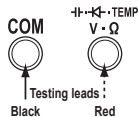


### Note

- This instrument has a function which automatically corrects the offset of the internal circuit when measuring DCV. This correction is designed to operate once at the following timing: power on, a function is switched or a range is switched. When the environment temperature is changing a certain amount, it is recommended to switch a function and make a correction deliberately for better accurate measurement.
- If " $\text{mV}$ " range is selected and the testing leads are left open-circuited, the instrument may give a certain reading. This dose not affect your measurement.

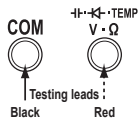
### 4.3.3 DC+AC Voltage Measurement ( $\text{---} + \text{~}$ )

- 1) Turn the function switch to the “ $\text{---} V$ ” position.
- 2) Press the SELECT key to select DC+AC voltage measurement.  
(The display shows the “ $\text{---} + \text{~}$ ” symbol.)
- 3) Plug the testing leads into the input terminals.
- 4) Connect the testing leads to the circuit under test and then read the value when it stabilizes.



### 4.3.4 DC, AC Voltage Dual Display ( $\text{---} \cdot \text{~}$ )

- 1) Turn the function switch to the “DCV” position.
- 2) Press the SELECT key twice to change the mode to DC/AC voltage dual display.  
DC voltage measurement appears on the main display and AC voltage on the sub-display.
- 3) Plug the testing leads into the input terminals.
- 4) Connect the testing leads to the circuit under test and then read the value when it stabilizes.



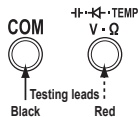
### 4.3.5 Resistance Measurement ( $\Omega$ )



#### To avoid damage to instrument

Turn off the power to the circuit under test before starting measurement in order to prevent any excessive voltage from being applied to the instrument.

- 1) Turn the function switch to the “ $\Omega$ ” position.
- 2) Plug the testing leads into the input terminals.
- 3) Connect the testing leads to the circuit under test and then read the value when it stabilizes.



## Note

### Zero adjustment

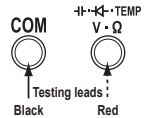
Zero adjustment is recommended for correct measurement. After executing 1), 2) above, short the two testing leads. Press the REL key for adjust. (The display shows the “0.0 $\Omega$ ” value.) The value (zero adjustment) stores till turn off.

#### 4.3.6 Low Power- $\Omega$ (LP- $\Omega$ )

This function is for measuring the resistance of parts on a printed board under low measurement current.

In Low Power- $\Omega$  measurement, up to 5,000 counts are displayed and the measurement range is from 5 k $\Omega$  to 5 M $\Omega$ .

- 1) Turn the function switch to the “ $\Omega$ ” position.  
Press the SELECT key to set LP- $\Omega$  mode. “LP- $\Omega$ ” appears on the display.
- 2) Plug the testing leads into the input terminals.
- 3) Connect the testing leads to the resistance and then read the value when it stabilizes.



#### 4.3.7 Continuity Check ( $\rightarrow$ )



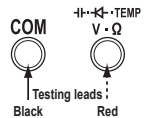
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#### To avoid damage to instrument

Turn off the power to the circuit under test before starting measurement in order to prevent any excessive voltage from being applied to the instrument.

---

- 1) Turn the function switch to the “ $\rightarrow$ ” position.
- 2) Plug the testing leads into the input terminals.
- 3) Connect the testing leads to the circuit under test. If the circuit is continuous (no more than approximately 100 $\Omega$ ), the buzzer sounds.



### 4.3.8 Diode Test (←|→)



**CAUTION**

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#### To avoid damage to instrument

Turn off the power to the circuit under test before starting measurement in order to prevent any excessive voltage from being applied to the instrument.

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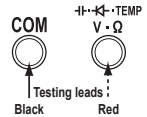
1) Turn the function switch to the “←|→ · ·)” position.

Press the SELECT key to select Diode test.

(The display shows the ←|→ symbol.)

2) Plug the testing leads into the input terminals.

3) Connect the testing leads to the diode and then read the value when it stabilizes.



#### <Forward-bias Diode Test>

Connect the black testing lead to the cathode and the red testing lead to the anode.

Silicon diodes should give a reading of approximately 0.5V and light-emitting diodes a reading between approximately 1.5V and 2.0V.

#### <Reverse-bias Diode Test>

Connect the black testing lead to the anode and the red testing lead to the cathode.

Normally, the display shows the “ OL ” symbol, indicating that the diode under test is normal.

The diode is defective if the display gives a certain voltage level.

Black testing lead      Red testing lead

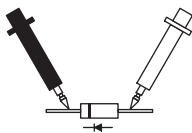


Figure 1 Forward-bias Diode Test

Red testing lead      Black testing lead

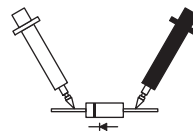


Figure 2 Reverse-bias Diode Test



### 4.3.9 Temperature Measurement (TEMP)



**CAUTION**

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#### To avoid damage to instrument

Turn off the power to the circuit under test before starting measurement in order to prevent any excessive voltage from being applied to the instrument.

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#### Note

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Optional Temperature probe is required for temperature measurement.

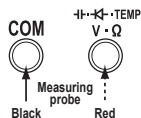
Temperature Probe: Thermocouple Type K

Model: 90050B, 90051B, 90055B, 90056B

Check the measurable range of respective probes.

---

- 1) Turn the function switch to the “TEMP” position.
- 2) Plug the measuring probe into the input terminals.
- 3) Contact the measuring probe to the under test and then read the value when it stabilizes.



