



XSA1000P Series Spectrum Analyzer User Manual

- **XSA1015P (TG)**
- **XSA1032P (TG)**
- **XSA1036P (TG)**
- **XSA1075P (TG)**

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We warrant that the product will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 3 years from the date of purchase of the product by the original purchaser from our company. The warranty period for accessories is 12 months. This warranty only applies to the original purchaser and is not transferable to a third party.

If the product proves defective during the warranty period, we will either repair the defective product without charge for parts and labour, or will provide a replacement in exchange for the defective product. Parts, modules and replacement products used by our company for warranty work may be new or reconditioned like new. All replaced parts, modules and products become the property of our company.

To obtain service under this warranty, the customer must notify our company of the defect before the expiration of the warranty period. Customer shall be responsible for packaging and shipping the defective product to the designated service centre, a copy of the customer's proof of purchase is also required.

This warranty shall not apply to any defect, failure or damage caused by improper use or improper or inadequate maintenance and care. We shall not be obligated to furnish service under this warranty a) to repair damage resulting from attempts by personnel other than our company representatives to install, repair or service the product; b) to repair damage resulting from improper use or connection to incompatible equipment; c) to repair any damage or malfunction caused by the use of not our supplies; or d) to service a product that has been modified or integrated with other products when the effect of such modification or integration increases the time or difficulty of servicing the product.

Please contact the nearest Sales and Service Offices for services.

Excepting the after-sales services provided in this summary or the applicable warranty statements, we will not offer any guarantee for maintenance definitely declared or hinted, including but not limited to the implied guarantee for marketability and special-purpose acceptability. We should not take any responsibilities for any indirect, special or consequent damages.

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1. General Safety Requirements

Before use, please read the following safety precautions to avoid any possible bodily injury and to prevent this product or any other connected products from damage. To avoid any contingent danger, ensure this product is only used within the ranges specified.

- **Use Proper Power Cord.** Use only the power cord supplied with the product and certified to use in your country.
- **Product Grounded.** This instrument is grounded through the power cord grounding conductor. To avoid electric shock, the grounding conductor must be grounded. The product must be grounded properly before any connection with its input or output terminals.
- **Check all Terminal Ratings.** To avoid fire or shock hazard, check all ratings and markings on this product. Refer to the user manual for more information about ratings before connecting to the instrument.
- **Use Proper Overvoltage Protection.** Make sure that no overvoltage (such as that caused by a thunderstorm) can reach the product, or else the operator might expose to danger of electrical shock.
- **Do not operate without covers.** Do not operate the instrument with covers or panels removed.
- **Avoid exposed circuit.** Be careful when working on exposed circuitry to avoid risk of electric shock or other injury.
- **Do not operate if any damage.** If you suspect damage to the instrument, have it inspected by qualified service personnel before further use. Any maintenance, adjustment or replacement especially to circuits or accessories must be performed by qualified service personnel.
- **Use your Oscilloscope in a well-ventilated area.** Make sure the instrument installed with proper ventilation.
- **Do not operate in damp conditions.** In order to avoid short circuiting to the interior of the device or electric shock, please do not operate in a humid environment.

1. General Safety Requirements

- **Do not operate in an explosive atmosphere.** In order to avoid damages to the device or personal injuries, it is important to operate the device away from an explosive atmosphere.
- **Keep product surfaces clean and dry.** To avoid the influence of dust or moisture in air, please keep the surface of device clean and dry.
- **Electrostatic Prevention.** Operate the instrument in an electrostatic discharge protective environment to avoid damage induced by static discharges. Always ground both the internal and external conductors of cables to release static before making connections.
- **Protect the Input Terminals of Instrument.** Do not bend or hit the input terminals and the connected devices, (such as filter, attenuator, etc.) as such stress may cause damages to devices and the instrument. Do not mix the use of 50Ω and 75Ω connectors and/or cables.
- **Do Not Overload the Input.** To avoid damaging the instrument, the signals at input terminal must be less than 50V DC voltage components and 30 dBm (1 W) AC (RF) components.
- **Appropriate Use of Power Meter.** If you are not sure of the characteristics of signal under measure, follow these recommendations to ensure safe operations: if a RF power meter is available, use it to measure the power level of this signal first; or add a rated external attenuator between signal cable and input terminal of the instrument. Maximum attenuation, reference level and maximum span frequency should be selected, so as to make the signals displayed within the screen.
- **Know About the Specification Conditions of the Instrument.** For maximum performance of the instrument, use the analyzer under specified conditions.
- **Handling Safety.** Please handle with care during transportation to avoid damages to buttons, knob, interfaces and other parts on the panels.

2. Safety Terms and Symbols

Safety Terms

Terms in this manual (The following terms may appear in this manual):



WARNING

Warning indicates conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.



CAUTION

Caution indicates the conditions or practices that could result in damage to this product or other property.

Terms on the product (The following terms may appear on this product):

DANGER Indicates an immediate hazard or injury possibility.

WARNING Indicates a possible hazard or injury.

CAUTION Indicates potential damage to the instrument or other property.

Safety Symbols

Symbols on the product (The following symbols may appear on the product):



Hazardous
Voltage



Chassis
Ground



Refer to
Manual

3. Document Overview

- **Quick Start**

This chapter states the matters need to attention before first power on, how to power on at first time, introduces spectrum analyzer's front/rear panel and user interface, explains how to use the instrument with a measurement example demonstration.

- **Menu interpretation**

This chapter offers spectrum analyzer's front panel menu and button interpretation.

- **Specification Parameter**

This chapter lists spectrum analyzer's specification parameter.

- **Trouble Shooting**

This chapter helps to implement the troubleshooting and deal with after sale repair.

- **Appendix**

This chapter introduces accessories of spectrum analyzer and how to maintain device.

Convention on button and menu key format:

Button: Button character + bold bracket, e.g. **【FREQ】** stands for FREQ button.

Menu key words+bracket, e.g.[Center frequency] stands for **【FREQ】** function's center frequency item, that is common called softkey menu item.

Related document:

Related documents including: Quick guide, User manual, programme guide and etc.

4. User Notice

This chapter states the matters need to attention before first power on, and how to power on at first time, introduces spectrum analyzer's front/rear panel and user interface, explains how to use the instrument with a measurement example demonstration.

4.1 General Inspection

When you receive your new instrument, it is recommended that you check the instrument following these steps:

1. Check for transportation damage.

If it is found that the packaging carton or the foamed plastic protection cushion has suffered serious damage, do not throw it away until the complete device and its accessories have been electrically and mechanically checked.

2. Check the Accessories

The supplied accessories are described in the "*Appendix A: Enclosure*" of this Manual. Please ensure that all the listed accessories are present and undamaged, if any problems are found please contact your distributor or our local office.

3. Check the Complete Instrument

If there is any physical damage, operational fault, or performance issue please contact your distributor or our local office. If there is any damage to the instrument please ensure you keep the original packaging. Ideally you should always keep the original packaging if the instrument must be returned for repair.

4.2 Safety Precaution before Operation

4.2.1 Check Power Supply

The analyzer is equipped with a three-wire power cord in accordance with international safety standards. The product must be grounded properly before being powered on, as floating or improper ground may cause damage to the instrument or personal injury.

Make sure the grounding conductor of the spectrum analyzer is grounded before turning on the instrument. After which the AC power cord can be connected. Do not use a non-ground power

cord.

4.2.2 Allowed Variation Range of Supply Power Parameters

The spectrum analyzer is compatible with 100V~240V, 50Hz-60Hz AC power, Table 4-1 lists the power requirement to run the spectrum analyzer.

Table 4-1 Working Power Variation Range

Power Supply Parameter	Compatible Range
Voltage	100 - 240 VAC
Frequency	50 - 60 Hz $\pm 10\%$
Power	28 W

To prevent or lower the risk of damage to the spectrum analyzer from power interference between instruments, especially from peak pulses produced by large power consumption instruments, a 220V/110V AC regulated power supply is recommended.

4.2.3 Power Cord Selection

The analyzer is equipped with a three-wire power cord in accordance with international safety standards. This cable grounds the analyzer cabinet when connected to an appropriate power line outlet. The cable must be rated greater than 250Vac and 2A.



WARNING

Improper grounding may cause damage to the instrument, or result in personal injury. Make sure the grounding conductor of the spectrum analyzer is grounded before turning on the instrument.

Always use a well-grounded power source. Do not use an external power cable, power cord or an auto transformer without grounded protection. If this product is to be powered via an external auto transformer for voltage reduction, ensure that its common terminal is connected to a neutral (earthed pole) of the power supply.



WARNING

Make sure the supply power is stable before turning on the analyzer to protect it from damage. Refer to "First Time to Power on" section 3.

4.2.4 Electro-static Discharge (ESD) Protection

ESD is an issue often ignored by users. Damage from ESD on the instrument is unlikely to occur immediately but will significantly reduce the reliability of it. Therefore, ESD precautions should be implemented in the work environment, and applied daily.

Generally, there are two steps to manage ESD protection:

- 1) Conductive table mats to connect hands via wrist bands
- 2) Conductive ground mat to connect feet via ankle straps

Implement both protection methods will provide a good level of anti-static protection. If used alone, the protection will not be as reliable. To ensure user's safety, anti-static components should offer at least 1M Ω isolation resistance.



WARNING

The above ESD protections measures cannot be used when working with over 500V!

Make good use of anti-static technology to protect components from damage:

- 1) Quickly ground the internal and external conductor of the coaxial cable before it is connected with the spectrum analyzer.
- 2) Staff must wear anti-static gloves before touching the connector cord or doing any assemble work.
- 3) Assure all the instruments are grounded properly to avoid static storage.

4.3 First Time to Power on


Connect the three-pin AC power cord into the instrument. Insert the plug into a power socket provided with a protective ground.

4. User Notice



WARNING

Check the power source before turning on the spectrum analyzer, to protect the device from damage.

- 1) Press the power switch  on the bottom left of the front panel.
- 2) Self-initialization takes about 30 seconds, after the boot screen the spectrum analyzer will default to the scanning curve.
- 3) After power on, let the spectrum analyzer warm up for 30 minutes for stabilization to obtain the most accurate results.

4.4 Front Panel

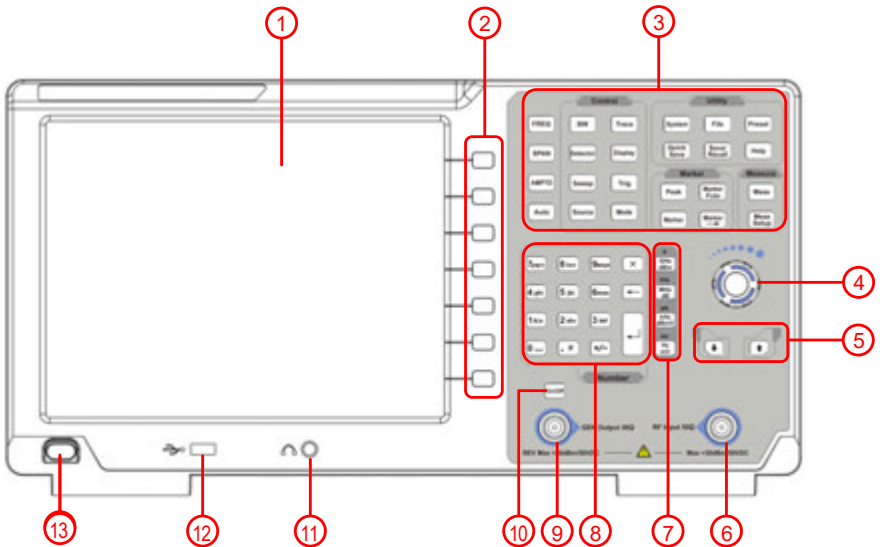


Figure 4-1 Front panel

Table 4-2 Front Panel Description

4. User Notice

NO.	Description	NO.	Description
①	LCD	⑧	Numeric keypad
②	Menu softkeys	⑨	Tracking generator output connector
③	Function keys	⑩	Tracking generator output On/Off button
④	Knob	⑪	Earphone interface
⑤	Arrow keys	⑫	USB Host port
⑥	RF Input connector	⑬	Power key (Push to turn on, long push to turn off)
⑦	Unit keys		

4.4.1 Front Panel Function Key

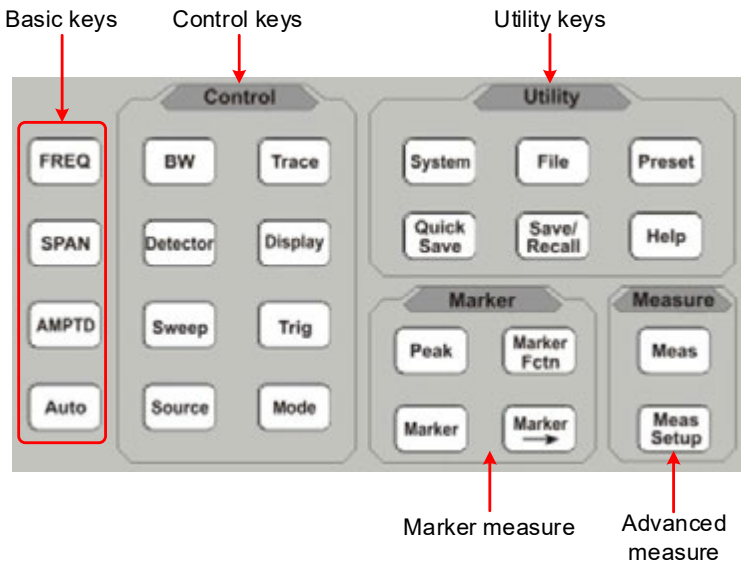


Figure 4-2 Function Keys

Table 4-3 Function Key Description

Keys	Description
Basic keys	
FREQ	Activates the center-frequency function, and accesses the frequency function menu.

4. User Notice

SPAN	Activates the frequency sweep span function, and set Full Span\Zero Span>Last Span.
AMPTD	Activates the reference level function, and accesses the amplitude softkeys, with which you set functions that affect data on the vertical axis.
AUTO	Searches the signal automatically within the full frequency range.
Control keys	
BW	Activates the RBW (resolution bandwidth) function, and accesses the softkeys that control the bandwidth functions and EMI Filter.
Trace	Accesses the softkeys that allow you to store and manipulate trace information.
Detector	Accesses the softkeys that allow you to configure detector functions.
Display	Accesses the softkeys that allow you to control what is displayed on the analyzer, including the display line, graticule and label.
Sweep	Accesses the softkeys that allow you to set the sweep time, select the sweep mode of the analyzer.
Trig	Accesses the softkeys that allow you to select the trigger mode of the analyzer.
Source	Accesses the softkeys that allow you to set the signal generator and tracking generator.
Mode	Accesses the softkeys that allow you to set the spectrum menu.
Marker measure keys	
Peak	Places a marker on the highest peak, and accesses the Peak functions menu.

4. User Notice

Marker	Accesses the marker control keys that select the type and number of markers and turns them on and off.
Marker →	Accesses the marker function softkeys that allow you to set other system parameters based on the current marker value.
Marker Fctn	Accesses the menu of special functions, such as marker noise, N dB bandwidth measure and frequency counting.
Advanced measure keys	
Meas	Accesses the softkeys that let you make transmitter power measurements such as ACPR(adjacent channel power), channel power, and OBW(occupied bandwidth), etc.
Meas Setup	Sets the parameters for the selected measurement function.
Utility keys	
System	Sets the system parameters, and accesses the calibration menu.
File	Accesses the softkeys that allow you to configure the file system of the analyzer.
Preset	Resets the analyzer to the factory settings or user state. This state can be specified in 【System】 → [PowerOn/Preset>]→ [Preset>].
Quick Save	Accesses the softkeys that allow you to quick save screen pixmap, trace data, or user state.
Save/Recall	Accesses the softkeys that allow you to save /recall screen pixmap, trace data, or user state.
Help	Press the Help key to activate the help system. Press the Help key again to exit.

4.4.2 Parameter Input

Specific parameter values are able to be entered using the numeric keypad, knob, and directional keys.

Numeric Keypad



Figure 4-3 Numeric Keypad

1. Numeric button

Press this button under English mode to input corresponding letters;

Press this button under number mode to input the numbers 0-9.

2. **1 A/a** button

Press this button under English mode to switch capital and small letter of English letters of input type; input the number “1” under numeric mode.

3. **. #** button

Press this button under English mode to input special symbols; input decimal point “.” under number mode.

4. **+/-** button

Press this button under English mode to switch small letter of

4. User Notice

English letters; press this button under number mode to enter negative number input state, which will display the parameter symbol “-”. Press this button again to return to return positive number input state.

5. Unit buttons

Unit buttons include: GHz/dBm/s, MHz/dB/ms, kHz/dBmV/ μ s and Hz/mV/ns. Press the required unit button after inputting numbers. The meaning of unit button is subject to the type of current input parameter, i.e., “Frequency”, “Amplitude” or “Time”.

6. Cancel button

① Press this button while inputting panel button parameters to clear the input in active function area and exit parameter input state.

② In the process of parameter input or file name editing on the small panel of touch screen, click to clear the characters in SIDE the input box, and double click to exit the current window.

7. Backspace button

Press this button while inputting parameter to delete a character at the left side of cursor in the input box, or delete the last character from left to right if there is no cursor.

8. button

9. Press this button while inputting parameters to end inputting parameters and add unit value of the last input to the parameter.

Knob



Figure 4-4 The knob

The knob function:

During parameter editing, turn the knob clockwise to increase, or counterclockwise to decrease the parameter values at specified steps.

Direction key



Figure 4-5 Direction keys

The directional keys have following functions:

- 1) Increase or decrease the parameter value at specific steps while editing a parameter.
- 2) Move the cursor through the directory tree in the **【File】** function.

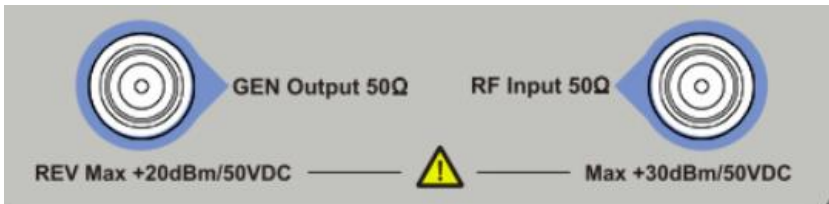
4.4.3 Front Panel Connector

1. USB Host



The analyzer may serve as a "host" device to connect to external USB devices. This interface can be used for accessing a USB flash drive or more devices after expansion via USB HUB, such as external keyboard or mouse.

2. GEN Output 50Ω (tracking generator output 50Ω)



The output of the tracking generator can be connected to a

4. User Notice

receiver through an N type male connector, users can purchase this option if required.



CAUTION

Input voltage at RF input port must not be higher than 50 V DC to avoid damage to the attenuator and input mixer tracking generator.

3. RF Input 50Ω

The RF input may be connected to a device via a N type connector



CAUTION

When input attenuator is higher than 10 dB, the RF port input signal must be less than +30 dBm.

4.5 Rear Panel

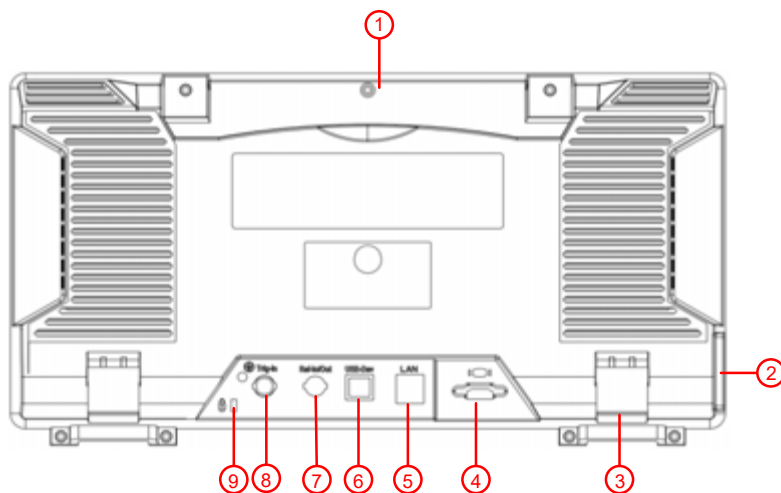


Figure 4-6 Rear Panel

Table 4-4 Rear Panel Description

NO.	Name	Description
①	Handle	Stow the handle for mobile use.
②	AC power connector	AC: frequency 50Hz±10%, single-phase alternative 220V±15% or 110V±15%
③	Stool	To adjust the angle of the device

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④	HDMI interface	HDMI output, connect an external monitor or projector
⑤	LAN interface	Through this interface, the analyzer can be connected to your local network for remote control.
⑥	USB Device interface	This configurable USB port permits external USB devices. It supports PictBridge printer and remote-control connection.
⑦	10MHz IN/OUT	The BNC input or output of the 10 MHz reference clock
⑧	External trigger connector	Connect an external TTL signal
⑨	Lock hole	You can lock the spectrum analyzer to a fixed location using the security lock (please buy it yourself) to secure the spectrum analyzer

4.6 User Interface

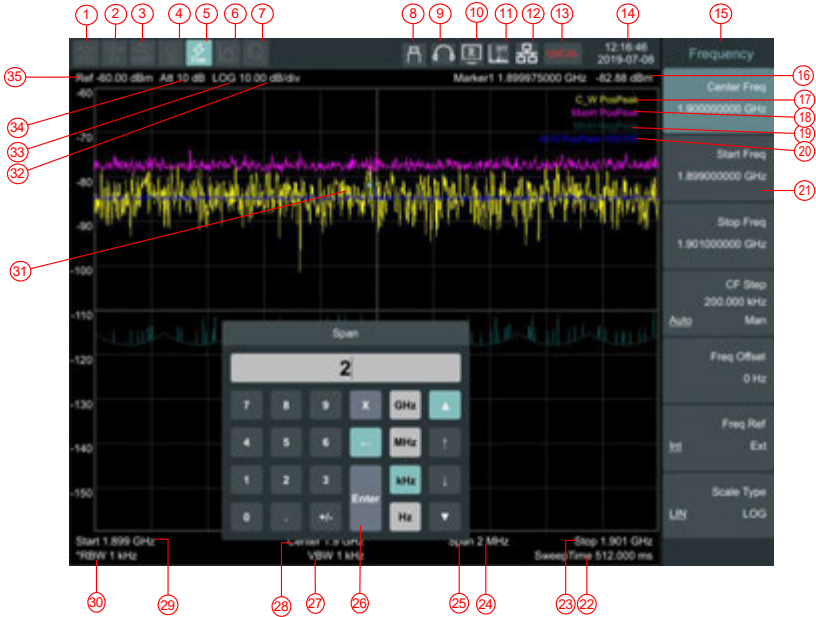


Figure 4-7 User interface

Table 4-5 User interface Description

NO.	Name	Description	Related Key
①	Reference frequency	Set the reference frequency as Int (internal) or Ext (external) input	FREQ → [Freq Ref]
②	Preamplifier	Turn on/off the preamplifier	AMPTD → [Preamplifier]
③	Sweep status	Set the sweep status to Single or Cont (continuous)	[Sweep] → [Sweep Single] or [Sweep Cont]
④	Tracking generator	Press to turn on/off the source output	[TG] → [Track GEN]

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⑤	Trigger type	Set the trigger type to Auto , Video , Pos (external positive edge), Neg (external negative edge)	【Trig】
⑥	Continuous peak search	Enable/Disable continuous peak search	【Peak】 → [Cont Peak]
⑦	Automatic search	Searching automatically	【Auto】
⑧	USB storage device	Show if USB storage device is inserted;	
⑨	Audio demodulation	Turn on audio demodulation	【Mode】 → [Demod>]
⑩	Remote control	Turn on remote control	
⑪	FFT mode	When RBW is set to less than 3kHz, automatically switch to FFT mode	
⑫	LAN access sign	LAN access sign	
⑬	UNCAL sign	Measurement is not calibrated	
⑭	Date/Time	Display the date/time of system. Click to display the interface of date modification	【System】 → [Setting>] → [Date/Time >]
⑮	Menu title	Function of current menu belongs to, Click to call the shortcut menu	
⑯	Marker readout	Display the frequency value (time during zero scan span) and amplitude value of current frequency standard. Display the frequency standard function of response when the frequency standard function can be enabled	【Marker】

4. User Notice

⑰	Trace 1	Display the current type of trace 1 is refresh, and peak is detected positive	
⑱	Trace 2	Display the current type of trace 2 is refresh, and peak is detected positive	
⑲	Trace 3	Display the current type of trace 3 is refresh, and peak is detected positive	
⑳	Trace 4	Display the current type of trace 4 is refresh, and peak is detected positive	
㉑	Menu item	Menu item of current function	
㉒	Sweep Time	System sweep time	【Sweep】 → [Sweep Time]
㉓	Stop frequency	Display stop frequency	【FREQ】 → [Stop Freq]
㉔	Mouse cursor	Show when using an external mouse	
㉕	Span	Display span width	【SPAN】 →[Span]
㉖	Digital input keyboard of touch screen	Call out by clicking the position where the input parameter needs modifying	
㉗	Video bandwidth	Display video bandwidth	【BW】 → [VBW]
㉘	Center frequency	Display center frequency	【FREQ】 → [Center Freq]
㉙	Start frequency	Display start frequency	【FREQ】 → [Start Freq]
㉚	Resolution bandwidth	Display resolution bandwidth	【BW】 →[RBW]
㉛	Marker	Display current activated marker	【Marker】
㉜	Amplitude Scale	Display amplitude scale	AMPTD → [Scale/Div]
㉝	Amplitude Scale Type	Log (logarithmic) or Line (linear)	AMPTD → [Scale Type]

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③④	Attenuation	Display input attenuation setting	AMPTD → [Attenuation]
③⑤	Reference level	Reference level	AMPTD → [Ref Level]

4.7 Build-in Help

The built-in help provides information that refers to every function key and menu key on the front panel. Users can view this help information if required.

1. How to acquire built-in help

Press [Help], and a prompt on how to receive help will pop up in the center of the screen.

2. Page up and down

If help information is displayed in different pages, more information can be displayed through the up and down direction buttons or by clicking and dragging the scroll bar.

3. Acquire the menu help

A message about how to obtain help information will be shown, press the menu keys to get the corresponding help.

4. Acquire the help information of any function key

A message about how to obtain help information will be shown, press any function key to get the corresponding help.

5. Close the current help information

Press "Help" again to close help.

4.8 Touch Screen and External Mouse Control

The display screen is of touchable type. Analyzer can be controlled by different gestures.

Enable/disable touch control through [System] → [Setting>] → [Touch Control On Off].

Access mouse via USB port. If arrow appears on the screen, operate with the mouse.

Instructions for touch screen and mouse control are as below.

Operation can also be realized via the buttons/knobs in bracket.

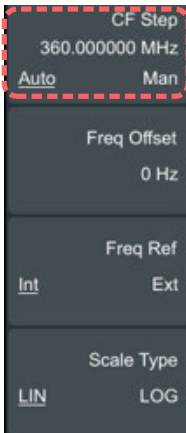
- Click the menu at the top of the screen to switch the corresponding switch or option. For details, refer to the User

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Interface Overview on Page 17.

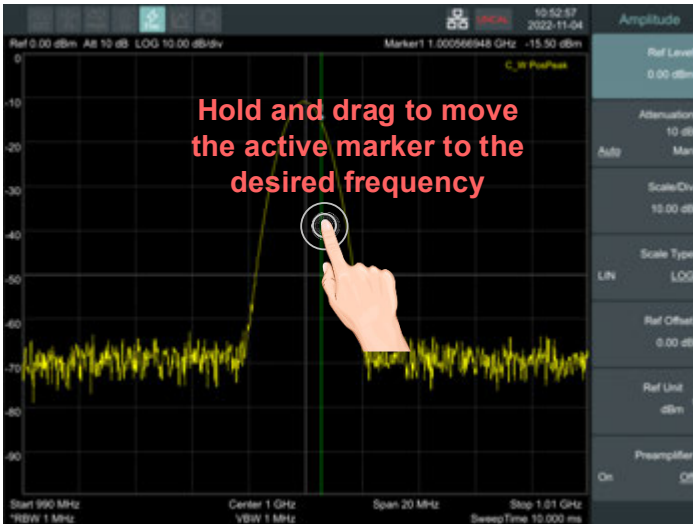


- **Menu items:** Any options in the menu can be switched in the area of touch menu item.