#### 4.3.10 Current Measurement ( $\mu\text{A}/\text{mA}/\text{A}$ )



### WARNING

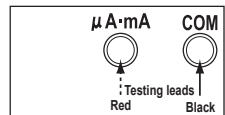
#### To avoid damage to instrument or equipment

- Before starting measurement, make sure that the position of function switch and the input terminals for connecting the testing leads are appropriate for the desired mode of measurement.
- The maximum input current (limited by fuses) of the “ $\mu\text{A}$ ” and “mA” ranges is 440 mA. Be sure not to exceed the limit in the 500 mA range.

#### Be careful not to burn yourself

- When measuring more than 6A under exceeding 40°C conditions, the continuous measuring time shall be within 3 minutes, then keep disconnected for more than 10 minutes.
- Lors de la mesure de plus de 6A dans des conditions dépassant 40°C, le temps de mesure ininterrompue ne doit pas dépasser 3 minutes. Veuillez ensuite déconnecter l'instrument pendant plus de 10 minutes.

- 1) Turn the function switch to the “ $\mu\text{A}$ ”, “mA” or “A” position.  
(If the magnitude of the current being measured is not known, select the “A” position. Make sure the current being measured is no more than 440mA before the “ $\mu\text{A}$ ” or “mA” position is selected.)
- 2) Please select between DC and AC. When selecting AC, press the SELECT key.
- 3) Plug the black testing lead into the “COM” input terminal and the red testing lead into the “A” input terminal.  
If the current is in the order of mA or less, plug the red testing lead into the “ $\mu\text{A} \cdot \text{mA}$ ” input terminal.
- 4) Connect the testing leads to the circuit under test and then read the value when it stabilizes.



#### Note

- This instrument has a function which automatically corrects the offset of the internal circuit when measuring DCA.  
This correction is designed to operate once at the following timing: power on, a function is switched or a range is switched.  
When the environment temperature is changing a certain amount, it is recommended to switch a function and make a correction deliberately for better accurate measurement.

#### 4.3.11 DC+AC Current Measurement ( $\text{---} + \text{~}$ )



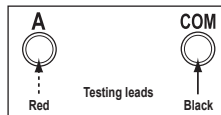
##### To avoid damage to instrument or equipment

- Before starting measurement, make sure that the position of function switch and the input terminals for connecting the testing leads are appropriate for the desired mode of measurement.
- The maximum input current (limited by fuses) of the “ $\mu\text{A}$ ” and “mA” ranges is 440 mA. Be sure not to exceed the limit in the 500 mA range.

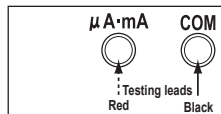
##### Be careful not to burn yourself

- When measuring more than 6A under exceeding 40°C conditions, the continuous measuring time shall be within 3 minutes, then keep disconnected for more than 10 minutes.
- Lors de la mesure de plus de 6A dans des conditions dépassant 40°C, le temps de mesure ininterrompue ne doit pas dépasser 3 minutes. Veuillez ensuite déconnecter l'instrument pendant plus de 10 minutes.

- 1) Turn the function switch to the “ $\mu\text{A}$ ”, “mA” or “A” position.  
(If the magnitude of the current being measured is not known, select the “A” position. Make sure the current being measured is no more than 440mA before the “ $\mu\text{A}$ ” or “mA” position is selected.)



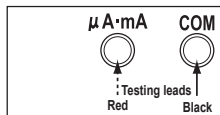
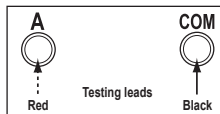
- 2) Press the SELECT key twice to select the DC +AC measurement.  
(The display shows the  $\text{---} + \text{~}$  symbol.)  
Plug the black testing lead into the “COM” input terminal and the red testing lead into the “A” input terminal.  
If the current is in the order of mA or less, plug the red testing lead into the “ $\mu\text{A} \cdot \text{mA}$ ” input terminal.



- 3) Connect the testing leads to the circuit under test and then read the value when it stabilizes.

#### 4.3.12 DC, AC Current Dual Display ( $\text{---}$ • $\text{~}$ )

- 1) Turn the function switch to the “ $\mu\text{A}$ ,” “mA” or “A” position. (If the magnitude of the current being measured is not known, select the “A” position. Make sure the current being measured is no more than 440 mA before the “ $\mu\text{A}$ ” or “mA” position is selected.)
- 2) Press the SELECT key three times to select DC/AC dual display. DC current measurement appears on the main display and AC current on the sub-display.
- 3) Plug the black testing lead into the “COM” input terminal and the red testing lead into the “A” input terminal. If the current is in the order of mA or less, plug the red testing lead into the “ $\mu\text{A}/\text{mA}$ ” input terminal.
- 4) Connect the testing leads to the circuit under test and then read the value when it stabilizes.



#### 4.3.13 Capacitor Measurement ( $\text{—}||$ )

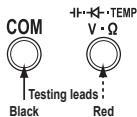


**CAUTION**

##### To avoid damage to instrument

- Turn off the power to the circuit under test before starting measurement in order to prevent any excessive voltage from being applied to the instrument.
- Before starting measurement, be sure to discharge the capacitor under check.

- 1) Turn the function switch to the “  $\text{—}||$  ” position.
- 2) Plug the testing leads into the input terminals.
- 3) Open the testing lead and press the REL key in 5nF range to adjust the capacitance to zero. (The display shows “ 0.000 ”.)
- 4) Connect the testing leads to the circuit under test and then read the value when it stabilizes.



##### Note

The value (zero adjustment) remains displayed until power-off.

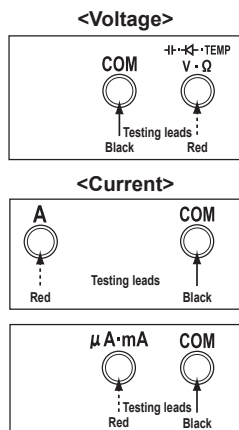
#### 4.3.14 Frequency Measurement (Hz), Duty cycle ratio (Hz)



##### To avoid damage to instrument

Turn off the power to the circuit under test before starting measurement in order to prevent any excessive voltage from being applied to the instrument.

- 1) Turn the function switch to the voltage ( $\sim V$ ,  $\sim mV$ ) or the current ( $\mu A$ , mA, A) position.
- 2) Press the SELECT key to select the range of frequency. (The display shows the unit of frequency.)
- 3) Plug the testing leads into the input terminals.  
Plug the red testing lead into the suitable input terminal (“A” or “ $\mu A \cdot mA$ ”) for current value when current measurement.
- 4) Contact the measuring probe to the under test and then read the value when it stabilizes. The display shows frequency value in main-display and duty cycle ratio value in sub-display.



#### 4.3.15 Function to change RMS detection to/from MEAN detection mode (TY720 only)

The instrument has a function to change RMS detection to to/from MEAN detection modes.

##### <Change to MEAN detection mode>

- 1) Select the appropriate AC measurement mode (ACV, ACmV, AC $\mu$ A, ACmA, ACA) by using the function switch and the SELECT key.
- 2) Press the SHIFT key to display “Shift” on the display.
- 3) Press the REL key while holding down the SHIFT key to change to MEAN detection mode. “RMS” disappears on the display.

##### <Change to RMS detection mode>

- 1) Select the appropriate AC measurement mode (ACV, ACmV, AC $\mu$ A, ACmA, ACA) by using the function switch and the SELECT key.
- 2) Press the SHIFT key to display “Shift” on the display.
- 3) Press the RANGE key while holding down the SHIFT key to change to RMS detection mode. “RMS” appears on the display.

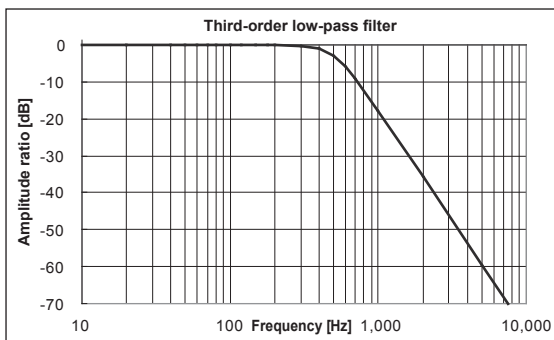
#### 4.3.16 Function to turn the filter on/off (TY720 only)

The instrument has a function to turn the filter on/off during AC measurement.

- 1) Select the appropriate AC measurement mode (ACV, ACmV, AC $\mu$ A, ACmA, ACA) by using the function switch and the SELECT key.
- 2) Press the SHIFT key to display “Shift” on the display.
- 3) Press the HOLD key while holding down the SHIFT key to turn the filter on/off. While the filter is on, “Filter” appears on the display.

While the filter is on, the low-pass filter is activated.

(Refer to filter characteristics in the diagram below.)



#### 4.3.17 AUTO HOLD Function

The instrument can automatically retain the measured value when the testing leads are handled as described below.

- 1) Press the HOLD key to select Auto hold function.  
(The display shows the “A•H” symbol.)
- 2) Connect the testing leads to the circuit under test.
- 3) When the reading stabilized, the buzzer sounds.
- 4) Remove the testing leads from the circuit under test.
- 5) The display shows the measured value that is retained.  
You can repeat steps 2) to 4) as many times as you like as long as the display shows the “A•H” symbol.

#### Note

---

- In DC/AC voltage measurement, the Auto hold function is only available for ranges greater than the 5V range.
  - This function is not available for Temperature, Capacitor and Frequency measurement.
  - The Auto hold function can not be applied to unstable signals.
-

#### 4.3.18 PEAK HOLD Function

This instrument can always detect, update and display the peak value (instantaneous) in DCV and DCA measurement. The peak value of the wave can be seen.

- 1) Turn the function switch to DCV or DCA position.
- 2) Connect the testing leads to the circuit under test.
- 3) Press the HOLD key to select Peak Hold. (The display shows the “ P•H ” symbol.)
- 4) The display shows the peak value.
- 5) When resetting the peak value in HOLD, press the MIN/MAX key.  
Then new peak value can be in HOLD.

#### Note

---

Even though the input signals (DCV, DCA) have negative polarity, the peak value can be measured when the peak is in the positive direction.

Relative values from the reference values can be shown during the peak value measuring.

- 1) Press the REL $\Delta$ /% key to relative calculation in PEAK HOLD mode.  
The display shows the “ $\Delta$ ” symbol and the relative peak value.
- 2) Press the REL $\Delta$ /% key once again to percentage calculation.  
The display shows the “ % ” symbol and the percentage peak value.

SEE ALSO

Next section “ Relative and percentage calculation ”

When resetting the peak value, press the MIN/MAX key.  
Then new peak value can be in HOLD.

To cancel the percentage calculation, Press the REL $\Delta$ /% key again.  
“ % ” symbol disappears, then retrieves the PEAK HOLD mode.

---

#### 4.3.19 Relative and percentage calculation

The instrument can calculate relative values or difference, and percentage values from the reference measurement values. (The range will be fixed.)

##### <Relative (REL) calculation>

Subtracts the reference value from the measured value to display the relative value or difference.