Press repeatedly to switch the options

- **Move the frequency standard to the frequency required (Marker → [Marker ►] → rotation knob):** When a marker has been activated, press and drag it to the required location and then release it.

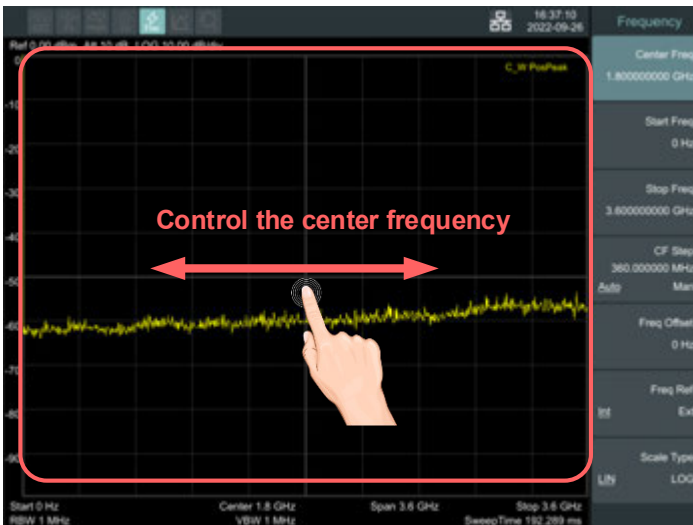


4. User Notice

- **Set reference level (Amplitude → [Ref Level]):** Hold it in trace display area and drag it up or down to decrease or increase the reference level in order to drag the trace up and down.

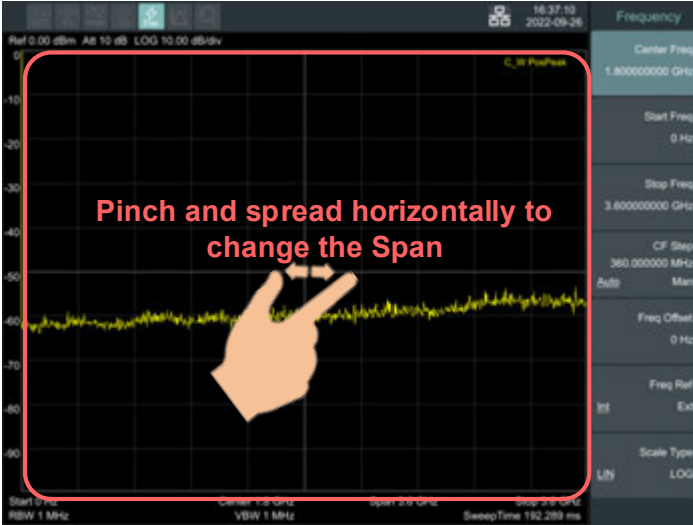


- **Set center frequency (FREQ → [Center Freq]):** Press it in the trace display area and drag it to the left or right to modify the center frequency, in order to drag the trace to the left or right.



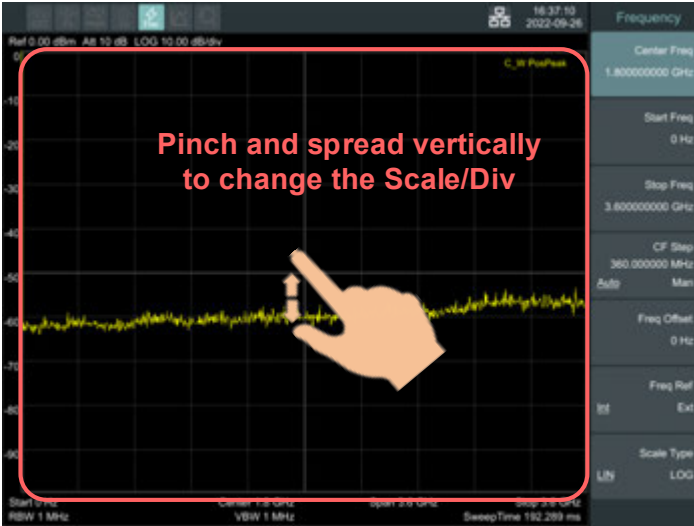
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- Trace will suspend refreshing after pressing the trace area and will continue with refreshing after releasing.
- **Set scan span (SPAN → [Span]):** Place two fingers on the touch screen in a horizontal direction in trace display area, and make them close to or separate from each other to decrease/increase scan span, so as to enlarge/reduce trace horizontally.



- **Set scale/cell (Amplitude → [scale/Div]):** Place two fingers on the touch screen in a vertical direction in trace display area, and make them close to or separate from each other to increase/decrease scale/cell, so as to enlarge/reduce trace scale vertically.

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4.9 External Keyboard Control

Insert the keyboard into the USB port on the front panel. Control and input can be realized by keyboard. Buttons are corresponding to the following:

【F】 Frequency

【S】 Span

【A】 Amplitude

【R】 Auto Tune

【B】 Band Width

【D】 Detector

【W】 Sweep

【O】 Track Gen

【T】 Trace

【V】 Display

【I】 Trig

【M】 Mode

【Y】 System

【Q】 Quick Save

【P】 Peak

【K】 Marker

【X】 File

【L】 Save/Recall

【E】 Marker Fctn

【C】 Marker To

【N】 Preset

【H】 Help

【J】 Measure

【U】 Measure Set

【F1~F7】 F1~F7

【F9】 GHz/dBm 【F10】 MHz/dB 【F11】 kHz/dBmV 【F12】

GHz/mv

【0~9】 0~9

【Backspace】 <-

【Esc】 X

【Enter】 enter

4.10 Basic Measurement

Basic measurements include, input signal frequency and amplitude display, marked by a frequency marker. Follow these four simple steps below to implement input signal measurement.

Basic:

1. Setting center frequency;
2. Setting span and resolution bandwidth;
3. Activate marker;
4. Setting amplitude;

For example, to measure a 100MHz -20dBm signal, you must turn on the spectrum analyzer and ensure it is warmed up for 30 minutes to ensure measurement accuracy.

1. Equipment connection:

Connect the output terminal of signal generator to the **RF Input 50Ω** terminal of spectrum analyzer. Set the parameters as follows:

Frequency	100 MHz
Amplitude	-20 dBm

2. Setting parameters:

- 1) Press **【Preset】** to restore the analyzer to its factory-defined

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state. The Spectrum analyzer will display the spectrum from 9kHz to the maximum span width. The signal generated will display as a vertical line at 100MHz. Refer to Figure 4-8.

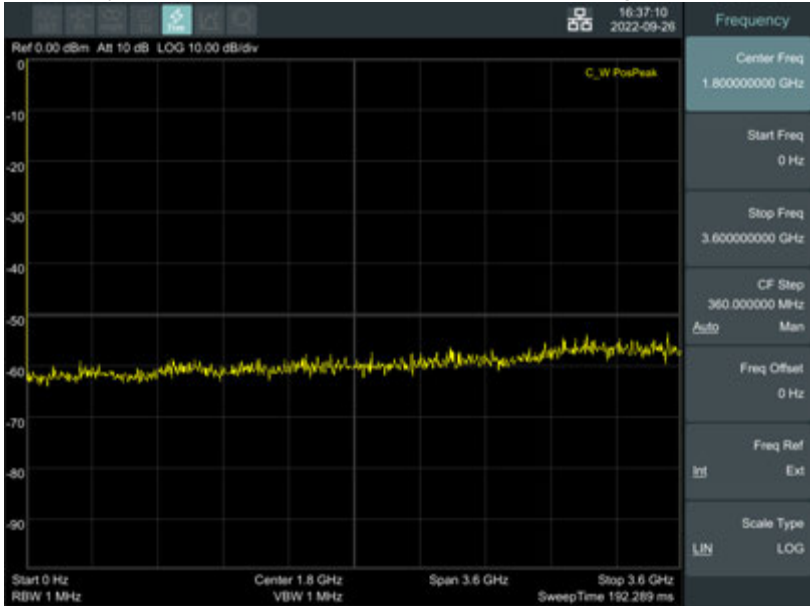


Figure 4-8 Full Span

To clearly observe the signal, reduce the frequency span to 1 MHz and set the center frequency to 100MHz.

2) Setting Center Frequency

Press "FREQ", select [Center frequency] on corresponding pop up menu. Input "100" and select the unit as MHz on the numeric keypad. The keys can be used to set the exact value but the knob and directional keys can also be used to set the center frequency.

3) Setting Frequency Span

Press **【SPAN】**, input **"1"** and select **MHz** as its unit using the numeric keypad; or press **【↓】** to decrease to 1MHz.

Press **【BW】**, set [resolution bandwidth] to manual, and input **"30"** and select **kHz** as its unit using the numeric keypad; or press **【↓】** to decrease to 30kHz.

Press **【Detector】**, set the detection type to positive peak.

Figure 4-9 shows the signal at a higher resolution.

Please note that resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth and frequency span are self-adapted. They adjust to certain values according to frequency span. Sweep time can be self-adapted too.

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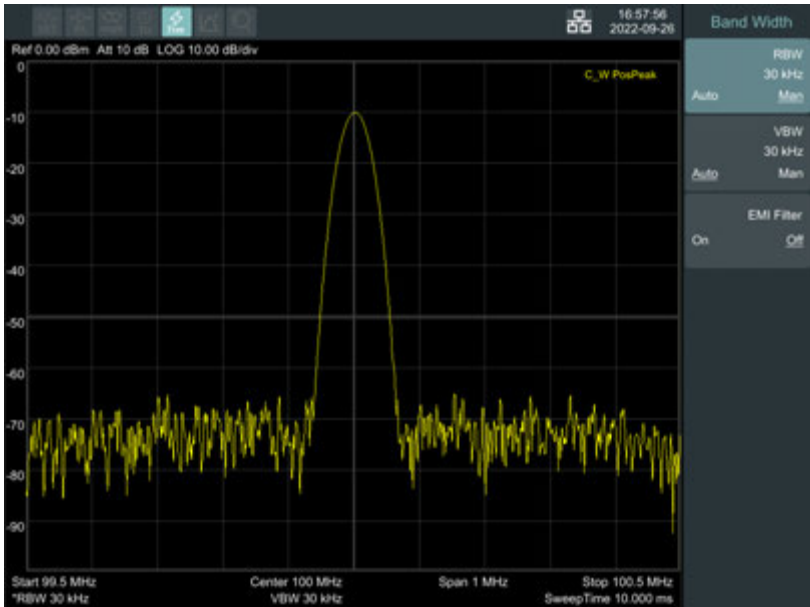


Figure 4-9 Set frequency span

4) Activate Marker

—Press **【Marker】** button in the function area. Press the softkey to select [Marker 1 2 3 4 5], select Marker 1, the marker is located at horizontal center by default, that is the signal peak point or its neighbor.

—Press Peak, and enter the next level menu, select [Max Search]. Frequency and amplitude values are read by the marker and shown on the top right of the display area.

5) Setting amplitude

The reference level will be shown at the top of the display grid. To get a better dynamic range, the real signal peak point should be located at or near the top of display grid (reference level). The reference level is also the maximum value on Y axis. Here we reduce to 10dB reference level to increase the dynamic range.

Press **【AMPTD】**, the amplitude setting menu will pop up, and the [reference level] soft key will be activated. The reference level can be input at the top left of the display grid. Input "-10" using the numeric keypad and set the unit to dBm. You can also use the **【↓】** key or the knob for adjustment.

The reference level is set at -10dBm, which is the signal peak

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value near the top of the grid. The balance between the signal peak value and noise is dynamic range.

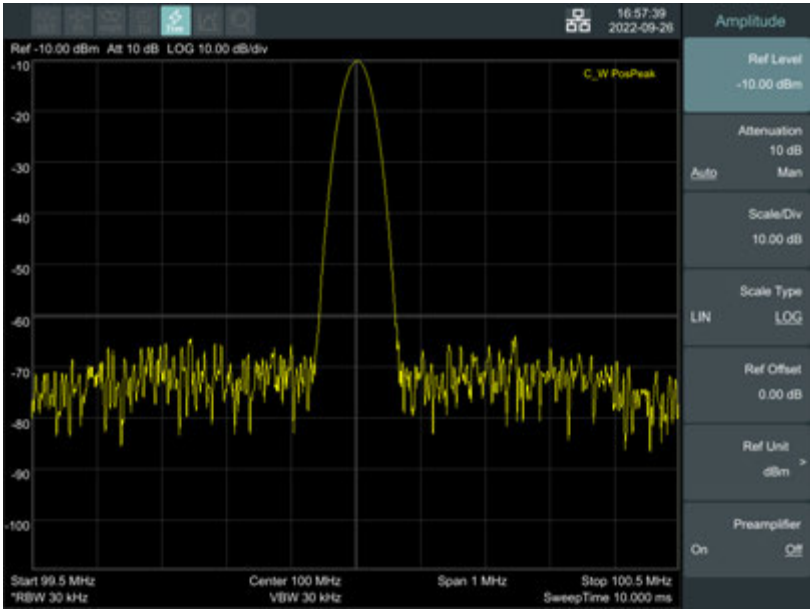


Figure 4-10 Set reference level

5. Menu Interpretation

This section provides you with the information on using the front panel of the spectrum analyzer.

5.1 【FREQ】 Frequency

The frequency range of a channel can be expressed by either of two groups of parameters: Start Frequency and Stop Frequency; or Center Frequency and Span. If any such parameter is changed, the others would be adjusted automatically in order to ensure the coupling relationship among them

$$f_{center} = (f_{stop} + f_{start}) / 2 \quad (5-1)$$

$$f_{span} = f_{stop} - f_{start} \quad (5-2)$$

f_{center} , f_{stop} , f_{start} and f_{span} denotes the center frequency, the stop frequency, the start frequency and the span respectively.

5.1.1 [Center Freq]

Sets the center frequency of the sweep. When pressed, the frequency mode is switched to Center Freq and Span in order to enter the desired parameter data.

Key Points:

- The start and stop frequencies vary with the center frequency when the span is constant.
- Changing the center frequency horizontally shifts the current sweep channel and the adjustment is limited by the specified frequency range.
- In Zero Span mode, the start frequency, stop frequency and center frequency are always equal. If one is changed the others are updated to match.
- You can modify this parameter using the numeric keys, knob, or direction keys.

5.1.2 [Start Freq]

Sets the start frequency of the sweep. When pressed, the frequency mode is switched to Start Freq and Stop Freq in order to enter the desired parameter data.

Key Points:

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- The span and center frequency are changed automatically according to the start frequency. The change of the span would have influence on other system parameters. For more details, please refer to "Span".
- In Zero Span mode, the start frequency, stop frequency and center frequency are always equal. If one is changed the others are updated to match.
- You can modify this parameter using the numeric keys, knob, or direction keys.
- If start freq is larger than stop freq when setting, then stop freq will increase automatically to the same value of start freq.

5.1.3 [Stop Freq]

Sets the stop frequency of the sweep. When pressed, the frequency mode is switched to Start Freq and Stop Freq in order to enter the desired parameter data.

Key Points:

- Modifying the stop frequency changes the span and center frequency, and the change of span influences other system parameters, see "Span".
- You can modify this parameter using the numeric keys, knob, or direction keys.
- If stop freq is larger than start freq when setting, then start freq will decrease automatically to the same value of stop freq.

5.1.4 [CF Step Auto Man]

Sets the step of center frequency. Changing the center frequency in a fixed step continuously switches the channel to be measured.

Key Points:

- The frequency step type could be "Manual" or "Auto". In Auto mode, the CF step is 1/10 of span if it is in Non-zero span mode or equals 25% of RBW while in Zero span mode; in Manual mode, you can set the step using the numeric, step keys or knob. Then activate **【Center Frequency】**, press step, center frequency will change as setting step.
- After you set an appropriate frequency step and select center frequency, you can use using up and down direction keys to switch between measurement channels in a specified step in

5.Menu Interpretation

order to sweep the adjacent channels manually.

- You can modify this parameter using the numeric keys, knob, direction keys soft keyboard interface, or dragging trace.

Frequency step lends itself to detect the harmonic waves and bandwidths that are beyond the current span.

For example, for order of harmonic of a 300 MHz signal, you can use set both the center frequency and frequency step to 300 MHz, and press the up direction key continuously to increase the center frequency to 600MHz, that is secondary harmonic. Press frequency steps to increase center frequency by 300MHz, which reaches 900MHz. [CF Step Auto Man] shows the auto or manual mode to setting the steps. When step is under manual mode, press [CF Step Auto Man] to return to auto mode.

5.1.5 [Freq Offset]

You can set a frequency offset to displayed frequency value, including freq marker value. This movement won't influence sweep frequency range.

While this function activated (frequency offset isn't 0), you can modify this parameter using the numeric keys, knob or direction keys.

5.1.6 [Freq Ref Int Ext]

Set the reference frequency as internal or external input, this is regarded as whole device reference. If the external signal is not locked according to judgment after switching to external, the prompt "external reference not locked" will pop up and it will switch back to internal automatically.

5.2 【SPAN】

Set the spectrum analyzer to span mode. When press 【SPAN】 , [Span],[Full Span],[Zero Span] and [Last Span] will be available to configure. You can modify span using the numeric keys, knob or direction keys. Use numeric key or [Zero Span] to clear span.

5.2.1 [Span]

Sets the frequency range of the sweep. When pressed, the frequency mode is switched to Center Freq/Span.

Key points:

- The start and stop frequencies are changed with the span automatically.
- In non-zero span mode, the span can be set down to 100 Hz. And up to the full span described in "Specification". When it is set to the maximum span, it enters full span mode.
- Zero Span Setting: In non-FFT mode (RBW greater than 3K), set the zero span to 0Hz by manually entering the value. You can also enter the zero span mode by pressing the Zero Span menu or using the SCPI command.
- Modifying the span in non-zero span mode may cause an automatic change in both CF step and RBW if they were in Auto mode, and the change of RBW may influence VBW (in Auto VBW mode).
- In non-zero span mode, variation in the span, RBW or VBW would cause a change in sweep time.
- You can modify this parameter using the numeric keys, knob, direction keys soft keyboard interface, or dragging trace.

5.2.2 [Full Span]

Sets the spectrum analyzer to center frequency/sweep mode, and span of the analyzer to the maximum.

5.2.3 [Zero Span]

Sets the span of the analyzer to 0 Hz. Both the start and stop frequencies will equal the center frequency and the horizontal axis will denote time. The analyzer here is measuring the time domain characteristics of amplitude, located at the corresponding frequency point. This will help to observe the signal (especially for modulated signal) at time domain. In FFT mode (RBW < 5k), it is not possible to set the zero span. The zero span mode displays the time domain characteristics of fixed frequency components of the signal, and it is different from the non-zero span mode in many ways. The following functions are not available in the zero span

mode: [Marker] -> [Center Frequency], [Marker] -> [Frequency Step], [Marker] -> [Start Frequency], [Marker] -> [Stop Frequency], [Delta Marker] -> [Center Frequency], [Delta Marker] -> [Span].

5.2.4 [Last Span]

Changes the span to the previous span setting.

5.3 【AMPTD】 Amplitude

Sets the amplitude parameters of the analyzer. Through these parameters, signals under measurement can be displayed at an optimal view with minimum error. The pop out amplitude menu includes [Ref Level], [Attenuation Auto Manual], [Scale/Div], [Scale Type Lin Log], [Ref Offset], [Ref Unit], and [Preamplifier On Off].

5.3.1 [Ref Level]

Activate reference level function and sets the maximum power or voltage for display window.

Key points:

- This value is affected by a combination of maximum mixing level, input attenuation, and preamplifier. When you adjust it, the input attenuation is adjusted under a constant max mixing level, meeting:

$$L_{Ref} - a_{RF} + a_{PA} \leq L_{mix} \quad (5-3)$$

L_{Ref} , a_{RF} , a_{PA} and L_{mix} denotes the reference level, the input attenuation, the preamplifier, and the max mixing level, respectively.

- You can modify this parameter using the numeric keys, knob, or direction keys.

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Reference level located at the top of axis grid. Measurement near the reference level would gain better accuracy, but input signal amplitude should not exceed the reference level; if it exceeds, the signal will be compressed and distorted, result in wrong measurement. Analyzer's input attenuation is related with reference level, it can self-adjust to avoid signal compression. Minimum reference level is -80dBm at Log scale under 0dB attenuation.

5.3.2 [Attenuation Auto Man]

Sets the front attenuator of the RF input in order to permit big signals (or small signals) to pass from the mixer with low distortion (or low noise). It only works under internal mixer mode to adjust input attenuator insider analyzer. In Auto mode, input attenuator is related with reference level.

Key points:

- When the preamplifier is On, the input attenuation could be set up to 40 dB. You can adjust the reference level to ensure that the specified parameters meet the requirement.
- Modifying the reference level may cause an automatic change in attenuation value; But the change of attenuation value won't influence reference level.
- You can modify this parameter using the numeric keys, knob, or direction keys.

Attenuator adjustment is to make the maximum signal amplitude pass from mixer less than or equal to -10dBm. E.g. if the reference level is +12dBm, the attenuator value is 22dB, then the input level in mixer is -18dBm ($12-22-8=-18$), its mainly purpose is to avoid signal compression. Switch [Input Atten Auto Manual] to manual mode, adjust the attenuator manually. The highlight under auto or manual stands for auto coupling and manual coupling. When attenuator is under manual mode, press [Input Atten Auto Manual] will match the attenuator and reference level again.

Note: Maximum input signal amplitude of input attenuator (10dB input attenuation at least) is +30dBm, higher power signal will damage input attenuator or mixer.

5.3.3 [Scale/Div]

Sets the logarithmic units per vertical grid division on the display. Select 1,2,5 or 10dB log amplitude scale. It's 10dB/div by default. Every activated marker is with dB as unit, difference between two markers is treated as marker difference under dB unit.

Key points:

- By changing the scale, the displayed amplitude range is adjusted.
- The amplitude that can be displayed is from reference level minus 10 times the current scale value to the reference level.
- You can modify this parameter using the numeric keys, knob, direction keys soft keyboard interface, or dragging trace.

5.3.4 [Scale Type Lin Log]

Sets the Scale Type of Y-axis to Lin or Log, the default is Log. It only works under internal mixer mode. In general, select mV as Lin amplitude scale unit. Of course there would be other units for select.

Key points:

- In Log scale type: the Y-axis denotes the logarithmic coordinates, the value shown at top of the grid is the reference level and the grid size is equal to the scale value. The unit of Y-axis will be automatically switched into the default "dBm" when the scale type is changed from Lin to Log.
- In Lin scale type: the Y-axis denotes the linear coordinates, the value shown at the top of the grid is the reference level and the bottom of the grid shows 0 V. The grid size is 10% of the Reference level and the Scale/Div is invalid. The unit of Y-axis will be automatically switched into the default "mV" when the scale type is changed from Log to Lin.
- Other than as mentioned above, the unit of Y-axis is independent of the Scale Type.

5.3.5 [Ref Offset]

Assigns an offset to the reference level to attempt to compensate for gains or losses generated between the device under measurement and the analyzer.

Key points:

- The changing of this value changes both the readout of the

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reference level and the amplitude readout of the marker, but will not impact the position of the curve on the screen.

- You can modify this parameter using the numeric keys.
- This offset use dB as absolute unit, will not change with selected scale and unit.

5.3.6 [Ref Unit▶]

Sets the unit of the Y-axis to[dBm] , [dBmW], [dBuW], [dBmV], [dBuV], [V] or [W]

Key points:

- 1) [dBm]
Choose decibel equals to 1mW as amplitude unit.
- 2) [dBμW]
Choose decibel equals to 1μW as amplitude unit.
- 3) [dBpW]
Choose decibel equals to 1pW as amplitude unit.
- 4) [dBmV]
Choose decibel equals to 1mV as amplitude unit.
- 5) [dBμV]
Choose decibel equals to 1μV as amplitude unit.
- 6) [W]
Choose Watts as amplitude unit.
- 7) [V]
Choose Voltage as amplitude unit.

5.3.7 [Preamplifier On Off]

Sets the status of preamplifier located at the front of the RF signal path. Turning on the preamplifier reduces the displayed average noise level in order to distinguish small signals from the noise when working with small signals.

5.4 【Auto】 Auto Tune

Searches for signals automatically throughout the full frequency range, adjusts the frequency and amplitude to their optimum and realizes one-key signal search and auto setting of parameters.

Key points: some parameters such as reference level, scale, and input attenuation may be changed during the auto tune.

5.5 【BW】 Bandwidth

Sets the RBW (Resolution Bandwidth) and VBW (Video Bandwidth) parameters of the analyzer. Pop out the setting menu includes [RBW Auto Man], [VBW Auto Man], [EMI Filter On Off].

5.5.1 [RBW Auto Man]

Adjust the resolution bandwidth ranging from 10Hz-1MHz. Use numeric key, step key or knob to switch resolution bandwidth. The underline under Auto or Manual means Auto mode or Manual mode. Press [Resolution Bandwidth Auto Manual] and hold it until underline under Auto has been highlighted. Then the resolution bandwidth is under auto coupling mode.

Key points:

- Reducing the value of RBW will increase the frequency resolution, but may also cause sweeps to take longer (Sweep Time is effected by a combination of RBW and VBW when it is in Auto mode).
- RBW decreases with the span (non-zero span) in Auto RBW mode.

5.5.2[VBW Auto Man]

Sets the desired video bandwidth in order to remove the band noise. Set the video resolution displays in function area, ranging from 10Hz to 1MHz by sequence step. You can modify this parameter by numeric key, step key or knob. The underline under Auto or Manual means Auto mode or Manual mode. Press [VBW Auto Manual] and hold it in manual until the underline highlighted under Auto to return auto mode.

Key points:

- Reducing the VBW to smooth the spectrum line and differentiate small signals from the noise. However, this may cause a longer sweep time. (Sweep Time is effected by a combination of RBW and VBW when it is in Auto mode).
- VBW varies with RBW when it is set to Auto.

5.5.3 [EMI Filter On Off]

Turn on or off EMI measurement resolution bandwidth.

If this menu item is under disabled state, it indicates that the EMI option hasn't been enabled for this model. Please enable it by registering option.

Currently, when opening an EMI filter (-6 dB bandwidth), the resolution bandwidth can only be 200 Hz, 9 kHz, 120 kHz, or 1 MHz. At this time, the detection method can be selected as "quasi-peak".

5.6 【Trace】

As the sweep signal is displayed as a trace on the screen, you can set parameters about the trace using this key. The analyzer allows for up to five traces to be displayed at one time, and press this key to check the menu for trace line settings and operations.

5.6.1 [Trace 1 2 3 4 5]

Select trace. The spectrum analyzer provides traces 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, and the number and state menu item of the selected trace will be underlined. In particular, the color of number corresponds to the color of trace.

5.6.2 [State >]

Set the refresh state type of spectral traces.

5.6.2.1 [Clear & Write]

Refresh the current spectrum curve by collecting real-time scanned data at each point of the trace to display the analyzer trace.

5.6.2.2 [Max Hold]

Maintains the maximum for each point of the trace. It continuously receive scan data and select positive peak value detect mode.

5.6.2.3 [Min Hold]

Maintains the minimum for each point of the trace. It continuously receive scan data and select negative peak value detect mode.

5.6.2.4[Average]

Average the current trace. Each point of the trace displays the averaged result of multiple scans, resulting in a smoother display of this type of trace. Times of trace: 100 on average (by default) and 1,000 at maximum..

5.6.2.5[View]

Stops updating trace data and display current trace for observation.

5.6.2.6 [Blank]

Clear the trace on screen. But the trace stock will keep still without refreshing.

5.6.2.7 [Return]

Return to the previous menu.

5.6.3[Operations>]

Enter trace math related sub menu.

5.6.3.1[1 ↔ 2]

Exchange the trace stock 1 data with trace stock 2 and place them in display mode.