- 1) Take a measurement to set the reference value.
- 2) Press the REL $\Delta$ /% key.  
(The display shows the “ $\Delta$ ” symbol and the sub-display shows the reference value.)
- 3) Take another measurement.



### <Percentage (%) calculation>

Calculates and display the percentage value according to the following equation: % value  
=(measured value – reference value)/reference value

- 1) Take a measurement to set the reference value.
- 2) Press the REL $\Delta$ /% key.  
(The display shows the “ $\Delta$ ” symbol and the sub-display shows the reference value.)
- 3) Take another measurement.  
Press the REL $\Delta$ /% key again. (The display shows the “%” symbol.)

### 4.3.20 Decibel calculation (dBm, dB<sup>V</sup>)

The instrument can perform logarithmic calculations on a AC voltage.

$$\text{dBm} : 20\log \frac{\text{Measured voltage value}}{\sqrt{\text{Reference resistance value} \times 10^{-3}}}$$

(1mW/Reference resistance ( $\Omega$ )=0dBm)

$$\text{dB}^{\text{V}} : 20\log \frac{\text{Measured voltage value}}{I(\text{V})}$$

- 1) Turn the function switch to the  $\sim$  V or  $\sim$  mV position.
- 2) Press the SELECT key to select dBm dB<sup>V</sup> .  
(The display shows the “dBm”, “dB” symbol.)
- 3) Connect the testing leads to the circuit under test and then read the value when it stabilizes.
- 4) When calculating relative value, press the REL $\Delta$ /% key.

### Note

---

The instrument can switch (select) reference resistance value when measuring dBm.  
The reference resistance value is switched as follows every time the RANGE key is pressed.  
(Shown in sub-display.)

Reference resistance value:

4,8,16,32,50,75,93,110,125,135,150  
200,250,300,500,600,800,900,1000,1200  
Default value: 600 $\Omega$

The default settings can be changed. Refer to the Set-up function.

---

#### 4.3.21 MIN/MAX/AVG Function

The minimum value (MIN), maximum value (MAX) and average value (AVG) during measurement are shown. (The range is fixed.) The average value is shown by dividing the integrated record data by the number of recording times.

Pressing this key starts recording and at the same time the display shows “MIN”, “MAX” and “AVG” to release AUTO POWER OFF.

##### <Recording time>

The timer is activated to show the elapsed time from the start and simultaneously the renewed time for MIN/MAX is also recorded.

The elapsed time is displayed as follows:

0 sec. to 99 min. and 59 sec.: steps of 1 sec.

100 min. or more: steps of 1 min.

Press the HOLD key to stop recording. (The display shows the “D•H” symbol.)

##### <To confirm the recording time>

For confirming the recording time, press the MIN/MAX key.

Subsequent pressing of this key repeats to display the present minimum value (MIN), maximum value (MAX) and average value (AVG).

Press the HOLD key once again to restart recording.

To cancel the confirming mode, hold down the MAX / MIN key for one second.

(“MAX” “MIN” “AVG” symbol disappears.)

## Note

---

- No influence is exerted on the recorded data even if the test leads are disconnected while the recording is stopped.
  - If overload is recorded, the MIN or MAX display changes to “OL” display, resulting in incorrect average data.
  - For widely varying signal measurement, set the appropriate range in which the MAX or MIN does not change to “OL” display.
-

## 4.4 Memory Function

### <To save a Data in internal memory>

The instrument can save a data using with the following two types of modes.

SAVE-mode: Saves a data for one measurement by manual operation.

LOGGING-mode: Automatically saves a data from the start of logging.

Memory capacity

SAVE-mode: 100 data

LOGGING-mode: Logging data of one time    Model TY710 1,000 data  
Model TY720 10,000 data

Number of saved data

Number of saved data is 4-digit numbers. When LOGGING-mode, “ L ” is attached to the top of 4-digit numbers. The instrument allocates the smallest number, between 0000 to 9999, that has not yet been used. Use the ▲ (RANGE) key or ▼ (RELΔ/%) key switches the number of saved data.

### To save a Data (SAVE-mode)

- 1) Press the MEMORY key. (The display shows the “ MEM ”symbol.)
- 2) Press the SAVE (HOLD) key.  
(The display shows the number of saved data.)
- 3) Press the SAVE (HOLD) key to save the data.  
Another press of the SAVE (HOLD) key saves a data for the second time measurement or later.
- 4) To cancel the function, hold down the MEMORY key for one second.  
(“ MEM ” symbol disappears.)

### Note

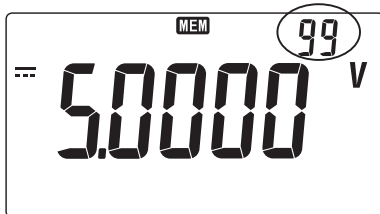
---

HOLD data can be saved.

Hold the display and save it according to the above steps.

---

The number of saved data



### To save a Data (LOGGING-mode)

In logging measurement mode, the time needs to be set. Note that changing the batteries resets the time to 00:00. Set the time by referring to the Set-up function.

- 1) Press the MEMORY key. (The display shows the “MEM” symbol.)
- 2) Press the LOG (MIN/MAX) key.  
(The display shows the logging interval (period).)  
Set the value with the ▲ (RANGE) key or ▼ (RELΔ/%) key.  
The default setting is one second. (The default settings can be changed. Refer to the Set-up function.)  
The display shows “FULL” when the logging data is already saved.  
When saving the new data, perform delete of data.
- 3) Press the LOG (MIN/MAX) key to start logging. (The “MEM” symbol is flashing.)  
Every time the MIN/MAX key is pressed, the sub-display changes.  
(Sub display : saved number → saved time (min : sec)→(hour : min)→saved number)
- 4) To cancel the function, hold down the MEMORY key for one second. When memory capacity becomes full, the function is automatically canceled.  
(“MEM” symbol disappears.)

---

### Note

LOGGING-mode operation during HOLD-mode disables HOLD-mode.

---

### To load a Data (SAVE-mode)

- 1) Press the MEMORY key. (The display shows the “MEM” symbol.)
- 2) Press the READ (LIGHT) key.
- 3) Press the SAVE (HOLD) key to select the number of saved data.  
Select the number with the ▲ (RANGE) key or ▼ (RELΔ/%) key.
- 4) To cancel the function, hold down the MEMORY key for one second.  
(“MEM” symbol disappears.)

### To load a Data (LOGGING-mode)

- 1) Press the MEMORY key. (The display shows the “MEM” symbol.)
- 2) Press the READ (LIGHT) key.
- 3) Press the LOG (MIN/MAX) key to select the number of saved data.  
Select the number with the ▲ (RANGE) key or ▼ (RELΔ/%) key.  
Every time the MIN/MAX key is pressed, the sub-display changes.  
(Sub display : saved number → saved time (min : sec)→(hour : min)→saved number)
- 4) To cancel the function, hold down the MEMORY key for one second.  
(“MEM” symbol disappears.)

## <To delete of saving data>

### Delete method (SAVE-mode)

- To delete all data

- 1) Press the MEMORY key.  
(The display shows the “MEM” symbol.)
- 2) Hold down the SAVE (HOLD) key for one second.  
(The display shows the “CLr ?” symbol.)
- 3) Press the SAVE (HOLD) key.  
All data is deleted.

- To overwrite selected data

- 1) Press the MEMORY key.  
(The display shows the “MEM” symbol.)
- 2) Press the SAVE (HOLD) key.  
(The sub-display shows the number of saved data.)
- 3) Use the ▲ (RANGE) key or ▼ (RELΔ/% ) key to select the number of saved data.
- 4) Press the SAVE (HOLD) key to save (over write) the data.
- 5) To cancel the function, hold down the MEMORY key for one second.  
 (“MEM” symbol disappears.)

### Delete method (LOGGING-mode)

- To delete all data

- 1) Press the MEMORY key.  
(The display shows the “MEM” symbol.)
- 2) Hold down the LOG (MIN/MAX) key for one second.  
(The display shows the “CLr ?” symbol.)
- 3) Press the LOG (MIN/MAX) key.  
All data is deleted.



## 4.5 AUTO POWER OFF Function

### <To use the AUTO POWER OFF function>

The display shows the “ AUTO OFF ” indication.

- The instrument automatically turns off twenty minutes after the last key operation.  
The instrument will beep for approximately 30 seconds to alert the operator before the AUTO POWER OFF function takes effect.
- Pressing any key or switch while the instrument is beeping postpones the power-off time.
- Turning the function switch once after the power to the instrument is automatically turned off switches the instrument on again.

### <To cancel the AUTO POWER OFF function>

- 1) Turn the function switch to the OFF.
- 2) With pressing the HOLD key, turn the function switch to the desired position of any measurement mode (function).

The “ AUTO OFF ” indication turns off when the function is canceled.

### Note

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Additional functions simply set when POWER ON can be used.

---

### <To enable the AUTO POWER OFF function once again>

- 1) Turn the function switch to the OFF.
- 2) Turn the function switch to the desired position of any measurement mode (function).  
The AUTO POWER OFF function is enabled again.  
The display shows the “ AUTO OFF ” indication.

## 4.6 Set-up Function

The following settings can be made using the Set-up function:

- time setting
- default setting of dBm measurement reference resistance
- default setting of detection mode during AC measurement
- default setting of LOGGING interval
- default setting of number display/time display during LOGGING mode
- sound on/off setting (beep of buzzer)
- reset to factory preset mode

- 1) Press the SHIFT key shows “Shift” on the display.
- 2) Press the LIGHT key while holding down the SHIFT key changes the mode to Set-up mode (from Set-up to time display).



- 3) Press the LIGHT key changes the setting items accordingly.
- 4) Change values by using the ▲ (RANGE) key or ▼ (REL) key.
- 5) Press the HOLD key to save/finish each setting.  
“Set” appears and the display returns to the setting items.
- 6) Hold down the LIGHT key for more than one second to return from Set-up mode to measurement mode.

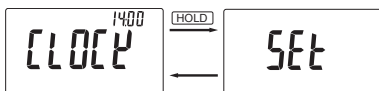
### Note

To cancel any setting, hold down the LIGHT key for more than one second, or turn off by using the function key.

#### <Time setting>

Set the time to be displayed during LOGGING mode. Be sure to set the time after changing the batteries.

- 1) Display “CLOCK” by using the LIGHT key.  
The first two digits of the time blink on the sub-display.



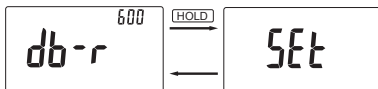
- 2) Set the present hour by using the ▲ (RANGE) key or ▼ (REL) key.
- 3) Press the LIGHT key to make the last two digits blink.
- 4) Set the present minute by using the ▲ (RANGE) key or ▼ (REL) key.
- 5) Press the HOLD key to save the setting.  
“Set” appears and then “CLOCK.”

### <Default setting of dBm measurement reference resistance>

Set a default value of the reference resistance during dBm measurement mode.

- 1) Display “db-r” by using the LIGHT key.

The reference value appears on the display.