5.6.3.2 [2-DL → 2]

Deduct display line value in trace stock 2. This function execute once when activated. Press [2 - DL → 2] again to execute it the second time. When this function activated, display line will also be activated.

5.6.3.3 [2 ↔ 3]

Exchange the trace stock 2 data with trace stock 3 and place them in display mode.

5.6.3.4 [1→3]

Exchange the trace stock 1 data with trace stock 3 and place them in display mode.

5.6.3.5 [2→3]

Exchange the trace stock 2 data with trace stock 3 and place them

in display mode.

5.6.3.6 [Return]

Return to the previous menu.

5.7 【Detector】

While displaying a wider span, each pixel contains spectrum information associated with a larger subrange. That is, several samples may fall on one pixel. Which of the samples will be represented by the pixel depends on the selected detector type. Press this key to pop out the relevant menu includes [Pos Peak], [Neg Peak], [Normal], [Sample], [RMS Avg], [Voltage Avg], [Quasi-Peak].

Key points:

- Selects an appropriate type according to the application in order to ensure the accuracy of the measurement for your application.
- When **【BW/AVG】** →[EMI Filter▶]→[EMI Filter] is On, [Quasi-Peak] is available.

Table 10-1 Detector type comparison

Detector Type	Measurement
Pos Peak	<i>Positive peak detector</i> ensures that no peak signal is missed, which is useful for measuring signals that are very close to the base noise.
Neg Peak	<i>Negative peak detector</i> is used in most cases with the self-test of the spectrum analyzer and is rarely used in the measurement. It is able to restore the modulation envelope of the AM signal well.
Normal	Display pos peak and neg peak alternately when noise is detected, or it only display pos peak.
Sample	<i>Sampling detector</i> is conducive to measurement noise signal. Compared with the standard detection method, it can measure noise better.

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RMS Avg	<i>RMS Average detector averages rms levels to calculate the true average power. It is best for measuring the power of complex signals.</i>
Voltage Avg	<i>Voltage Average detector averages the linear voltage data of the envelope signal measured during the bucket interval. It is useful for observing rise and fall behavior of AM or pulse-modulated signals.</i>
Quasi-Peak	<i>Quasi-peak detector is a weighted form of peak detection. The measured value drops as the repetition rate of the measured signal decreases. It is used in EMI testing.</i>

5.7.1 [Pos Peak]

Searches the maximum from the sampling data segment and displays it at the corresponding pixel. Positive peak detector will be selected when [Max Hold] pressed.

5.7.2 [Neg Peak]

Searches the minimum from the sampling data segment and displays it at the corresponding pixel.

5.7.3 [Sample]

Set the detector to the sampling detector mode. This mode is usually used for video averaging and noise frequency Maker.

5.7.4 [Normal]

When noise is detected, the positive and negative peaks are alternately displayed, otherwise only positive peaks are displayed.

5.7.5 [Voltage Avg]

Set the detector to the Voltage Average detector mode. This mode calculates the average voltage of all the samples in the sample bucket.

5.7.6 [More>]

Detect more menus.

5.7.6.1 [RMS Avg]

Set the detector to the RMS Average detector mode. This mode

calculates the RMS average power of all the samples in the sample bucket.

5.7.6.2 [Quasi-Peak]

Set the detector to the Quasi-Peak detector mode. This mode is available when EMI filter is turned on. The quasi-peak detector is a peak detector that is weighted by the duration and repetition rate of the signal, as specified by the CISPR 16-1-1 standard. Quasi-peak detection is characterized by a fast charge time and slow decay time.

5.7.6.3 [Return]

Return to the previous menu.

5.8 【Display】

Controls the screen display of the analyzer, such as full screen, setting the on or off for window zoom, display line, amplitude scale, grid and label.

5.8.1 [Full Screen]

Set to full-screen display graphical interface, press any key to exit.

5.8.2 [Display Line On Off]

When this menu is on, an adjustable horizontal reference line is activated on the screen.

5.8.3 [Ampt Graticule On Off]

Turn on or Off amplitude scale function.

5.8.4 [Label On Off]

Defines the content displayed or hidden in the comments that appear in the display grid area.

5.8.5 [Menu Hide On Off]

Display and hide the menu at the right side of the screen. When the menu hiding is enabled, the menu will be hidden if there is no any button

5.Menu Interpretation

operation within the preset menu hiding time (optional menu hiding time: 5-50 s). Recover menu display by pressing any button.

5.8.6 [Brightness]

Set screen brightness display within 1%~100%.

5.8.7 [Screen Sleep]

Set the time for enabling or disabling automatic screen off function. When the automatic screen off function is enabled, the screen will be off automatically if there is no any operation within the set automatic screen off time (optional screen off time: 1-60 min). Recover screen display by pressing any button.

5.9 【Sweep】

Sets parameters about the Sweep time and mode including [Sweep Time Auto Man], [Sweep Single], [Sweep Cont]].

5.9.1 [Sweep Time Auto Man]

Sets the time interval for the analyzer to complete a sweep.

- In non-zero span, the analyzer uses the shortest sweep time on the basis of the current RBW and VBW settings if Auto is selected.
- You can modify this parameter using the numeric keys, knob, or direction keys.

5.9.2 [Sweep Single]

Press [Single Sweep] to set the sweep mode to Single. Press [Single Scan] to restart the scan when the next trigger signal arrives. Allows you to set continuous scan mode.

5.9.3 [Sweep Cont]

Press [Continuous Scan] to activate the sweep scan mode.

5.10 【Trig】

Sets the trigger type and other associated parameters, menu includes [Free], [Video], [Positive Edge], [Negative Edge].

5.10.1 [Free]

Set the trigger mode to the free trigger mode so that the scan trigger is as fast as possible with the spectrum analyzer. It meets the trigger conditions at any time, that is, continue to generate a trigger signal.

5.10.2 [Video]

This indicates a trigger signal will be generated when the system detects a video signal in which the voltage exceeds the specified video trigger level.

5.10.3[Positive Edge]

Positive Edge refers to the edge triggered when setting is external trigger.

5.10.4[Positive Edge]

Negative Edge refers to the edge triggered when setting is external trigger.

Note: In the [Positive Edge] / [Positive Edge] mode, an external signal (TTL signal) is input from the [Trigger In] connector at the rear panel, its edge conditions should meet with the user settings to generate trigger signals.

5.11 【Source】

When the Source is turned on, an independent signal or a signal with the same frequency of the current sweep signal will be output from the GEN OUTPUT 50Ω terminal on the front panel. Press the key will pop out related menu includes [Track Gen On Off], [Output Level], [Network Meas▶]. The source is turned off in the power-on and reset states.

5.11.1 [Track Gen On Off]

Select the tracking generator to be on or off.

5.11.2 [Output Level]

Set the output power of CW or TG source.

5.11.3 [Reference]

After enabling normalization, adjust the vertical position of trace on the screen by adjusting the reference level value.

5.11.4 [Position]

After enabling normalization, adjust the vertical position of normalized reference level on the screen by adjusting the reference position.

Note:

- It is similar to the function realized by normalized reference level, which is at the bottom of the screen grid when it is 0% or at the top of the screen grid when it is 100%.
- The parameter can be changed via numeric buttons, knob, or direction buttons.

5.11.5 [Do Normalize]

This soft menu is used to track the user's field calibration of the source network measurements. After connecting the instrument's RF output to the RF input, press the "normalized" soft menu and the display shows a straight line on the 0dB scale.

Note: Disable normalization before the operation above.

5.11.6 [Normalize On Off]

This soft-menu is used to turn normalization on or off after executing normalization.

5.12 【Mode】

Select the operating mode of spectrum analyzer from [spectrum analysis], [audio demodulation>] and [demodulation analysis>] to enter demodulation setting. This spectrometer supports audio demodulation and AM/FM analog demodulation. The functions of menus and buttons differ under different modes.

5.12.1[Spectrum]

Enter the operation mode of spectrum analysis..

5.12.2 [Demod>]

Enter audio demodulation mode to select AM or FM analog demodulation mode.

5.12.2.1 [AM]

[Volume]

Adjust the output volume of loudspeaker after enabling AM demodulation.

[Center frequency]

Set the center frequency of AM demodulation mode.

5.12.2.2 [FM]

[Volume]

Adjust the output volume of loudspeaker after enabling FM demodulation.

[Center frequency]

Set the center frequency of FM demodulation mode.

5.12.3 [Modulation>]

Enter the demodulation analysis soft menu, which includes two demodulation modes, i.e., AM and FM demodulations.

5.12.3.1 [AM>]

Enter AM demodulation soft menu.

1) [Carrier Freq]

Set the carrier frequency of the AM modulation signal.

2) [IF BW]

Set the demodulation bandwidth of the AM modulated signal.

3) [Setup>]

Set the time axis, depth axis and AF trigger of AM modulation.

a) [Time Axis>]

Set the time axis parameters.

- [Ref.Value]

Set the starting reference time on the time axis.

- [Position]

Set the reference position of the waveform on the time axis.

- [Scale/Div Auto Man]

Automatically or manually set the grid division scale.

- [Return]

Return to the previous menu.

b)[Depth Axis>]

Set the depth axis parameters.

- [Ref Depth]

Set the reference offset position as a vertical percentage.

- [Position]

Set the reference position of the waveform on the depth axis.

- [Scale/Div Auto Man]

Automatically or manually set the grid division scale.

- [Return]

Return to the previous menu.

c)[AF Trigger>]

Set the AF triggering conditions.

- [AF Trigger On Off]

5.Menu Interpretation

Set the AF trigger to be On or Off.

●[Edge Pos Neg]

Set the trigger to rising or falling edge.

●[Trigger Mode]

Set the triggering mode to single trigger or continuously trigger.

●[Trigger Level]

Set the trigger level as a percentage of the depth.

● [Trigger Delay]

Set the trigger delay time.

●[Return]

Return to the previous menu.

d)[Return]

Return to the previous menu.

4) [data Reset]

Set the maximum, minimum, and average data reset under the AM modulated signal.

5) [Return]

Return to the previous menu.

5.12.3.2 [FM >]

Enter FM demodulation soft menu.

1)[Carrier Freq]

Set the carrier frequency of the FM modulation signal.

2) [IF BW]

Set the demodulation bandwidth of the FM modulated signal.

3) [Setup>]

Set the time axis, depth axis and AF trigger of FM modulation.

a) [Time Axis>]

Set the time axis parameters.

- [Ref.Value]

Set the starting reference time on the time axis.

- [Position]

Set the reference position of the waveform on the time axis.

- [Scale/Div Auto Man]

Automatically or manually set the grid division scale.

- [Return]

Return to the previous menu.

b)[Depth Axis>]

Set the depth axis parameters.

- [Ref Depth]

Set the reference offset position as a vertical percentage.

- [Position]

Set the reference position of the waveform on the depth axis.

- [Scale/Div Auto Man]

Automatically or manually set the grid division scale.

- [Return]

Return to the previous menu.

c)[AF Trigger>]

Set the AF triggering conditions.

- [AF Trigger On Off]

Set the AF trigger to be On or Off.

- [Edge Pos Neg]

Set the trigger to rising or falling edge.

- [Trigger Mode]

Set the triggering mode to single trigger or continuously trigger.

●[Trigger Level]

Set the trigger level as a percentage of the depth.

● [Trigger Delay]

Set the trigger delay time.

●[Return]

Return to the previous menu.

d)[Return]

Return to the previous menu.

4) [data Reset]

Set the maximum, minimum, and average data reset under the FM modulated signal.

5) [Return]

Return to the previous menu.

5.13 【Peak】

Executes peak searching immediately and opens the Peak setting menu.

Key Points:

- If Max is selected from the Peak Search option, it will search and mark the maximum on the trace.
- The peak search of Next Peak, Peak Right, Peak Left or peaks in the peak table must meet the specified parameter condition.
- The spurious signal at the zero frequency caused by LO feed through is ignored.

5.13.1[Mkr→CF]

Used to move the peak point to the center frequency point.

5.13.2 [Peak→Peak]

Execute peak search and a min. search at the same time and mark

“difference pair” frequency standard. In particular, mark peak search result with the difference frequency standard and the min. search result with the reference frequency standard.

5.13.3[Next Peak]

Searches the peak whose amplitude is the closest to that of the current peak. The peak is then identified with a marker. When this key is pressed repeatedly, you can quickly find a lower peak.

5.13.4[Left Peak]

Searches the nearest peak located to the left side of the current peak and meets the current peak and peak thresholds condition. The peak is then identified with a marker.

5.13.5[Right Peak]

Searches the nearest peak located to the right side of the current peak and meets the current peak and peak thresholds condition. The peak is then identified with a marker.

5.13.6[Cont Peak On Off]

Set the peak search form, off by default. On mode will automatically search for the peak.

5.13.7[Peak Setup >]

Enter peak setup interface.

5.13.7.1 [Peak Excursion]

Set Peak Excursion.

5.13.7.2[Peak Mode Max Min]

Set the search under max. or min. value mode.

5.13.7.3[Sort Freq Ampt]

Set the sorting of peak value list by frequency or amplitude..

5.13.7.4[Peak List On Off]

Enable or disable peak list. If the peak value list is enabled, all the

frequency standard marks meeting the peak value requirements will be displayed on the trace according to sorting mode. All the frequency standard lists meeting the peak value requirements will be listed below with trace color.

5.13.7.5[Return]

Return to the previous menu.

5.14 【Marker】

The marker appears as a rhombic sign (shown below) for identifying the point on the trace. We can easily readout the parameters of the marked point on the trace, such as the amplitude, frequency and sweep time.

Key points:

- The analyzer allows for up to three groups of markers to be displayed at one time, but only one pair or one single marker is active every time.
- You can use the numeric keys, knob or direction keys to enter the desired frequency or time when any marker type menu is active, so as to view the readouts of different points on the trace.

5.14.1 [Marker 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8]

Switch frequency standards selected at present. Press this menu item to switch the frequency standards selected at present and display them with underline.

5.14.2 [Trace 1 2 3 4 5]

Display the trace serial number of the present frequency standard. Press this menu item to switch and modify the trace that the present frequency standard belongs to, such as modifying frequency standard 1 to the frequency standard of trace 2.

5.14.3 [Normal]

One of the marker types, which is used to measure the values of X (Frequency or Time) or Y (Amplitude) at certain point of the trace. When selected, a marker will appear with its own digital ID such as "1" on the trace.

Key points:

- If no active marker exists currently, a one will be enabled automatically at the center frequency of current trace.
- You can use the knob, direction keys or numeric keys to move the marker. The readouts of the marker will be displayed on the upper right of the screen.
- The readout resolution of the X-axis corresponds to the span and sweep points. For higher resolution, add sweep points or reduce the span.

5.14.4 [Delta]

One of the marker types, which is used to measure the delta values of X (Frequency or Time) and Y (Amplitude) between the Reference point and certain point on the trace. When selected, a pair of markers appears on the trace, which are the Reference Marker and the Delta Marker. Will be in the active area and the display area of the upper right corner, showing the amplitude delta value between the two markers and frequency difference. If a single marker already exists, [Delta] will place a static marker and an active marker to the original position and a single marker position. Use the knob, step key, or number keys to move the marker. If there are two markers, press [Delta] directly. However, if [Delta] has been activated, press [Delta] to place the still frequency scale to the active marker. The displayed amplitude difference is expressed in dB, or is the linear unit in terms of the corresponding scale.

Key points:

- The Reference Marker will be activated at the position of current marker, or else both the reference marker and Delta Marker will be simultaneously activated at the center frequency location if no marker is active at the present.
- The location of the Reference Marker is always fixed (both in the X-axis and the Y-axis), while the Delta Marker is active. You can use the numeric keys, knob or direction keys to change the location of Delta Marker.

5.Menu Interpretation

- The delta of both the Frequency/Time and the amplitude between the two markers are displayed at the upper right of the screen.
- Two ways to enable a certain point as the reference:
 - a) Open a "Normal" marker and locate it onto a point and then switch the marker type into "Delta", creating a new reference, then you can modify the location of the delta point to achieve the delta measurement.
 - b) Open a Delta Marker and place it onto a point, then reselect the Delta menu to locate the marker you opened onto this points, then you can modify the location of the delta point to achieve the delta measurement.

5.14.5 [Off]

The marker information displayed on the screen and functions based on the marker will be turned off and won't show up again.

5.14.6 [All Off]

Turns off all the opened markers and the related functions. The marker won't show again.

5.14.7 [Marker Table On Off]

Turns on or off the display of all marker table.

5.15 【Marker→】

A soft menu associated with the marker function is popped out for setting the other system parameters (such as Center frequency, Reference level) by current marker readings. These menus relate to the frequency of the spectrum analyzer, whether the sweep width and marker are in normal or delta marker mode.

5.15.1 [Mkr->CF]

Sets the center frequency of the analyzer based on the frequency

of the current marker. This feature quickly moves the signal to the center of the screen.

- If Normal is selected, the center frequency will be set to the frequency of the current marker.
- If Delta Marker is selected, the center frequency will be set to the frequency at which the Delta Marker is located.
- The function is invalid in Zero span mode.

5.15.2 [Mkr->CF Step]

Sets the center frequency step of the analyzer based on the frequency of the current marker.

- If Normal is selected, the center frequency step will be set to the frequency of current marker.
- If Delta Marker is selected, this function is invalid.
- The function is invalid in Zero span mode.

5.15.3 [Mkr->Start]

Sets the start frequency of the analyzer based on the frequency of the current marker.

- If Normal is selected, the start frequency will be set to the frequency of the current marker.
- If Delta Marker is selected, this function is invalid.
- The function is invalid in Zero span mode.

5.15.4 [Mkr->Stop]

Sets the stop frequency of the analyzer based on the frequency of the current marker.

- If Normal is selected, the stop frequency will be set to the frequency of the current marker.
- If Delta Marker is selected, this function is invalid.
- The function is invalid in Zero span mode.

5.15.5 [Mkr->Ref Level]

Sets the reference level of the analyzer based on the amplitude of the current marker.

- If Normal is selected, the reference level will be set to the amplitude of the current marker.

- If Delta Marker is selected, this function is invalid.

5.15.6 [Mkr Δ ->Span]

Changes the span of the analyzer to the frequency difference between the two markers.

5.15.7 [Mkr Δ ->CF]

Set the center frequency of spectrometer to make it equal to the frequency standard difference.

5.16 【Marker Fctn】 Marker Function

Executes specific marker soft menu.

5.16.1 [Function Off]

Turn off marker measurement function.

5.16.2 [NdB On Off]

Enables the N dB BW measurement or sets the value of N. The N dB BW denotes the frequency difference between points that are located on both sides of the current marker while the amplitude falls off ($N < 0$) or rises ($N > 0$) N dB separately,

Key points:

- When the measurement starts, the analyzer will search the two points which are located at both sides of the current point and are N dB amplitudes smaller or greater than the current point, and display the frequency difference between the two points.
- You can use the numeric keys, knob or direction keys to modify the value of N, 3 at default.

5.16.3 [Marker Noise On Off]

Turn on or off the frequency noise function. The function of marking noise is applied to the selected cursor, and then the noise Power

Spectral Density at the cursor is read. When turned on, the average noise level read at the frequency scale is normalized to 1 Hz bandwidth for noise power.

5.16.4 [Freq Count>]

Activate the frequency counter function and display the count results in the upper right corner of the screen. The counter counts only the signals that are displayed on the screen. The frequency count also pops up an additional counter function for the soft menu, including [Freq Count On Off].

1) [Freq Count On Off]

Turn on or off the frequency counter mode. This function is invalid when the trace signal generator is activated. The count value is displayed in the upper right corner of the screen.

2) [Resolution]

Counter resolution is divided into 1 kHz, 100 Hz, 10 Hz, 1Hz. Changing the counter resolution can change the counter accuracy. The higher the resolution, the higher the counting accuracy.

3) [Return]

Return to the previous menu.

5.17 【Meas】 Measurement

Provide a variety of advanced measurement functions, pop-up spectrum analyzer built-in and user-defined measurement function soft menu, turn on or off the time spectrum, adjacent channel power measurement, channel power measurement, occupied bandwidth, Pass-Fail measurement menu.

5.17.1 [Measure off]

You can directly close the currently running measurement function,

you can also choose to close the measurement menu.

5.17.2 [Time Spec On Off]

Turn on time spectrum measure mode.

5.17.3 [ACPR On Off]

Turn on or off the adjacent channel power measurement. Press **【Meas Setup】** to pop up the parameters of the adjacent channel power measurement soft menu. The adjacent channel power is used to measure the ratio of the adjacent channel power of the transmitter. The absolute value of the main channel power and the absolute value of the adjacent channel power are obtained by the linear power integration method, so that the adjacent channel power ratio is gained.

5.17.4 [Chanel Power On Off]

Turn on or off channel power measurements. Press **【Meas Setup】** to pop up the channel power measurement parameter settings soft menu. The channel power is used to measure the transmitter channel power, according to the user set the channel bandwidth, through the linear power integration method to obtain the absolute value of the main channel power.

5.17.5 [OBW On Off]

Turn on or off the occupied bandwidth measurement. Press **【Meas Setup】** to pop up the parameter setting soft menu for occupying the bandwidth measurement. Occupied Bandwidth is a measure of the bandwidth occupied by the transmitter signal can be measured from the total power ratio within the in-band power span, with a default value of 99% (the user can set this value).

5.17.6 [Pass-Fail▶]

Enter the pass / fail measurement function soft menu. Pass / fail measurement has two modes of window measurement and area

measurement.

5.17.6.1 [Window Meas▶]

Enter Window measurement soft menu.

1) [Window Meas On Off]

Turn on or off window measurement mode.

2) [Limit Line On Off]

Turns the amplitude line on or off, and the amplitude line turns on when the window measurement is on.

3) [Freq Line On Off]

Turns the frequency line on or off, and the frequency line turns on when the window measurement is on.

4) [Limit Set Up Low]

Used to edit the upper and lower limit on the amplitude line.

5) [Freq Set Start Stop]

Start and stop frequencies for scanning line for editing.

6) [Window Sweep On Off]

Turns window sweep on or off. When the window sweep is on, only the window formed by the intersection of the amplitude line and the frequency line is scanned. The peripheral stops scanning; the full frequency is scanned when it is closed.

7) [Return]

Return to the previous menu.

5.17.6.2 [Limit Meas▶]

Enter limit measurement soft menu.

1) [Limit Meas On Off]

Turn on or off limit measurement mode.

2) [Line Up On Off]

When the upper limit line is turned on or off, the upper limit line is opened by default when the area measurement is on.

3) [Line Low On Off]

5.Menu Interpretation

When the lower limit line is turned on or off, the lower limit line is opened by default when the area measurement is on.

4) [Shift X/Y Freq Ampt]

Frequency: For the actual measurement, the edited area as a whole superimposed on a frequency, so that it can implement left or right shift, easy to measure. Does not affect the frequency and marker of the spectrum analyzer settings.

Amplitude: The region has been edited on the whole superimposed on a degree, so that it can move up or down, easy to measure. Does not affect the amplitude setting of the spectrum analyzer.

5) [UpLine Edit▶]

Upper line editing is used to edit the control line above the trace, depending on the trace.

6) [LowLine Edit▶]

Lower line editing is used to edit the control line above the trace, depending on the trace.

7) [Return]
Return to the previous menu.

5.18 【Meas Setup】

Measurement setting menu for the corresponding measurement parameter settings when adjacent channel power, channel power, occupied bandwidth measurement mode is turned on.

5.18.1 [Channel BW]

Set the bandwidth of the channel power measurement, and set the total display power percentage of bandwidth.

5.18.2 [Channel Interval]

Set the center frequency difference of the primary channel to the

adjacent channel.

5.18.3 [Channel Num]

Set the number of upper and lower adjacent channels measured by adjacent channel power.

5.18.4 [Power Percent]

Set the power ratio of occupied bandwidth.

5.19 【System】

A soft menu for system parameter settings pops up. Including [System >], [Setting >], [Power On / Preset >]. For first time you use the spectrum analyzer, set the date and time, the system will store the settings, restart the machine after power off won't change the settings.

5.19.1 [System>]

Soft menus of system information, which includes [System Info], [Firmware Update], [Option >]

5.19.1.1[System Info]

Press to display system information.

5.19.1.2 [Firmware Update]

1. Create a folder named "spectrum" (lowercase) on the root directory of the USB memory device, and copy the firmware file onto this folder.
2. Insert the USB memory device into the front-panel USB connector on your instrument. Press 【System】 key on the front panel, press [System ►], and press [Firmware Update] to execute firmware update.

3. The analyzer will perform the update process. The upgrade procedure will take approximately 30 seconds. During the update process, do not remove the USB memory device, do not power off the instrument or press any key. If the update process fails, please report the problem to your distributor or our technical support.
4. Once the upgrade is completed, the instrument will automatically restart

5.19.1.3[Option >]

Enter option TG ,EMI or touch screen function configuration.

5.19.1.4[Return]

Return to the previous menu.

5.19.2 [Setting >]

A soft menu for setting the interface address of the spectrum analyzer, including [Network ►]. The spectrum analyzer supports VGA, LAN and USB interface communication.

5.19.2.1[LAN >]

Pop out the relative menu for network configuring.

1) [IP]

Used to set the IP address of the LAN port.

2) [Mask]

Set the subnet mask parameter.

3) [Gate]

Set default gateway address.

4) [DHCP On Off]

One of the setting methods of IP address. The DHCP server assigns an IP address, subnet mask and gateway to the analyzer on the basis of the current network status.

5.19.2.2 [TouchControl On Off]

Enable or disable the touch screen control of the spectrometer.

5.19.2.3[Shutdown On Off]

Enable or disable the automatic shutdown time of the spectrometer.

When the spectrometer is idle, execute automatic shutdown according to the time parameters set.

5.19.2.4[Language>]

To set the system language.

5.19.2.5 [Date/Time>]

Used to set the device date, time, and their format.

- [Date/Time On Off]
Turn on or off Date/Time display.
- [Date Set]
Set the display date for spectrum analyzer. Format is YYYY.MM.DD. E.g. June 22th,2012 should display as 2012.06.22.
- [Time Set]
Set the display time for spectrum analyzer. Format is HH.MM.SS. E.g. 16:55:30 should display as 16.55.30.
- [Return]
Return to the previous menu.

5.19.3 [PowerOn/Preset>]

Used to set the analyzer power on parameters or reset parameters.

5.19.3.1 [Power Set>]

Power-on parameter settings include [Factory] and [User].

5.19.3.2 [Preset>]

Power-on parameter settings include [Factory] and [User].

5.Menu Interpretation

Note: To save the current system configuration as a user-defined configuration, press the [Save/Recall] panel key and select the [User Status] menu item.

Table 10-2 [Factory] Settings

Parameter	Value	
Frequency		
Center Frequency	1.5G	750.000000MHz
	3.2G	1.600000000GHz
	3.6G	1.800000000GHz
	7.5G	3.750000000GHz
Start Frequency	9.000 kHz	
Stop Frequency	1.5G	1.500000000GHz
	3.2G	3.200000000GHz
	3.6G	3.600000000GHz
	7.5G	7.500000000GHz
Frequency Step	1.5G	Auto 150.000000MHz
	3.2G	Auto 320.000000MHz
	3.6G	Auto 360.000000MHz
	7.5G	Auto 750.000000 MHz
Frequency Offset	0 Hz	
Frequency Reference	Internal	
Scale Type	LIN	
SPAN		
Sweep	1.5G	1.500000000GHz
	3.2G	3.200000000GHz
	3.6G	3.600000000GHz
	7.5G	7.500000000GHz
AMPTD		
Reference Level	0.00 dBm	
Attenuator	Auto 10 dB	
Scale/div	10.00 dB	
Scale Type	LOG	
Reference Offset	0.00 dB	

5.Menu Interpretation

Unit	dBm
Preamp	Off
BW	
Resolution Bandwidth	Auto 1 MHz
Video Bandwidth	Auto 1 MHz
Trace Average	Off
Detector	
Trace	1
Detect Type	Pos Peak
Sweep	
Sweep Time	Auto 202.972 ms
Sweep Term	Continuous Sweep
Source	
Tracking Source	Off
Network Meas	Off
Trace	
Trace	1
Trace Type	Clear Write
Trace 1 Math	1<- ->2
Trig	
Trigger Type	Auto
Mode	
Spectrum	
Peak	
Peak Search	Off
Peak Excursion	10.00dB
Peak Mode	Max
Sort	Amplitude
Peak List	Off
Marker Fctn	
NdB	Off
Marker Noise	Off
Frequency Count	Off
Marker	
Marker	1
Trace	1

5.Menu Interpretation

Marker List	Off
Meas	
Time Spectrum	Off
Adjacent Power	Off
Channel Power	Off
Occupied Bandwidth	Off
pass-fail	Off
Meas Setup	
Channel Bandwidth	1.000000 MHz
Channel Gap	2.000000 MHz
Adjacent Number	3
Occupied Bandwidth	0.99

5.20 【File】

Pop up file management soft menu.