- 2) Select the reference resistance by using the ▲ (RANGE) key or ▼ (REL) key.

- 3) Press the HOLD key to save the setting.

“SEt” appears and then “db-r.”

Setting values of reference resistance

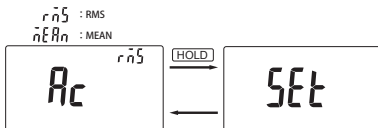
4, 8, 16, 32, 50, 75, 93, 110, 125, 135, 150, 200, 250, 300, 500, 600, 800, 900, 1000, 1200Ω(default value is 600Ω)

### <Default setting of detection method during AC measurement> (TY720 only)

Set a default setting of detection methods during AC measurement.

RMS or MEAN: The default setting is RMS.

- 1) Display “Ac” by using the LIGHT key.



- 2) Select the detection method by using the ▲ (RANGE) key or ▼ (REL) key.

- 3) Press the HOLD key to save the setting.

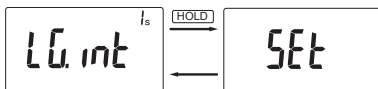
- 4) “SEt” appears and then “Ac.”

### <Default value of LOGGING interval>

Set a default value of the saving interval during LOGGING mode.

- 1) Display “LG. int” by using the LIGHT key.

The default setting is 1 sec.



- 2) Select the saving interval by using the ▲ (RANGE) key or ▼ (REL) key.

- 3) Press the HOLD key to save the setting. “SEt” appears and then “LG. int.”

Settings of saving interval

1, 2, 5, 10, 30, 60, 600, 1800 sec



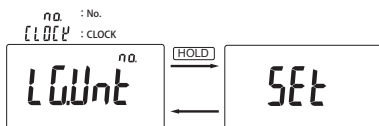
### <Default setting of number display/time display during LOGGING mode>

Set the sub-display during LOGGING mode.

(The numbers of saved data or time (minute : second))

Default is the numbers of saved data.

1) Pressing the LIGHT key shows “LG. Unt” on the display.



2) Select the desired setting by using the ▲ (RANGE) key or ▼ (REL) key.

3) Press the HOLD key to save the setting.

“SET” appears and then “LG. Unt.”

### <Sound on/off setting>

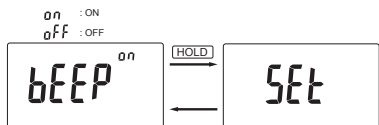
Set the sound on/off (beep of buzzer)

Even if the user sets the sound off, it goes off at the following points.

- checking continuity
- alarm for over-input
- alarm for auto power-off

1) Pressing the LIGHT key shows “bEEP” on the display.

Set on/off on the sub-display. Default is ON.



2) Select on/off by using the ▲ (RANGE) key or ▼ (REL) key.

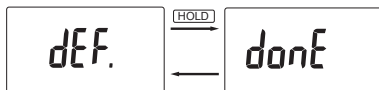
3) Press the HOLD key to save the setting.

“SET” appears and then “bEEP.”

### <Reset to factory preset mode>

Reset all the settings to factory preset mode except for time.

1) Pressing the LIGHT key shows “dEF.” on the display.



2) Press the HOLD key to reset the settings.

“donE” appears and then “dEF.”



---

### To avoid damage to instrument

When the measurement function is completed, turn the function switch back to the OFF position to turn off.

---

## 4.7 Additional functions simply set when POWER ON

With pressing the following keys, turn the function switch to the desired position of any measurement mode (POWER ON-state).

This enables the following functions corresponding to the press keys.

Keys	Functions to be set
MIN/MAX	Averaging Function (calculates the average of 8 times)
RANGE	5000 (3.5-digit display)
SELECT	LCD check (Lit only while pressing the SELECT key)
HOLD	Cancels the Auto power off function
HOLD + RELΔ/%	Reset all calibration values to those before shipment.
SELECT + RANGE	Calibration function

## 4.8 Averaging Function

The measured value may greatly fluctuate, the instrument can calculate the average (8 times / approx. 2 seconds).

This function is available for Voltage, Current and Resistance-mode measurement.

The function (averaging) operates until the power is turned off.

### Note

---

Additional functions simply set when POWER ON can be used.

---

## 4.9 5000 display mode

This function switches 3.5-digit display (5000) and 5-digit display (50000).

The function is not available for Capacitor, Temperature, DC+AC, Continuity and Frequency-mode measurement.

The function (5000 display) operates until the power is turned off.

### Note

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Additional functions simply set when POWER ON can be used.

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## 4.10 LCD Check

The instrument can lit all segments and mark for LCD check.

(Lit only while pressing the SELECT key.)

## 5. User Calibration Function

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It is recommended that the instrument be calibrated periodically.

The instrument can be calibrated.



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### To avoid electrical shock

- Only authorized engineers are allowed to calibrate the instrument using dedicated facilities.
  - Connect the calibrator to the instrument with the calibrator's testing leads.
  - Before carrying out calibration, read the instruction manual of the calibrator.
  - Temporarily remove the testing leads from the instrument before switching measurement mode (function).
- 

### <Conditions of calibration>

Calibrator: With accuracy higher than of this instrument

Ambient Environment:

Temperature:  $23\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: 55%RH or less

Leave the instrument for 30 minutes under above conditions before carrying out calibration.

After reference valve of Calibrator stabilizes, Press the key to confirm for calibration valve.

### <Table 1>

Carry out calibration of ranges in accordance with Table 1.

Calibration for 2 points (Input 1 and Input 2) is required other than DC range.

After Input 1, carry out calibration of Input 2 repeating steps 6) and 7).