5.20.1 [Storage Int Ext]

Select file storage location: Internal or external.

5.20.2 [Type >]

To check file type under directory, Screens, trace data ,User States, Limit Line and All.

5.20.3 [First Page]

Display first page of current directory.

5.20.4 [Prev Page]

Display Previous page.

5.20.5 [Next Page]

Display next page.

5.20.6 [Last Page]

Display last page of current directory.

5.20.7 [Operations>]

Enter file operation soft menu, including [Sort>], [Delete>], [Export>], [Load], [Set as Power On], [Set as Preset].

5.21 【Preset】

Press the [Preset] key on the front panel to restore the factory default settings or user-defined settings with one key. By default, the factory default settings are restored with the [Preset] key.

5.22 【Help】

Spectrum analyzer help menu, press this key once to open the system help, press any key to display the help content, and press this key again to close the help function.

5.23 【Save/Recall】

Save, recall or set to quickly save screenshot, trace data, or user state.

5.23.1 【Save>】

It's available to save screenshot, trace data, or user state.

5.23.1.1 [Screen Pixmap>]

Enter screenshot save soft menu, you can choose to save screenshots to local or flash memory, the image file format is bmp, the lower left corner of the screen status display bar will display the saved screenshots information.

5.23.1.2 [Trace Data>]

Enter the trace data save soft menu, you can choose to save the

trace data to the local or flash memory, trace data file format is csv, the bottom left corner of the screen status display trace data saving information.

5.23.1.3 [User State]

Save the current system configuration as a user self-defined configuration. Save it in local. The information on saving the user status will display in the status bar of the bottom left corner of the screen.

5.23.1.4[Limit Line]

Save the limit line file at local site. The format of limit line file is sp. A progress display box (pop-up window) in the middle of the screen will display relevant information about saved limit lines.

5.23.2 [Recall>]

Recall screenshot, trace data, user state or all related information.

5.23.2.1 [Type>]

Select to recall screenshot, trace data, user state or all file types to the local. The screenshot file format is bmp, the trace data file format is csv, and the user state file format is user. The progress box displayed in the middle of the screen will display load successfully and other related information.

5.23.2.2 [Sort>]

Select screenshot, trace data, user state or all files to view related information in the required order of name, time, or size.

5.23.2.3 [First Page]

Display the first page of the current directory.

5.23.2.4 [Prev Page]

Display the previous page.

5.23.2.5 [Next Page]

Display the next page.

5.23.2.6 [Load>]

Load the relevant information of the selected file.

5.23.2.7 [Return]

Return to the previous menu.

5.23.3 [Quick Save Set>]

Set the file type for quick save as screenshot, trace data or user state.

5.23.3.1 [Screen Pixmap]

Set the file type for quick save as screenshot.

5.23.3.2 [Trace Data]

Set the file type for quick save as trace data.

5.23.3.3 [User State]

Set the file type for quick save as user state.

5.23.3.3[Limit Line]

Set the file type for quick save as user state.

5.24 【Quick/Save】

Shortcut key for saving screenshots, trace data or user state. The type of file is set in the [**Save Setup>**] menu of the [**Save/Recall**] key. Generally, you can select the file save type as screenshots, trace data or user state, and save it to the internal memory or an external U disk (if inserted).

6. Specification

This chapter lists the technical specifications and general technical specifications of the spectrum analyzer. Unless otherwise stated, the technical specifications apply to the following conditions:

- The instrument has been preheated for 30 minutes before use.
- The instrument is in the calibration cycle and has been self-calibrated.

"Typical" and "nominal" for this product are defined as follows

- Typical: Refers to the performance of the product under certain conditions.
- Nominal: Refers to the approximate value under product application process.

Frequency		
Frequency Range	XSA1015P (TG)	9.000 kHz to 1.500000000 GHz
	XSA1032P (TG)	9.000 kHz to 3.200000000 GHz
	XSA1036P (TG)	9.000 kHz to 3.600000000 GHz
	XSA1075P (TG)	9.000 kHz to 7.500000000 GHz
Frequency Resolution	1 Hz	
Internal Reference Frequency		
Reference Frequency	10 MHz	
Reference Frequency Accuracy	\pm (days since last calibrate \times freq aging rate) + temperature stability + initial accuracy]	
Initial calibration accuracy	<1 ppm	
Temperature stability	0°C to 50°C, reference to 25°C < 0.5 ppm	
Aging rate	<1 ppm/year	
Frequency Readout Accuracy		

6.Specification

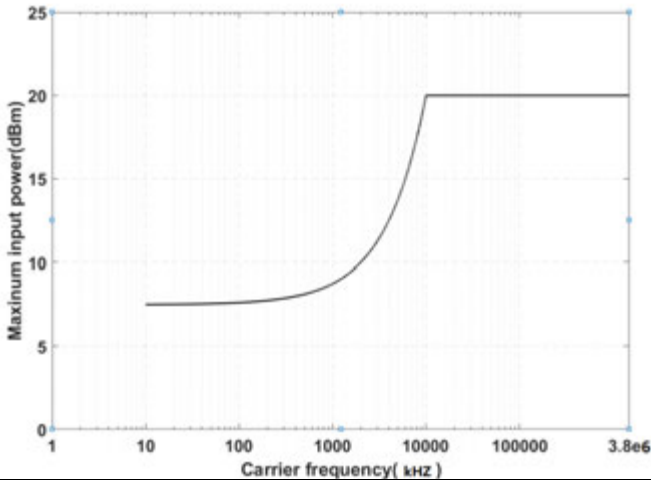
Marker frequency resolution	span / (number of sweep points - 1)	
Marker frequency uncertainty	$\pm(\text{frequency indication} \times \text{reference frequency accuracy} + 1\% \times \text{span} + 10\% \times \text{resolution bandwidth} + \text{marker frequency resolution})$	
Frequency Counter		
Resolution	1 Hz, 10 Hz, 100 Hz, 1 kHz	
Uncertainty	$\pm(\text{frequency indication} \times \text{reference frequency accuracy} + \text{counter resolution})$	
Frequency Span		
Range	0 Hz, 100 Hz to maximum frequency of instrument	
Uncertainty	$\pm \text{span} / (\text{number of sweep points} - 1)$	
SSB Phase Noise (20°C to 30°C,fc=1 GHz)		
Carrier Offset	10 kHz	< -106 dBc/Hz (typical)
	100 kHz	< -104 dBc/Hz (typical)
	1 MHz	< -115dBc/Hz (typical)
<p style="text-align: center;">Measured phase noise@10kHz</p>		

6.Specification

Residual FM (20°C to 30°C, RBW = VBW = 1 kHz)		
Residual FM	< 50 Hz (nominal)	
Bandwidth		
Resolution Bandwidth(-3dB)	1 Hz to 1 MHz (1-3-5-10 steps by sequence)	
RBW accuracy	< 5%, typical	
Resolution Filter Shape Factor (60 dB : 3 dB)	< 5 typical	
Video Bandwidth (-3 dB)	10 Hz to 3 MHz(1-3-5-10 steps by sequence)	
Resolution bandwidth (-6 dB) (EMI)	200 Hz, 9 kHz, 120 kHz, 1 MHz	
Amplitude		
Amplitude measurement range	XSA1015P (TG)	DANL to +10 dBm, 100 kHz to 10MHz, Preamp Off DANL to +20 dBm, 10 MHz to 1.5 GHz, Preamp Off
	XSA1032P (TG)	DANL to +10 dBm, 100 kHz to 10MHz, Preamp Off DANL to +20 dBm, 10 MHz to 3.2 GHz, Preamp Off
	XSA1036P (TG)	DANL to +10 dBm, 100 kHz to 10MHz, Preamp Off DANL to +20 dBm, 10 MHz to 3.6 GHz, Preamp Off
	XSA1075P (TG)	DANL to +10 dBm, 100 kHz to 10MHz, Preamp Off DANL to +20 dBm, 10 MHz to 7.5 GHz, Preamp Off
Max Input Level		
Input DC Voltage	50 V	
Continuous power	Attenuator =40dB +20dBm (100 mW)	

6. Specification

Max. damage level	+30 dBm (1 W)
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Display Average Noise Level
(attenuation = 0 dB, RBW = VBW = 100 Hz, sample detector, trace average ≥ 50 , 20°C to 30°C, input impedance = 50 Ω)

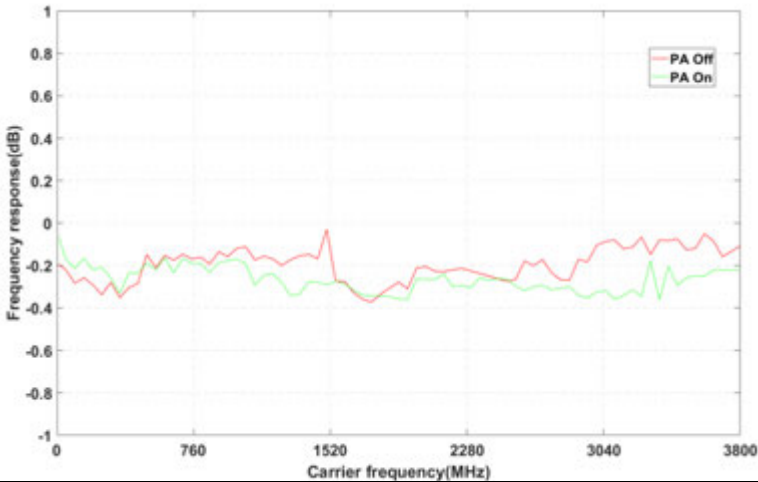
Preamp Off	XSA1015P (TG)	9 kHz to 1 MHz	-95 dBm (Typical), <-88 dBm
		1 MHz to 500 MHz	-140 dBm (Typical), <-130dBm
		500 MHz to 1.5 GHz	-138 dBm (Typical), <-128dBm
	XSA1032P (TG)	9 kHz to 1 MHz	-95 dBm (Typical), <-88 dBm
		1 MHz to 500 MHz	-140 dBm (Typical), <-130dBm
		500 MHz to 3.2 GHz	-138 dBm (Typical), <-128dBm
	XSA1036P (TG)	9 kHz to 1 MHz	-95 dBm (Typical), <-88 dBm
		1 MHz to 500 MHz	-140 dBm (Typical), <-130dBm
		500 MHz to 3.6 GHz	-138 dBm (Typical), <-128dBm
	XSA1075P (TG)	9 kHz to 1 MHz	-95 dBm (Typical), <-88 dBm
1 MHz to 500 MHz		-140 dBm (Typical),	

6. Specification

			<-130dBm
		500 MHz to 3.6 GHz	-138 dBm (Typical), <-128dBm
		3.6 GHz to 6 GHz	-134 dBm (Typical), <-124dBm
		6 GHz to 7.5 GHz	-129 dBm (Typical), <-119dBm
Preamp On	XSA1015P (TG)	100 kHz to 1 MHz	-135 dBm (Typical), <-128 dBm
		1 MHz to 500 MHz	-160 dBm (Typical), <-150 dBm
		500 MHz to 1.5 GHz	-158 dBm (Typical), <-148 dBm
	XSA1032P (TG)	100 kHz to 1 MHz	-135 dBm (Typical), <-128 dBm
		1 MHz to 500 MHz	-160 dBm (Typical), <-150 dBm
		500 MHz to 3.2 GHz	-158 dBm (Typical), <-148 dBm
	XSA1036P (TG)	100 kHz to 1 MHz	-135 dBm (Typical), <-128 dBm
		1 MHz to 500 MHz	-160 dBm (Typical), <-150 dBm
		500 MHz to 3.6 GHz	-158 dBm (Typical), <-148 dBm
	XSA1075P (TG)	100 kHz to 1 MHz	-135 dBm (Typical), <-128 dBm
		1 MHz to 500 MHz	-160 dBm (Typical), <-150 dBm
		500 MHz to 3.6 GHz	-158 dBm (Typical), <-148 dBm
		3.6 GHz to 6 GHz	-154 dBm (Typical), <-144 dBm
		6 GHz to 7.5 GHz	-149 dBm (Typical), <-139 dBm
	Level Display		
Logarithmic level axis		0.01 dB to 1000 dB	
Linear level axis		0 to reference level	
Number of display		801	

6.Specification

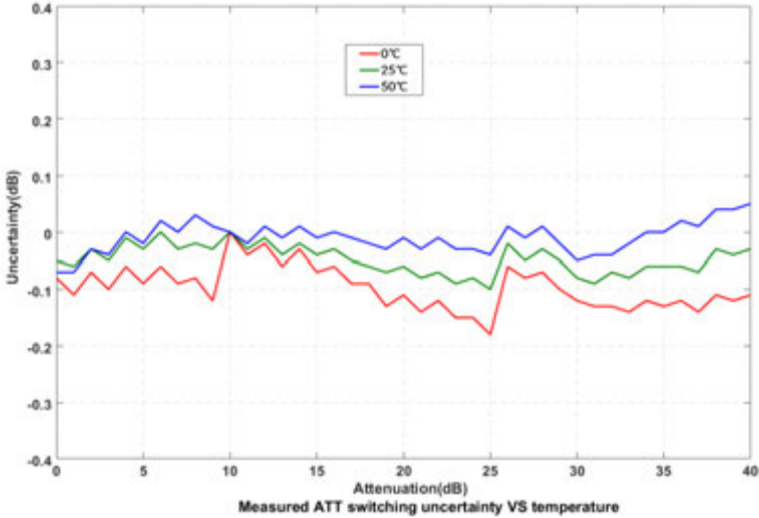
points	
Number of traces	8
Trace detectors	positive-peak, negative-peak, normal, sample, RMS, voltage average
	quasi-peak
Trace functions	clear write, max hold, min hold, average, view, blank, trace math
Units of level axis	dBm, dBμW, dBpW, dBmV, dBμV, W, V
Frequency response (20°C to 30°C, input attenuation=10 dB, reference frequency=50 MHz)	
Preamp Off ($f_c \geq 9K$)	± 0.7 dB
Preamp On ($f_c \geq 50$ MHz)	± 1.0 dB



Input Attenuation Switching Uncertainty

Setting range	0 dB to 40 dB, in 1 dB step
Switching uncertainty	$f_c = 50$ MHz, relative to 10 dB, 20°C to 30°C
	< 0.5 dB

6. Specification



Absolute Amplitude Uncertainty

Uncertainty	fc = 50 MHz, peak detector, preamplifier off, attenuation = 10 dB, input signal level = -10dBm, 20°C to 30°C
	<0.4 dB

RBW Switching Uncertainty

Uncertainty	relative to 10 kHz RBW
	<0.1 dB

Reference Level

Range	-80 dBm to +30 dBm, in 1 dB step
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Resolution	log scale	0.01 dB
	linear scale	4 digits

Preamplifier input signal range 0 dBm to -50 dBm

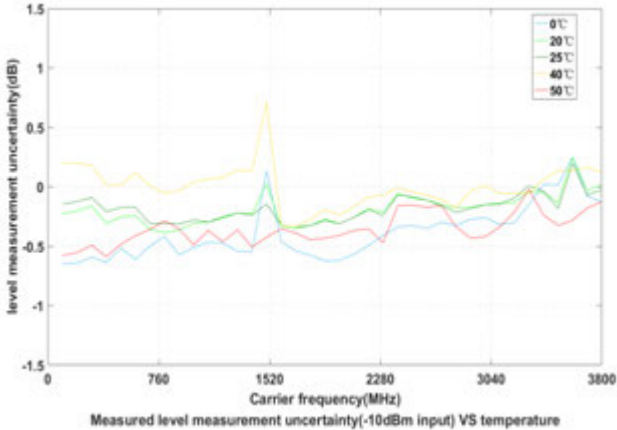
Gain	XSA1015P(TG)	100 kHz to 1.5 GHz	20 dB (nominal)
	XSA1032P(TG)	100 kHz to 3.2 GHz	
	XSA1036P(TG)	100 kHz to 3.6 GHz	
	XSA1075P(TG)	100 kHz to 7.5 GHz	

6. Specification

Level Measurement Uncertainty (95% confidence level, S/N > 20 dB, RBW = VBW = 1 kHz, preamplifier off, attenuation = 10 dB, -50 dBm < input level ≤ 0 dBm, fc > 10 MHz, 20°C to 30°C)

Level Measurement
Uncertainty

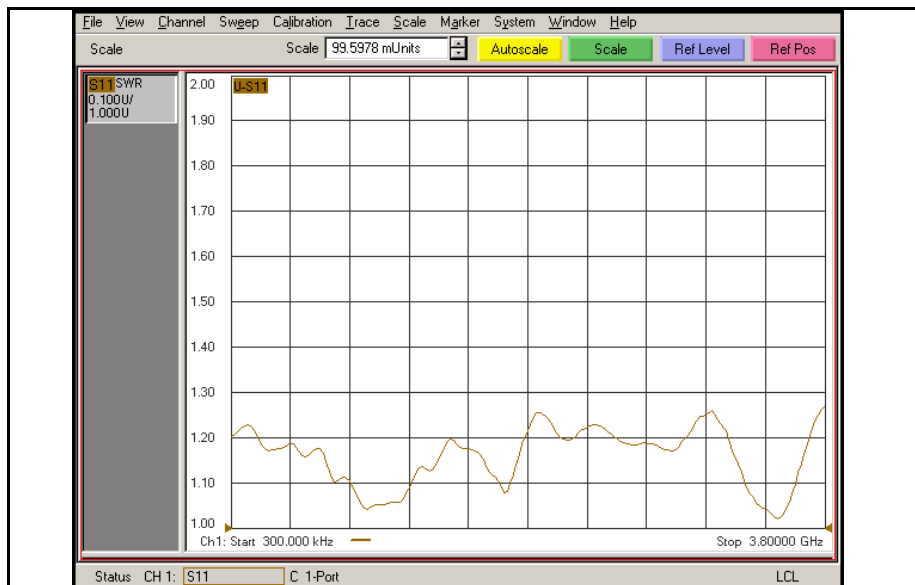
<0.7 dB



RF Input VSWR (attenuation ≥ 10 dB)

VSWR	XSA1015P (TG)	300 kHz to 1.5 GHz	< 1.8 (nominal)
	XSA1032P (TG)	300 kHz to 3.2 GHz	
	XSA1036P (TG)	300 kHz to 3.6 GHz	
	XSA1075P (TG)	300 kHz to 7.5 GHz	

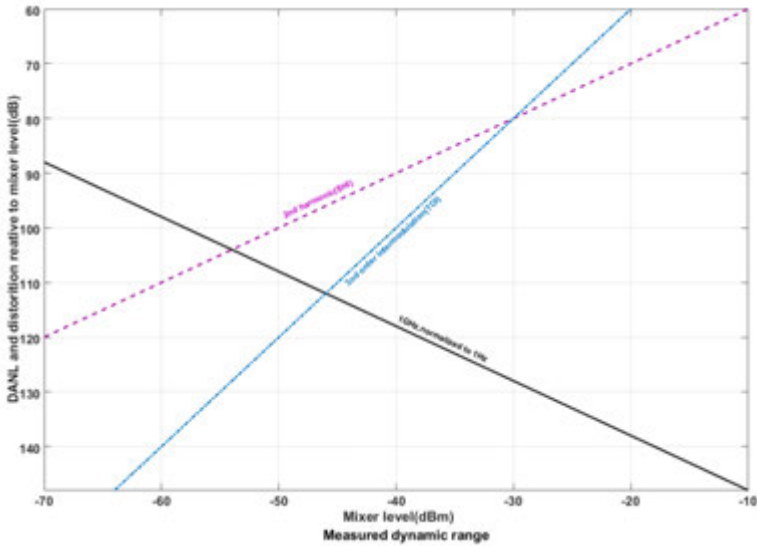
6.Specification



Distortion

Second harmonic distortion	$f_c \geq 50$ MHz, Preamp off, signal input -20 dBm, attenuation = 10 dB
	> +45 dBc
Third-order intermodulation	$f_c \geq 50$ MHz, two -20 dBm tones at input mixer spaced by 200 kHz, attenuation = 0 dB
	> +14 dBm
1 dB Gain Compression	
1dB compression of input mixer (P1dB)	$f_c \geq 50$ MHz, 0 dB RF attenuation
	> -2 dBm, nominal

6.Specification



Spurious Response

Residual response	connect 50 Ω load at input port, 0 dB input attenuation, 20 °C to 30 °C
	<-90 dBm, typical
Intermediate frequency	< -60 dBc
System related sidebands	referenced to local oscillators, referenced to A/D conversion, referenced to subharmonic of first LO, referenced to harmonic of first LO
	< -60 dBc
Input related spurious	-30 dBm signal at input mixer
	<-80 dBc

Sweep

Sweep Time	Span ≥ 10 Hz	10 ms to 3000 s
	Zero Span	33.33 us to 3000 s
Sweep time uncertainty	span ≥ 100 Hz: 5% (nominal) zero span (sweep time setting value > 1 ms): 5% (nominal)	
Sweep Mode	Continuous, Single	

Trigger

6. Specification

Trigger source	free run, video, external	
External trigger level	5 V TTL level	
Tracking Generator (Option)		
Tracking Generator Output		
Frequency Range	XSA1015P (TG)	100 kHz to 1.5 GHz
	XSA1032P (TG)	100 kHz to 3.2 GHz
	XSA1036P (TG)	100 kHz to 3.6 GHz
	XSA1075P (TG)	100 kHz to 7.5 GHz
Output power level range	-40 dBm to 0 dBm	
Output power level resolution	1 dB	
Output flatness	relative to 50 MHz ±3 dB(nominal)	
Tracking generator spurious	Harmonic spurious	-20 dBc (Tracking generator output power = -10 dBm)
	Non-harmonic spurious	-20 dBc(Tracking generator output power = -10 dBm)
Tracking generator to input terminal isolation	-60 dB (Tracking generator output power = 0 dBm)	

Input/Output	
RF Input	
Impedance	50 Ω, typical
Connector	N Type Female
Tracking generator output	
Impedance	50 Ω, typical
Connector	N Type Female

6.Specification

Internal reference	
frequency	10 MHz
output level	+3 dBm to +10 dBm, +8 dBm (typical)
Impedance	50 Ω , typical
Connector	BNC female
External reference	
frequency	10 MHz \pm 5 ppm
output level	0 dBm to + 10 dBm
Impedance	50 Ω , typical
Connector	BNC female
External Trigger Input	
Impedance	1 k Ω typical
Connector	BNC female
Audio interface	
Impedance	30 Ω , typical
Connector	3.5 mm
USB Host	
Connector	A Plug
Protocol	USB version 2.0
USB Device	
Connector	B Plug
Protocol	version 2.0
HDMI	
Connector	A Plug
Protocol	version 1.4
LAN	
10/100Base, RJ-45	
Display	
Type	TFT LCD
Resolution	1024*768
Size	10.4 inches

6.Specification

Color	65536
Mass Memory	
Mass memory	Flash disk (internal storage 256 MByte), USB storage device (not supplied)
Power Supply	
Input voltage range, AC	100 V to 240 V
AC supply frequency	50 Hz to 60 Hz
Power consumption	28 W (nominal)
Temperature	
Operating Temperature	0 °C to 50 °C
Storage Temperature	-20 °C to 70 °C
Humidity	
0°C to 30°C	≤ 95% relative humidity
30°C to 40°C	≤ 75% relative humidity
Altitude	
operating height	up to 3,000m
Appearance	
Dimensions	375 mm (Width)×185 mm (Height)×120 mm (Depth)
Weight	Approx. 5.0 kg (without package)
Calibration interval time	
Calibration interval is recommended	18 months

7. Warranty

7.1 Troubleshooting

Typical issues that may occur when using your spectrum analyzer:

- Power on malfunction
- No signal display
- Wrong measurement results or poor frequency or amplitude precision.

1. Power on malfunction

Power on malfunction can include a situation where the screen is still dark (no display) after switch on.

If the screen is still dark after power on, please check:

- 1) If the power supply has been connected correctly and if the power supply voltage range is within the specification.
- 2) If the power switch has been turned on.
- 3) If the fan is running, please contact us for service.

2. No signal display

If there is no signal display at any wave band. Please try the following: set a signal generator at 30 MHz frequency and -20 dBm power and connect it to the spectrum analyzer RF input connector. If there is still no signal display, there may be a problem with the spectrum analyzer hardware circuit. Please contact us for service.

3. Wrong measurement results or poor signal frequency precision

If the display contents shakes a lot or the frequency readout exceeds the error range during measurements, check if the signal source is stable. If so, check if spectrum analyzer reference is precise. Select internal or external frequency reference according to measurement conditions: press **【FREQ】**→[frequency reference Internal External]. If the frequency is still not precise, then the spectrum analyzer LO has lost its phase lock, please contact us for service.

4. Wrong measurement results or poor readout amplitude precision

If signal amplitude readout is not precise, perform a calibration. If amplitude readout is still not precise, then it may be a problem with internal circuit, please contact us for service.

7.2 Spectrum Analyzer Repair

When it is difficult to solve your spectrum analyzer's problem, you can contact us by phone or fax. When it's confirmed that the instrument is damaged and need return to repair, you need to wrap the spectrum with the original packaging material and the packing box, follow the steps below to package:

- 1) Write a detailed description of the malfunction of the spectrum analyzer, put it in the box together with the spectrum analyzer.
- 2) Put the instrument in a dustproof / antistatic plastic bag to reduce possible damage.
- 3) Place pads in four corners of mother packaging carton, then put the instrument into the mother carton.
- 4) Seal the carton with tape and tighten it with nylon tape.
- 5) Mark the carton with words of "Fragile! Do not touch! Carefully".
- 6) Ship by type of precise instruments.
- 7) Keep all the copies of shipping sheets.



CAUTION

The use of other materials to package the spectrum analyzer may damage the instrument. Do not use polystyrene pellets as packaging materials, they can not adequately fit the instrument, and can be sucked into fan by the generated electrostatic, causing the spectrum analyzer damage.

8. Appendix

Appendix A: Enclosure

(The accessories subject to final delivery.)

Standard Accessories



Power Cord



Quick Guide



USB Cable



CD Rom

Options



N-N Cable



N-SMA
Cable



SMA-SMA
Cable



SMA Adaptor



N-SMA
Adaptor



Near Field Probe includes: Four near-field probes, N-SMA adapter, SMA-SMA cable
(Frequency range: 30 MHz – 3 GHz)

Appendix B: General Care and Cleaning

General Care

Do not store or leave the instrument where the liquid crystal display could be exposed to direct sunlight for long periods of time.

Caution: To avoid any damage to the instrument or probes, do not exposed it to any sprays, liquids, or solvents.

Cleaning

Inspect the instrument and probes as often as operating conditions

require.

To clean the instrument exterior, perform the following steps:

Wipe the dust from the instrument surface with a soft cloth. Take care not to scratch the transparent LCD protection screen when cleaning.



WARNING

Before re applying power, ensure that the instrument is completely dry, avoiding any electric shock or electrical short circuit resulting from moisture.

Appendix C: USB Disk Requirements

USB disk requirements:

Max capacity 4G, NTFS file system is not supported.

If the USB disk doesn't work properly, format your USB disk and then try again.

Appendix D: PC Software Requirements

The PC software does not support Windows XP.

2023.04 V1.0.1