For AC voltage and AC current ranges (marked with  $\odot$ ), calibration is carried out at 50Hz or 60Hz frequency.

1) Turn the function switch from the OFF position to the  $\equiv$  mV position while pressing the SELECT and RANGE keys at the same time.

The display shows the “ CAL ” symbol then the “ PASS ” symbol.

2) Press the SELECT key. (The display shows the “ - ” symbol.)

3) Press the HOLD key twice. (The display shows the “ - - - ” symbol.)

4) Press the RANGE key. (The display shows the “ mV ” symbol.)

5) Connect the instrument to the calibrator with the testing leads.

6) Set the calibrator to Input 1 value as an input to the instrument.

7) Press the HOLD key.

8) Be sure to confirm that the function switch and input terminal are set to the desired range.

Carry out calibration of other ranges by repeating steps 6) and 7).

9) To quit calibration, turn the function switch back to the OFF position.

### Note

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The model TY720 needs to be calibrated at mean value detection (MEAN) mode and filter on of AC current.

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**Table 1. Input Signal for Calibration**

Range	Input 1	Input 2	Unit
DC 50mV	0.000	50.000	mV
DC 500mV	500.00	-	mV
DC 2400mV	2000.0	-	mV
DC 5V	5.0000	-	V
DC 50V	50.000	-	V
DC 500V	500.00	-	V
DC 1000V	1000.0	-	V
○ AC 50mV*1	5.000	50.000	mV
○ AC 500mV	50.00	500.00	mV
○ AC 5V *2	0.5000	5.0000	V
○ AC 50V	5.000	50.000	V
○ AC 500V	50.00	500.00	V
○ AC 1000V	100.0	1000.0	V
500Ω	0.00	500.00	Ω
5kΩ	0.0000	5.0000	kΩ
50kΩ	0.000	50.000	kΩ
500kΩ	0.00	500.00	kΩ
5MΩ	0.0000	5.0000	MΩ
50MΩ	0.000	30.000	MΩ
Continuity Check ( )	0.0	500.0	Ω
DC 500 μA	0.00	500.00	μA
DC 5000 μA	0.0	5000.0	μA
DC 50mA	0.000	50.000	mA
DC 500mA	0.00	400.00	mA
DC 5A	0.0000	5.0000	A
DC 10A	0.000	10.000	A
○ AC 500 μA	50.00	500.00	μA
○ AC 5000 μA	500.0	5000.0	μA
○ AC 50mA	5.000	50.000	mA
○ AC 500mA	50.00	400.00	mA
○ AC 5A	0.5000	5.0000	A
○ AC 10A	1.000	10.000	A

\*1: For model TY720.

\*2: For model TY720. Calibration points added in 5 V AC range (setting, input value).

○ [RMS], Filter OFF, Input1 (0.50000), Input2 (5.0000)

○ [MEAN], Filter OFF, Input1 (0.50000), Input2 (5.0000)

○ [RMS], Filter ON, Input1 (0.5000) , Input2 (5.0000)

**<Table 2>**

After completing the calibration for ranges in Table 1, carry out calibration for “ Frequency Characteristic”.

The calibration for is frequency characteristic required for AC voltage and AC current ranges (marked with ○).

Calibration is carried out at the designated frequency in table 2.

- 1) Set the calibrator to Input value as an input to the instrument.
- 2) Press the MEMORY key.
- 3) After 20 seconds, buzzer sounds and the instrument confirm calibration.  
(Do not next key operation till buzzer sounds.)

**Table 2. Input Signal for Calibration**

Range	Input	Unit
○ AC 50mV*1	50.000	mV
○ AC 500mV	500.00	mV
○ AC 5V	5.0000	V
○ AC 50V	50.000	V
○ AC 500V	500.00	V
○ AC 1000V 600Hz	1000.0	V
○ AC 500μA	500.00	μA
○ AC 5000μA	5000.0	μA

\*1: For model TY720.

### ● Calibration of Capacitor Range

Before start calibration of the Capacitor range,  
turn the function switch back to the OFF position.

- 1) Turn the function switch from the OFF position to the  $\text{—}|\text{—}$  (Capacitor) position while pressing the SELECT and RANGE keys at the same time.  
The display shows the “ CAL ” symbol then the “ PASS ” symbol.
- 2) Press the SELECT key. (The display shows the “ - ” symbol.)
- 3) Press the HOLD key twice. (The display shows the “ - - - ” symbol.)
- 4) Press the RANGE key. (The display shows the “ nF ” symbol.)
- 5) Connect the instrument to the calibrator with the testing leads.
- 6) Set the calibrator to Input 1 value as an input to the instrument.
- 7) Press the HOLD key to confirm.
- 8) Set the calibrator to Input 2 value as an input to the instrument.
- 9) Press the HOLD key to confirm.
- 10) Carry out calibration of other ranges by repeating steps 6) to 9).
- 11) To quit calibration, turn the function switch back to the OFF position.

Range	Input 1	Input 2	Unit
5nF	0.500	5.000	nF
50nF	5.00	50.00	nF
500nF	50.0	500.0	nF
5 $\mu$ F	0.500	5.000	$\mu$ F
50 $\mu$ F	5.00	50.00	$\mu$ F
500 $\mu$ F	50.0	500.0	$\mu$ F
5mF	0.500	5.000	mF
50mF	5.00	40.00	mF



## 6. Battery and Fuse Replacement

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### Be careful not to burn yourself.

- Fuse becomes a high temperature after current measurement, it is dangerous by touching it directly.


When fuse or batteries are replaced after current measurement, please be sure to leave the main unit for 10 minutes for cooling.

- Comme la température du fusible augmente sensiblement après une mesure de courant, il est dangereux de le toucher directement.

Lors du remplacement du fusible ou des piles après une mesure de courant, laissez refroidir l'instrument pendant 10 minutes.

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### 6.1 Battery Replacement

If the batteries fall below the normal operating voltage, the “” symbol turns on. Follow the steps below to replace the batteries with new ones.

(AA-size (R6) 1.5V batteries)

Set the time by referring to the Set-up function after changing the batteries.

If you remove the batteries, the time resets to 00:00 and the time for LOGGING measurement will not be correct.

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Be sure to disconnect the instrument from the circuit under test and testing leads before replacing the batteries.

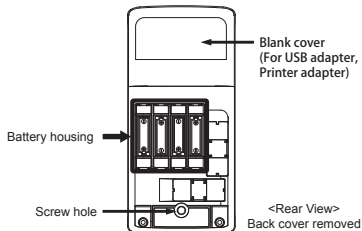
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- Turn the function switch to OFF (turn off the power).
  - Do not mix batteries of different types or new batteries with used ones.
  - Make sure the polarities of the new batteries are exactly as shown on the battery holder.
- 

#### To replace the batteries:

- 1) Remove the screw on the back of the casing.
- 2) Remove the back cover.
- 3) Take the batteries out of the housing.
- 4) Replace the batteries with new ones.
- 5) Close the casing and fasten it with the screw.



## 6.2 Fuse Replacement

If a current greater than the rated value flows when the instrument is in the current-measurement range, a protection fuse may blow.

If this happens, replace that fuse. The instrument contains the following types of fuses.



- Turn the function switch to OFF (turn off the power).
- Be sure to disconnect the instrument from the circuit under test and testing leads before replacing the fuses.
- Do not operate the instrument with the casing left open.
- In order to avoid damage to the instrument or any possible accident, use fuses of the specified rating.

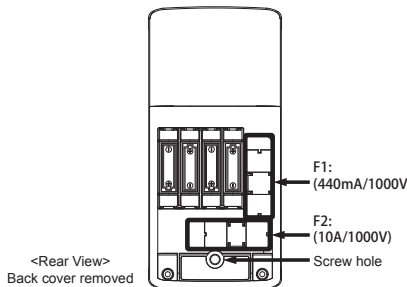
Fuse rating: F1 99015 (440mA/1000V, SIBA GmbH & Co. KG, 50 210 06.0.44)

F2 99016 (10A/1000V, SIBA GmbH & Co. KG, 50 199 06.10)

High breaking capacity type

### To replace the fuse:

- 1) Remove the screw on the back of the casing.
- 2) Remove the back cover.
- 3) Remove the blown fuse from the fuse holder.
- 4) Install a new fuse in the holder.  
(Make sure the fuse rating.)
- 5) Close the casing and fasten it with the screw.



## 7. Calibration and Maintenance

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### Calibration Cycle

It is recommended that the instrument be calibrated once every year.  
(SEE ALSO: User Calibration Function)

### Contacts of Services

Please contact one of the Yokogawa sales offices listed on the back cover of this manual or the sales representative from which you purchased the instrument.

Phillips screw.

## 8. Sales in Each Country or Region

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### Disposing the Product

#### Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE), Directive

(This directive is valid only in the EU.)

This product complies with the WEEE directive marking requirement.

This marking indicates that you must not discard this electrical/electronic product in domestic household waste.

### Product Category

With reference to the equipment types in the WEEE directive, this product is classified as a “Monitoring and Control instruments” product.

When disposing products in the EU, contact your local Yokogawa Europe B.V. office.

Do not dispose in domestic household waste.



## How to Replace and Dispose the Batteries

### EU Battery Directive

(This directive is valid only in the EU.)

Batteries are included in this product.

When you remove batteries from this product and dispose them, discard them in accordance with domestic law concerning disposal.

Take a right action on waste batteries, because the collection system in the EU on waste batteries are regulated.

Battery type: Alkaline dry cell



### Notice:

This marking indicates they shall be sorted out and collected as ordained in the EU battery directive.

### How to remove batteries safely:

For further details, see " 6.1 Battery Replacement."

### Authorized Representative in the EEA

Yokogawa Europe B.V. is the authorized representative of Yokogawa Test & Measurement Corporation for this product in the EEA.  
(EEA: European Economic Area)

To contact Yokogawa Europe B.V., see the separate list of worldwide contacts, PIM 113-01Z2.

# For the Pollution Control of Electronic and Electrical Products of the People's Republic of China

中華人民共和国でのみ有効です。

They are applicable only in the People's Republic of China.

产品中有害物质的名称及含量

部件名称	有害物质					
	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (Cr (VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
框架 (塑料)	○	○	○	○	○	○
线路板 ASSY	×	○	×	○	○	○
导线	×	○	○	○	○	○
电池	×	○	○	○	○	○

○：表示该有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在 GB/T 26572 规定的限量要求以下。

×：表示该有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 GB/T 26572 规定的限量要求。

<选购>

90050B, 90051B, 90055B, 90056B: TC-K Probe (温度探头)						
	×	○	○	○	○	○

环保使用期限：



该标识适用于 SJ/T 11364 中所述，在中华人民共和国销售的电子电气产品的环保使用期限。

只要您遵守该产品相关的安全及使用注意事项，在自制造日起算的年限内，则不会因产品中有有害物质泄漏或突发变异，而造成对环境的污染或对人体及财产产生恶劣影响。

注)

该年数为“环保使用期限”，并非产品的质量保证期。零件更换的推荐周期，请参照使用说明书。

